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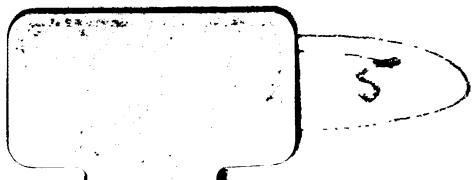
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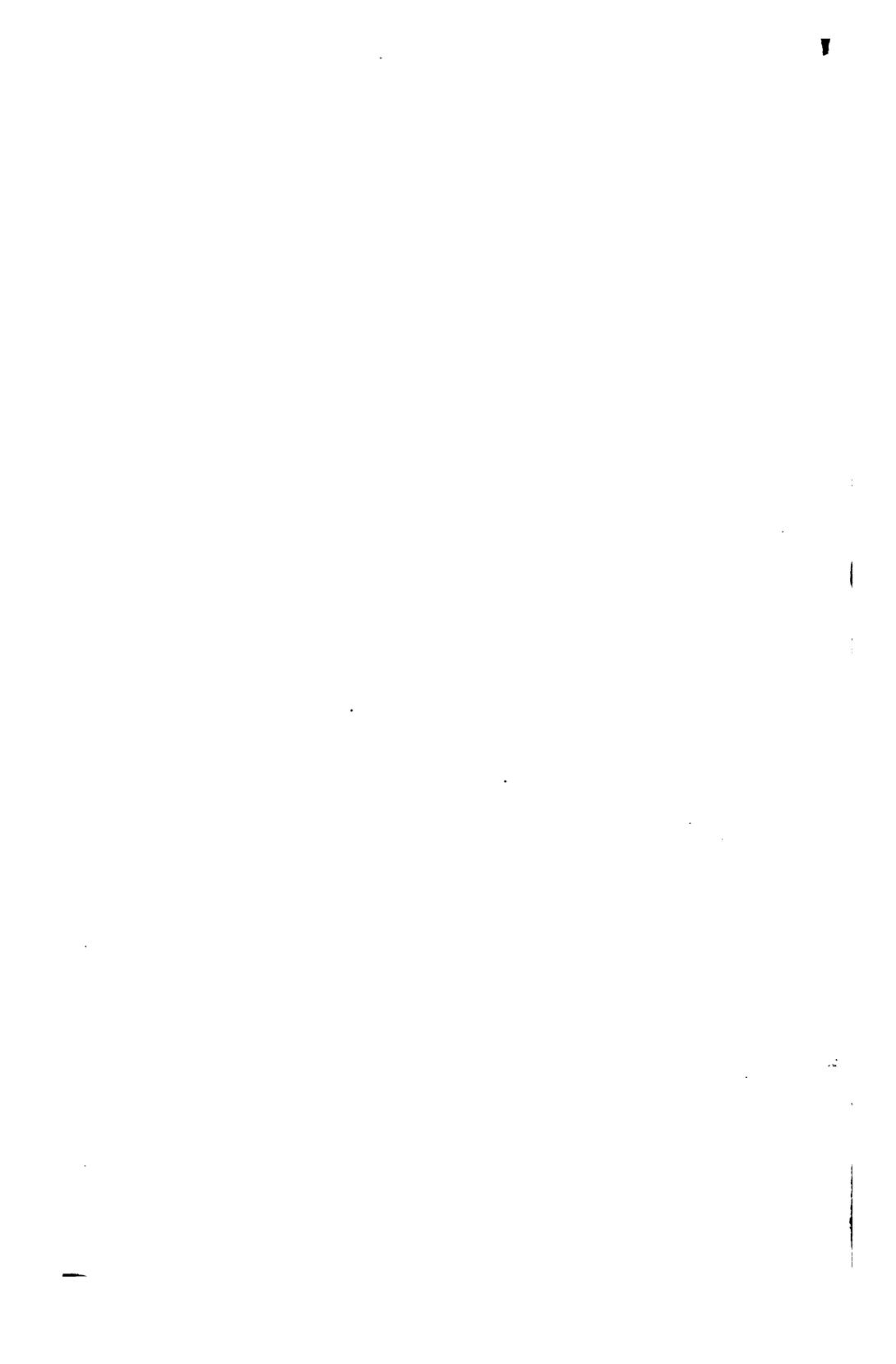
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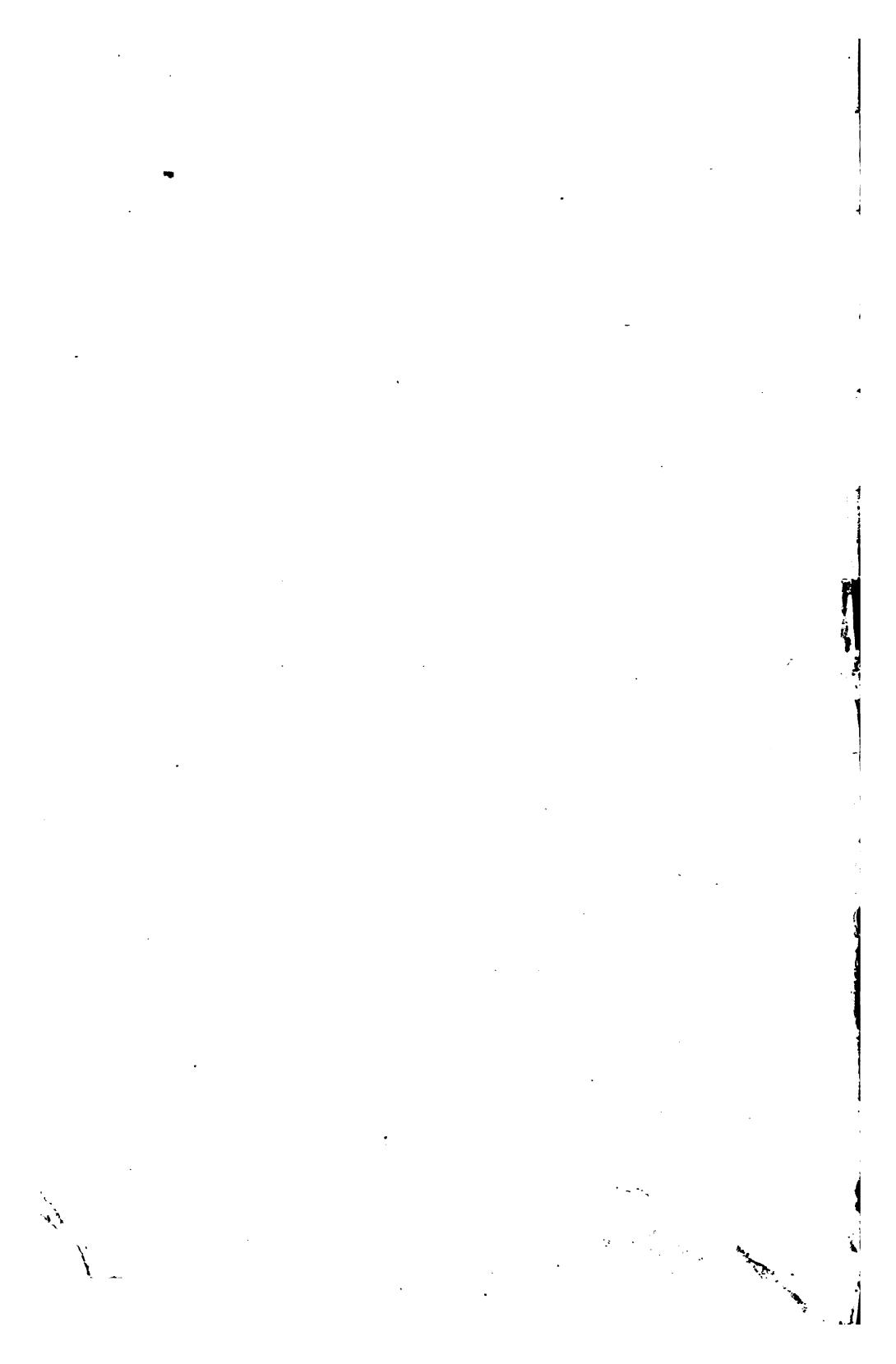
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# REPORT

ON

## THE SEARCH FOR SANSKRIT MSS.

IN

## THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY

DURING

THE YEAR 1882-83.

BY

R. G. BHANDARKAR, M.A.,

PROFESSOR OF ORIENTAL LANGUAGES, DECCAN COLLEGE.



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1884.

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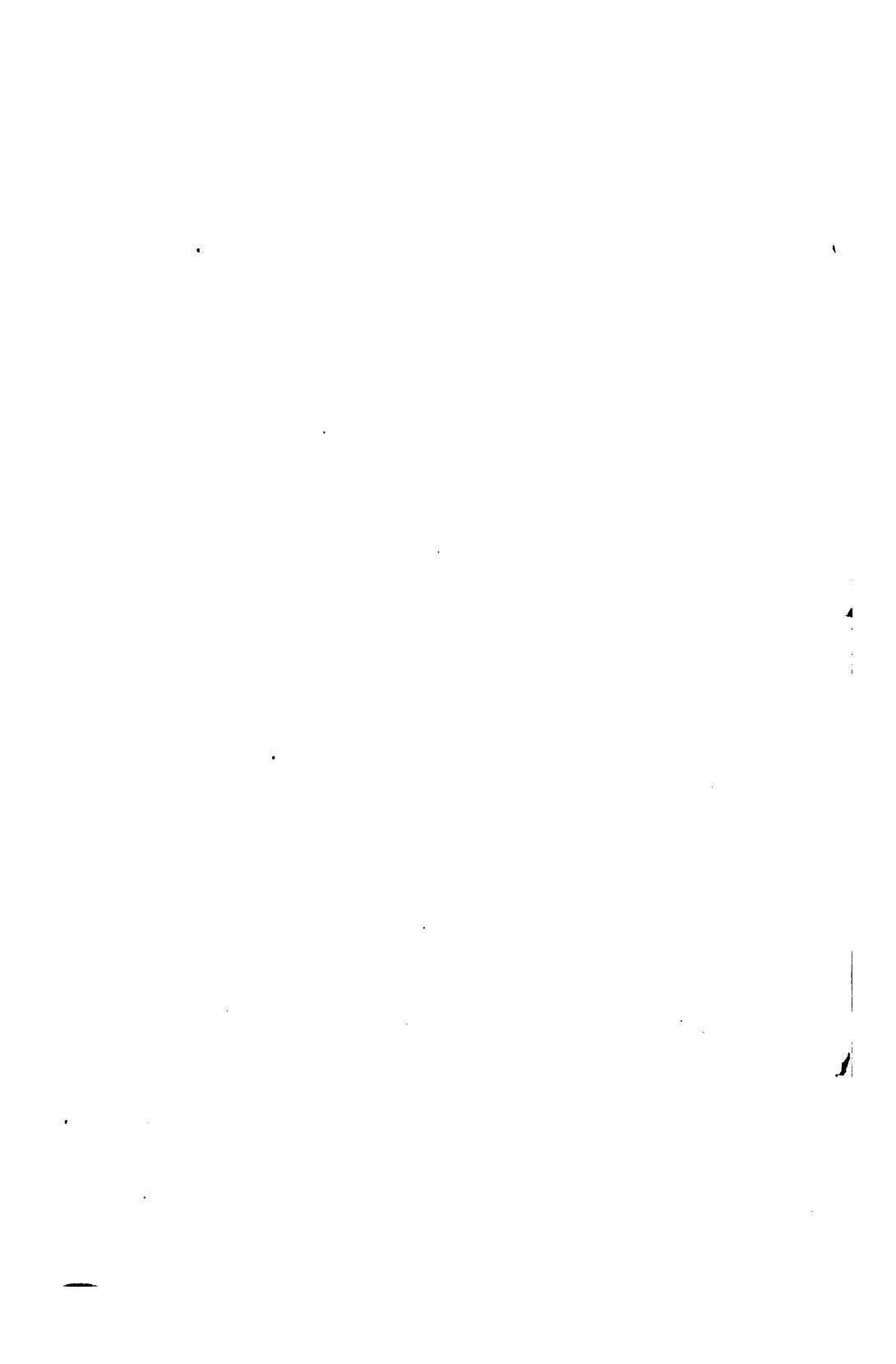
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## Corrections and Additions.

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- Page 19, line 19, for Ânandatirtha's Bhâratatâtptyanyanirñayanyâya-saṅgraha read the Bhâratatâtptyanyanirñaya-pramânasamgraha.
- Page 19, line 21, for his read Ânandatirtha's.
- Page 19, line 22, after (No. 711). read The Bhâratatâtptyanyanirñaya-pramânasamgraha is a collection of texts from the epics and Purânas supporting some of the statements of Ânandatîrtha in his Bhâratatâtptyanyanirñaya. The name of the author is not given.
- Page 19, line 8 from bottom, for twenty-four read twenty-three.
- Page 21, line 6, for The first four read The first three.
- Page 31, line 21, after Kauśika. add In a manuscript of the Jyoti-ratanamâla with the commentary of Mahâdeva existing in a private library at Nasik, occur a few verses at the end, in one of which the date of the composition of the commentary is given as 1185 Śaka or 1263 A. D. (U. 1., Appendix II.). S'ripati, therefore, must have lived previous to the latter half of the thirteenth century.
- Page 32, line 15, for Kumârsinha read Kumârasimha.
- Page 41, line 8, for DD. read JJ.
- Page 44, line 4 from bottom, for Châlukya race read Chaulukya race.
- Page 55, against No. 5, for Ashtakas VII. and VIII. read Ashtaka VIII., and under Remarks, add Leaf 1 belongs to a MS. of Ashtaka VII.
- Page 59, against No. 52, under Remarks, for Do. read Incomplete.
- Page 59, against No. 53, enter Saṁvat 1799.
- Page 59, against No. 65, Śântiparvan—Mokshadharma, under No. of leaves, for 277 read 217.
- Page 71, against No. 217, for Saṁvat 1656 read Saṁvat 1654.
- Page 72, against No. 223, under Author's Name, after Jagannâtha add Sarasvatî.
- Page 85, from against No. 394 under Author's Name transfer Trivikramabhâtta to against No. 393.
- Page 90, against No. 467, under Remarks, add Same work as No. 469.
- Page 93, against No. 502, under Name of Work, dele Chapters I.—III.  
b 904



No. 55 OF 1883.

*Deccan College, Poona,  
6th September, 1883.*

To

K. M. CHATFIELD, ESQUIRE,  
Director of Public Instruction, Poona.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit a report on the search for manuscripts during the year 1882-83 and on the state of the collections at present in my charge.

#### EXPENDITURE.

From the beginning of the official year to about the middle of September last I was in sole charge of the operations in connection with the search. Thereafter, the work, as well as the funds, were divided between Professor Peterson and myself. Out of the grant of Rs. 8,000 I had up to September spent Rs. 2,500, and the balance, after deducting Rs. 548 which had to be set apart for inscriptions, was Rs. 4,952. Out of this one-half or Rs. 2,476 was placed at the disposal of Professor Peterson and the other half was entrusted to me. Of this I spent Rs. 2,455-0-6, so that, in all, my expenses during the year amounted to Rs. 4,955-0-6. Manuscripts of the value of Rs. 439-0-9 paid for out of this amount were, as stated in the last year's report, included in the list then submitted, wherefore the results now to be reported have cost Government Rs. 4,515-15-9. Of this amount Rs. 3,473-13-0 were paid for the 772 manuscripts entered in the

accompanying list, and the remainder, Rs. 1,042-2-9, was spent on the salaries and travelling expenses of the agents and Sāstrins employed for collecting manuscripts and cataloguing private libraries.

*Number of manuscripts purchased in Gujarat and the Maratha Country.*—The catalogue which forms Appendix I. of this report is divided into two sections, in the first of which are entered manuscripts collected in Gujarat and in the second those purchased in the Maratha Country. The Gujarat section comprises Nos. 1—486 and the other, Nos. 487—772. I will now give a brief analysis of the collection noticing all the particulars of a literary and historical importance which from a hasty examination of the manuscripts I have been able to gather.

#### CLASS I.—VEDAS.

Under the head of Vedas including Upanishads are entered two complete copies of the Vājasaneyā Samhitā, one in each section, (Nos. 12, 13 and 495), and one of the Pada text of the Kāṇva Sākhā of that Veda, (No. 489). Nos. 3 and 4 are complete copies of two of the four principal song-books of the Sāma Veda. We have also in this class manuscripts of eight out of the fourteen Kāndas or divisions of the Satapatha Brāhmaṇa and double copies of some of them. No. 14 is a copy of a part of Īata's Bhāṣya or commentary on the Vājasaneyā Samhitā. The fragment begins in the middle of Chapter II. and extends up to about the end of Chapter XXI; but a good many intermediate leaves are wanting. No. 16 is a copy of the latter part of the same work and begins with Chapter XIX. and comes down to the end, one intermediate leaf only being lost. This was transcribed in the Samvat year 1431 corresponding to 1375 A.D. and is one of

the oldest paper manuscripts we possess. No. 14, and No. 15, which is another fragment of the first part extending from Chapters XII. to XVIII., also look as old if not older, though they bear no date. The date of No. 16 itself shows that Uata or Uvata, the author, must have flourished at least five hundred years ago; but there is a statement in that

manuscript as well as in No. 14  
Uata's date. which enables us to determine  
the precise period when he

lived. In the colophon of manuscripts of this author's works and at the end of some of the chapters a couplet occurs, in the first line of which the name of his father is given as Vajrata and the place where he lived as Anandapura. The sense of the second line of the couplet as it usually occurs in manuscripts of the Mantrabhāshya is : "this commentary on the Mantras was composed *after a mature deliberation of [the sense of] words and sentences.*" But in the manuscripts I am speaking about, instead of the words in Italics we have in several places "while Bhoja was ruling over the earth" or "while Bhoja was governing his kingdom." Anandapura has been identified with Vadānagar in Upper Gujarat, and though Hwan Thsang, the Chinese traveller, tells us that in his time the district in which the town was situated formed part of the kingdom of Mālvā, still it is questionable whether the town belonged to the kings of that country in the time of Bhoja, especially since a powerful kingdom had been established, a good many years before Bhoja came to the throne, at Anahilapattana not far from Vadānagar. But the point is placed beyond doubt by another couplet occurring at the end of the tenth Chapter of No. 14, in which Uata tells us that "he composed the Mantrabhāshya while living in Avantī and while Bhoja was ruling over the country." This shows that though Vajrata, the father of our author,

lived at Ânandapura, Úata himself lived in Mâlvâ at the time when he wrote his work. The Bhoja therefore mentioned by him must undoubtedly be the celebrated prince of that name who ruled over the country from about 996 to 1051 A. D. (See A., Appendix II.)

No. 487 is entitled *Ashṭottaraśatopanishad* or the hundred and eight Upanishads. Upanishads. The original Upanishads formed parts of the Vedas and these are really works of great antiquity ; but treatises of this nature gradually multiplied, many of them being devoted to the exaltation of particular deities and to the furtherance of such other sectarian objects. Most of them are referred to the Atharva Veda, a circumstance partially due to the fact that the literature belonging to this Veda was not clearly defined and specified by the ancient scholars of India. The number of Upanishads extant is now estimated at about 250. But at some period which cannot be very distant, 108 of these were chosen as the best and their names given in one of them entitled *Muktikopanishad* and their study enjoined. The Upanishads in our No. 487 are the same as those mentioned in the *Muktikopanishad* and are written and arranged exactly in the same order. But out of the 108, two—the Taittirîya and the Mantrika—have dropped out somehow, though their names are given in the table of contents attached to the manuscript. No. 10 in the Gujarat section also contains thirty-six treatises of this class and some of them are different from those enumerated in the *Muktikopanishad*. Lists of the Upanishads occurring in these two manuscripts are given in Appendix II. (See B). Besides these we have detached copies of several of them. It is not often that so many Upanishads are found in a single collection of manuscripts.

## CLASS II.—VEDĀNGAS AND SACRIFICIAL MANUALS.

In the class of Vedāngas and Sacrificial Prayogas or Manuals there is in the Gujarat section a copy of Devavajñika's Bhāshya or commentary on the Anukramanikā of the Vājasaneyā Sambhitā, (No. 25), and in the Maratha section a copy of two chapters of his commentary on Kātyāyana's sacrificial Sūtras, (Nos. 504 and 505). Of this last a copy of four chapters was procured by me last year. There is also a manuscript of the first three chapters of another Bhāshya on this Sūtra by an author whose name is not given. Last year's collection contained copies of the commentaries of Karka, Gadādhara, and Harihara, on Pāraskara's Grihya Sūtra and this year one of Jayarāma's commentary on the same, (No. 512), has been added. There are manuscripts of dependent treatises also such as the Pratijñā Sūtra, the Bhāshika Sūtra, Yājñavalkya Sikshā, &c., (Nos. 26, 28, and 513—521). In the Maratha section there are manuscripts of several sacrificial Manuals belonging principally to the Vājasaneyā Sakhā, (Nos. 522—541).

## CLASS III.—ITIHĀSAS, PURĀNAS, MĀHĀTMYAS AND STOTRAS.

The object in making collections of manuscripts is, I apprehend, not only to procure copies of rare works but also to secure materials for critical editions of such as though not rare are of great importance, or for the determination of the correct text of any particular passage in them whenever a weighty issue hangs on it. In making my purchases I have always this object in view. In the department of Itihāsas and Purānas therefore I have on no occasion rejected a good manuscript of the whole or a portion of the Mahābhārata offered for sale, though the work has

been printed once in Calcutta and twice in Bombay. But in all cases I paid a good deal less than the ordinary price. One copy of the Mahâbhârata was purchased in 1879 at the rate of one rupee for a thousand Slokas, and a copy of each of ten books of the epic with commentaries at the rate of Rs. 1-8-0. In this year's collection in the Gujarat section there are manuscripts of eleven books, two of which from the dates given in the colophon appear to be 300 years old. The others also look as old though they bear no dates. They were paid for at the rate of Rs. 1-8-0 ; (Nos. 56—67.) In the Maratha section there is a copy of the whole of the Mahâbhârata with the exception of the Sântiparvan or the twelfth book, and a copy of the Harivâinsha ; (Nos. 565, 566 and 579). These are about two hundred years old, and the price paid was Rs. 1-12-0 per thousand, which was the uniform rate at which a large lot of manuscripts was purchased at Nâsik. In this class there are also manuscripts of the Vâsishtha Râmâyana, the Mârkañdeya, the Vishnu and the Vâmana Purânas, and of a good many Mâhâtmyas of shrines or rivers, such as the Mâhâtmya of Jagannâtha in Orissa, of which we have two copies, one engraved on Tâla leaves and the other written on paper, and the Prabhâsa Mâhâtmya.

#### CLASS IV.—DHARMASÂSTRA OR RELIGIOUS AND CIVIL LAW.

As belonging to the Smriti branch of the literature of the Hindu Law, religious and civil, I have to announce the acquisition of a valuable commentary on the Manu Smriti by Râghavânanda, (No. 110). There are also old copies of the Yâjñavalkya Smriti and of Vîñâneśvara's commentary on it, the Mitâkshara, one of which was transcribed in Sainvat

1535 or 1479 A.D., that is more than 400 years ago, (No. 106). We have a somewhat mutilated manuscript of a work entitled *Jñānabhāskara*, (Nos. 96-97), which consists of a dialogue between Sūrya, the Sun deity, and Aruṇa, his charioteer, and another of that part of it which treats of the duties of widows. Of digests and manuals, which form an extensive branch of the modern literature of the subject we have an old copy of the *Madanapārijāta*, (No. 599), which is considered a work of much importance, and treatises on the domestic rites of the followers of the White Yajurveda entitled *Saṁskārabhāskara*, (Nos. 115 and 611), by *Khaṇḍabhaṭṭa*, the son of *Mayūreśvara*, and *Saṁskārapaddhati*, (Nos. 114 and 610), by *Gāṅgādhara*. *Madanapārijāta* is so called because its author *Viśveśvara* was patronized by a prince named *Madanapāla* whose history is given in the introduction to the work. This introduction Professor Aufrecht gives in his notice of the work in the Oxford Catalogue. Nos. 614, 615, and 618 are commentaries on works detailing the duties of the followers of *Madhvā*, the originals of which were written by *Madhvāchārya* himself. The last of these manuscripts contains the original also. Nos. 616 and 617 also belong to that sect. Besides other works which are well known we have a large number of manuscripts of rituals employed on special occasions.

#### CLASS V.—POEMS, PLAYS, FABLES, &c.

Among the poems and plays and the commentaries thereon collected this year may be mentioned a large fragment of *Ekanātha's* commentary on the *Kirātārjunīya*, (No. 136), eleven cantos of the *Raghuvamśadarpana* by *Hemādri*, (No. 161), an anonymous commentary on the first eight cantos of the *Kumārasambhava*, (No. 139), four different

glosses on the Meghadûta, (Nos. 157—160), a complete copy of a commentary on the Naishadhiya by Narahari, (No. 146), two commentaries on the Khaṇḍapraśasti, (Nos. 140 and 620), two old copies of Kâdambarî, (Nos. 134 and 135), a manuscript of the Pañchatantra more than five hundred years old, (No. 147), and two poems entitled Rukminiśavijaya and Tîrthaprabandha by Vâdirâjatîrtha with commentaries, (Nos. 622, 623, 632 and 633). There is a copy of the Madhvavijaya or the triumphant career of Madhva, (No. 627); but several of its leaves are missing. The last three works belong to the Mâdhva sect, and Vâdirâja, said to be the same as Kavîndra, was one of Ânandatîrtha's successors, being the eighth in the list given in Appendix II. He died in 1261 Saka or 1339 A.D. (C., Appendix II.)

One of the commentaries on the Khaṇḍapraśasti

Gangâdâsa and Narahari. is by Guṇavinaya, a Jaina, and the other by Gaṅgâdâsa, who

in a stanza at the end of each section gives Pochiya as the name of his father and Mahâlakshmi as that of his mother. He assumed the name of Jñânânanda after he had renounced the world and become a *sannyâsin* or recluse. The stanza is given by Professor Aufrecht in his notice of this work; but it is worthy of observation that the line in which his having become a recluse is mentioned occurs for the first time in the stanza at the end of his commentary on the Râma avatâra, or the seventh incarnation of Vishnu, so that he seems to have assumed that condition after he had finished his commentary on the first six avatâras or incarnations; (See D., Appendix II). The commentary on the Naishadhiya also contains at the end of each canto a stanza in which the author gives his name as Narahari and states that he was the son of one Svayambhû "whose feet were incessantly adored by

the king of Trilinga" by his wife Nālamā, and that he was treated with kindness by Vidyāranya, the Yigin, who probably was his *guru* or preceptor. The king of Trilinga or Telangana, alluded to here, must very likely be a prince of the Vijayanagara dynasty, and if the Vidyāranya mentioned by the writer was the same as Mādhava, who, when he renounced the world, assumed that name, our author flourished in the latter part of the fourteenth century during the reign of Harihara; (E., Appendix II).

Of the minor poems one is the Gīta-Rāghava

Minor poems. which is one of the several imitations of Jayadeva's Gīta-

Gīta-Rāghava. Govinda, the hero here being Rāma instead of Krishṇa.

Prabhākara. The author's name is Prabhā-

kara. He was the son of Bhūdhara, and wrote his work in Saṁvat 1674. Another small poem is the Bhāvaśataka by Nāgarāja. It consists of a hundred and one verses, some of them in the Prākrit, in each of which a certain person is represented to be doing a certain thing in a certain condition, and the reason why he or she does so or

Bhāvaśataka. the inner sense of the verse

Nāgarāja. is meant to be found out by the reader. It is, however,

given at the end of the verse. Nāgarāja, the author, is spoken of at the end of the poem as a king who was the ornament of the Tāka race and in whom the goddesses of Prosperity and Learning having ceased to quarrel lived in harmony with each other.

"He was the son of Jālaya (?) whose fame was sung by a host of bards and who was a praiseworthy offshoot of the Tāka race." Jālaya's father was Vidyādhara who belonged to the Kārpaya (?) gotra and obtained very great prosperity by worshiping the feet of Kedāra; (F., Appendix II). The

Tâka race here mentioned is probably the same as that to which Madanapâla, the patron of the author of the Madanapârijâta, noticed above, belonged. It was a family of petty Chiefs whose capital was, as stated in the introduction to the latter, a town of the name of Kâshthâ situated on the Yamunâ to the north of Delhi. Another small poem entitled

Bhairavaśâhanavarata-  
na.

Bhairavaśâha.

Bhairavaśâhanavara s a r a t n a,  
(No. 152), contains 41 verses  
depicting the nine Rasas or  
poetic sentiments. The hero

is a prince named Bhairavaśâha of the Râshtraudha or Râthor race, who was the son of Pratâpa and whose capital was Mayûrâdri; (G., Appendix II). In the Kirtikaumudi, a Pratâpamalla of the Râshtrakûta race is mentioned as a dependent of the Chaulukyas of Anahilapattana. Râshtrakûta is the Sanskrit form of Râshtraudha or Râthor, but whether this Pratâpamalla was the same as the father of our hero cannot be determined with certainty. Bhairavaśâha is in some of the verses called Bahirammaśâha which looks like a thoroughly Mahomedan name. But it is not impossible that a Rajput may have adopted it. We have also a copy

Râmaśataka.

Someśvara.

of a poem called Râmaśataka,  
(No. 166), which contains a  
hundred verses in praise of

Râma, the seventh incarnation of Vishnu. In a verse at the end, which is the 101st, we are told that the poem was composed by Someśvaradeva in half a Yâma or an hour and a half. Who this Someśvara was is not stated in the manuscript, but in another copy of the poem since procured he is represented as the Purohita or priest of 'Gûrjareśvara' or King of Gujarat. This Someśvara, therefore, was the same as the author of the Kirtikaumudi who was the chaplain or priest of Lavanaprasâda and his son Viradhabala, the founders of the Vâghelâ branch

of the Chaulukya dynasty of Gujarat ; and the line about the poem being written in half a *Yâma* occurs, word for word, in an inscription composed by him found at Dabhoi in the territory of the Gâikavâd ; (Kâthavaṭe's Kirtikaumudi, Intr., p. ix).

#### CLASS VI.—VYÂKARANA OR GRAMMAR.

In grammar I have to announce the acquisition of another copy of the Mahâbhâshya with the commentary of Kaiyâta, (No. 185). It wants the first Pâda only, but in other respects it is a very good manuscript. There is also a fragment of a commentary on the Siddhântakaumudi, (No. 189), by an author not much known named Râmakrishnâbhatta. The works of Bhattojîdîkshita and Nâgojîbhatta with their commentaries, which, along with a portion of the Mahâbhâshya, are exclusively studied by modern Pandits who devote themselves to grammar, are also well represented in this year's collection as they were in last year's. Of works belonging to other systems of grammar we have Bopadeva's Kavikalpadruma and a voluminous commentary on the Sârasvata by Râmabhâtta, the son of Narasimha, and another entitled Sâradipikâ, both of which however are incomplete, (Nos. 193 and 194).

#### CLASS VII.—KOŚAS OR LEXICONS.

Among the Kośas or lexicons collected this year there is a manuscript of Halâyudha, four hundred years old, (No. 645), and a copy of the Anekârtha-tilaka by Mahîpa, (No. 202). In the Gujarat section there is a manuscript entitled Anekârthadhvani-mañjari, (No. 199), and in the Maratha section, another entitled Nânârthamañjari, (No. 648). On examination I find that they are both copies of the same work. In No. 199, the name of the author is given as Mahâchhapaṇaka, *chha* being put for *ksha*, and the work is referred to the Kâśmir *dmndya* or

Kāśmir literature. In the group of Jaina works there is a copy of the Siddhaśabdārṇava by Sahajakīrti, a lexicon that is quoted by Mallinātha and mentioned by other writers, (No. 466).

#### CLASS VIII.—POETICS AND METRICS.

In the class of Poetics and Metrics we have a mutilated copy of a work unknown before entitled Kāvyālankāraśiṣuprabodha by Puñjarāja, (No. 210), an old manuscript of Rudrabhaṭṭa's Śringāratilaka, two copies of the Kāvyaprakāśa with fragments of commentaries, two works of Appayadīkshita, and Bhānudatta's Rasataraṅgiṇī, of which about a leaf

Puñjarāja, author of the Kāvyālankāraśiṣuprabodha is wanting at the end, and his Rasamañjari. Puñjarāja was the son of Jīvanendra and is spoken of as the ornament of the Mālava circle and as belonging to the family of Srimāla. He is, therefore, the same as the author of

Dhvanipradīpa, another work of the same. the commentary on the Sārasvata grammar. Puñjarāja mentions another larger work of his, entitled Dhvanipradīpa; (H., Appendix II).

In the sixth chapter of the Rasataraṅgiṇī, Bhānudatta excuses himself from giving details about certain points because he says they are given in the Rasamañjari. From this it is clear that the author of both was the same; but there is some question as to his native country. In Professor Aufrecht's copy of the Rasamañjari it is spoken of as 'Vidarbhabhūḥ,' or the land of the Vidarbhas, and the manuscript before me agrees with his. But Dr. Burnell in his Catalogue of the Tanjor Manuscripts calls him Maithila Bhānudatta, i. e., Bhānudatta, the native of Mithilā, and the copy of the Rasamañjari purchased by me in 1879 and another procured since the close of the year have Videhabhūḥ instead of Vidarbha-

bhûh, i.e., the land of the Videhas of which Mithilâ was the capital. That Vidarbhabhûh is a mislection is shown by the fact that the author represents the river of the gods or the Ganges as flowing through his country ; while the country of the Vidarbas, which corresponds to the modern Berars, is situated to the south of the Narmadâ.

The commentary which accompanies our Rasa-mañjari is called Vyaṅgyâr-thakaumudî and was composed by Ananta Pandita, the son of Tryambaka Pandita. The father of this last was Bâlo Pandita and his again was Nilakantha Pandita. The family lived at Punyastambha, the vernacular Puntâmbem, situated on the river Gautamî or Godâvarî. Puntâmbem is a town in the Ahmadnagar District. The commentary was written at Kâśî or Benares in the year 1692 for Chandrabhânu, who was king of Kâśî at the time. Chandrabhânu was the son of Vîrasenadeva and grandson of Madhukaraśâha who was the son of Kâśirâja. The date given by the author must be understood as referring to the Vikrama era ; for if we take the era to be the Saka, the Vikrama year corresponding to 1692 Saka will be 1827, while the manuscript itself was transcribed in 1817 Vikrama.

There are in this class incomplete manuscripts of Pingala's Prâkrit Prosody.

#### CLASS X.—VEDÂNTA.

*Saṅkarâchârya's system.*—Our acquisitions in the department of the Vedânta have been very valuable this year. First, we have Saṅkarâchârya's Works based on the Upanishads.

Bhâshyas or commentaries on the Brîhadâranyaka and seven other Upanishads, (Nos. 247 and 227—230), and Nârâyana's Dîpikâs or glosses on forty-six treatises of that class, (No. 233); (J., Appendix II.). Then there is a copy of Ânandajñâna's gloss, (No. 248), on Saṅkarâchârya's Bhâshya on the Brîhadâranyaka, of the Vârtika or commentary in verse, (No. 249), on the same Bhâshya by Sureśvarâchârya who was a pupil of Saṅkarâchârya, and of a commentary on the fourth chapter of this Vârtika by Ânandajñâna, (No. 250). Similarly there are copies of Saṅkarâchârya's exposition of the Mahâvâkyas, or the great Upanishad texts declaratory of the identity between the supreme and the individual souls, (Nos. 256 and 661). We have also got Ânandajñâna's

voluminous commentary, (No.  
Works based on the 266), on Saṅkarâchârya's  
Brahmasûtra.

Bhâshya on the Brahmasûtra which is very valuable and which I now use for my lectures on the Bhâshya, a portion of which has to be got up by students who take up English and Sanskrit as an optional subject for the B.A. Examination. I may also mention a copy of the second half of the Saṅkshepaśârîraka, or substance of Saṅkarâchârya's Bhâshya, (No. 268), by Sarvajñâtmân who was a pupil of Sureśvarâchârya and grandpupil of Saṅkarâchârya. There is also a copy of a commentary by one Râmatîrtha, (No. 269), on the fourth or last chapter of this work.

In a stanza at the end of the Saṅkshepaśârîraka A prince of the race of Manu, the author tells us that he wrote his work while “the prosperous king, the Âditya or sun of the race of Manu, who belonged to a Kshatriya family and whose orders were nowhere disobeyed, was ruling over the earth.” Who this Âditya of the race of Manu was, it is difficult to determine. But princes of the early Châlukya dynasty which ruled

over the Deccan from the Narmadâ to Mysore spoke of themselves as belonging to the Mânavya gotra or, as the word might be interpreted, to "the race of Manu;" and there were several of them the second part of whose name was Âditya, such as Vikramâditya, Vinayâditya, and Vijayâditya. But the sovereignty of the country was wrested from them by another family known by the name of the Râshtrakûtas before the Saka year 675 or 753 A.D.; while Saṅkarâchârya, the preceptor of our author's teacher Sureśvara, is said to have been born in 710 Saka or 788 A.D. The Châlukyas, however, were not exterminated by the Râshtrakûtas and they probably governed a small province as their dependents. But our information with regard to them after the extinction of their power is very scanty. There were two princes among them of the name of Vikramâditya, and perhaps Sarvajñâtmân alludes to one of these. If, however, the description given by him is considered hardly applicable to a minor chief and the family of Manu spoken of by him was really the early Châlukya dynasty, Saṅkarâchârya's date must be pushed backwards to about the year 680 A.D. so as to place his grandpupil in the reign of at least the last king whose name terminated in the word Âditya, *viz.*, Vikramâditya II. Vikramâditya II. ceased to reign in Saka 669 or A.D. 747. If, on the other hand, we place Sarvajñâtmân in the reign of the first prince whose name terminated in the word Âditya, *i. e.* Vikramâditya I., who was a powerful monarch and who ceased to reign in Saka 601 or 679 A. D., Saṅkarâchârya must be referred to about the end of the sixth century. (K., Appendix II.)

Among the Vedântic works based on Purânic originals may be noticed the Works based on Purânic originals. Yajñavaibhavakhanda, (No. 666), with a commentary by

Mâdhavâchârya, the pupil of Samkarânanda, and the Brahmagîtâ said to form a part of the same Khânda with a commentary by the same author, (No. 260). Of those based on episodes of the Mahâbhârata we have Samkarâchârya's Bhâshya or authoritative commentary on the Bhagavadgîtâ, one copy of which is 472 years old, (No. 252), and his Bhâshya on the Vishnusahasranâma. Of the independent treatises on the subject composed by the great teacher we have copies of eight, most of them with commentaries (Nos. 225, 231, 232, 243, 244, 261, 656, 667), and of those composed by his followers we have ten (Nos. 222—224, 235, 237, 238, &c.).

*System of Madhva.*—In the Maratha section of the collection there are fifty-five manuscripts (Nos. 668—722) of forty-four different works expounding the system of the Vedânta promulgated by Madhva who is also known by the names of Ânandatîrtha, Pûrnaprajña and Madhyamandâra. Ânandatîrtha was the first pontiff or head of the con-

Succession list of the  
High-priests of the  
sect.

gregation he founded, and the members of his sect have kept a regular list of his successors to the present day together with

the dates of their death. Copies of the list however found in the possession of different persons differ from each other in a few respects. It appears that in the older lists the year of the cycle of sixty years in which each High-priest died was alone given, and from this was determined the Saka year. But this method is uncertain and liable to error if in any case the pontificate of any one of these extended over more than 60 years. I have compared three lists, one from Poona, another from Miraj, and the third lithographed at Belgaum, and found that the principal disagreement between the last two is due to this source. The second however appears to

be correct, since the third assigns to two successive pontiffs, i.e., the eleventh and the twelfth,

Ānandatīrtha's date. sixty and fifty-eight years.

The results of the comparison are given in L., Appendix II. It will be seen from the list there given that Ānandatīrtha died in Saka 1119 corresponding to 1197 A.D.

The system founded by Ānandatīrtha is so bitterly hostile to that of Saṅkarāchārya that its followers consider the latter teacher to be an incarnation of a Daitya or demon whose object was to deceive mankind. According to Saṅkara's system the world is an unreality and the only reality is an uncondi-

tioned and blissful soul. All conditions or limitations of which our soul is conscious, all

feeling, even the sense of individuality, and the external world, arise from the development of a certain principle which consists of ignorance and which represents the soul as otherwise than what it really is and generates mere appearances. When this principle is got rid of, the soul is free from all limitations and the appearances are dissolved, and being free from all misery, it resumes its pristine condition. This doctrine is condemned in unqualified terms by Madhva and his followers who maintain that the world is real, the feeling of individuality which separates one soul from another and from the inanimate world represents something that is real, God as different from the individual souls and from the world is real, that the relation between the individual soul and God is like that between a servant and his master, and that by worshipping and serving this master the individual soul is exalted and becomes like God in most respects. These are the speculative doctrines of Madhva. Practically he enjoins the worship of

Vishnu who is represented as the supreme God.

The Vedânta has what are called three Pras-  
The three Prasthânas. thânas or sources (literally,  
shads, the Brahmasûtra by Bâdarâyaña, and the  
Bhagavadgîtâ and such other episodes from the  
Mahâbhârata and the Purâñas. Hence it is necessary  
that each system should have its own way of inter-  
preting these treatises; and accordingly each has  
its own Bhâshyas or authoritative commentaries on  
them. The works of Samkarâchârya on these three  
sets of originals existing in our collection have been  
noticed, and I shall now proceed to examine those

of Ânandatîrtha. Out of the  
Works based on the forty-four works mentioned  
Upanishads. above seven are Ânandatîrtha's  
Bhâshyas on seven of the principal Upanishads, two  
of them having glosses by two of his successors.  
Our manuscript of the Bhâshya on the Brîhadârañ-

Works based on the yaka, which is the largest of the  
Brahmasûtra. Upanishads, is incomplete. We  
have a copy of Ânandatîrtha's  
Bhâshya on the Brahmasûtra, (Nos. 704—706),  
of what is called his Anuvyâkhyâna of it which  
is of the nature of an independent treatise expounding  
the contents of the Sûtra, (No. 709), and of the  
Anubhâshya or a summary of the Sûtra, (No. 708).  
Ânandatîrtha's treatises are generally very short,  
but there are large commentaries on them, principally  
by Jayatîrtha, the sixth

Jayatîrtha. in the succession list who died  
in 1190 Saka or 1268 A.D. Jayatîrtha's name before  
he was raised to the pontifical seat was Dhondo  
Raghunâtha, and he was a native of Maṅgalavedheim  
near Pandharpur. In the collection there are manu-  
scripts of Jayatîrtha's commentary on the Brahma-  
sûtra Bhâshya entitled Tattvaprakâśikâ, (No.  
679), and of two commentaries on this again one

entitled *Abhinavachandrikā*, (No. 669), by Satyanāthaśatīrtha, the twentieth in the succession list who died in Saka 1595, and the other called *Tātparyanirnaya* by Vyāsayati the fifteenth, who died in Saka 1481, (No. 691). The first two, however, come down to the end of the second chapter, there being four in all, and the third is but a fragment. Jayatīrtha's commentary on the *Anuvyākhyāna* is called *Nyāyasudhā*, of which we have got about one-half, (No. 695). No. 713 is a copy of the *Bhāvaprakāśa*, a commentary by Nṛsiṁha on the last of Ānandatīrtha's works on the *Brahmasūtra*, the *Anubhāṣya*.

Works based on Pūrāṇic originals. The works in our collection of Ānandatīrtha's school on the

third source of the Vedānta are three, viz., a commentary on the *Bhagavadgītā*, (No. 677), not by Ānandatīrtha but by Vidyādhīrāja, the immediate successor of Jayatīrtha, who died in 1254 Saka or 1332 A.D., Ānandatīrtha's *Bhāratatātparyanirnayanyāyasamgraha*, (No. 712), and a small fragment of his *Bhāgavatātātparyanirnaya*, (No. 711).

Independent works of Madhvā. Of the independent works of Madhvāchārya we have ten with the commentaries

of Jayatīrtha and in some cases a gloss on these latter by Vyāsatīrtha. One of the most important of these is the *Vishṇutattvanirnaya*, of Jayatīrtha's commentary on which we have two copies, (Nos. 719—721). Two more works of Ānandatīrtha have been noticed in connection with *Dharmaśāstra*, so that we have copies of twenty-four out of the thirty-seven works attributed to him in certain memorial verses which are given in M., Appendix

II. We have also manuscripts of eight independent works written by the followers of Madhvā, and No. 275 in the

Gujarat section also belongs to this school.

*System of Râmânuja and Nimbârka.*—Another system of the Vedânta was founded by Râmânuja in the south and by Nimbârka who was a southern Brâhman. The doctrines of these teachers are not much different. According to them there is a unity of substance as well as plurality. The individual souls and the inanimate world form one substance with God in so far as he animates them. He is the soul of our souls and the soul of the world, and these are his body; and as the human soul with the human body forms one individual, so does the supreme soul with his body, viz., the world and the dependent souls, form one substance. Thus we have unity. But plurality also is true in so far as the distinction between the three—the supreme soul, the dependent souls, and the world—is never obliterated. Practically, Râmânuja enjoins the worship of Nârâyaña generally, but Nimbârka seems to have attached particular importance to the Kriñna incarnation and in this respect was a precursor of Vallabhâchârya. We have no work expounding Nimbârka's system in the collection, but there is a manuscript of a tract entitled the *Sishtagîtâ*, (No. 83), in which all great persons from Brahmâ, Siva, and Vyâsa down to Bhaṭṭojidîkshita and Chaitanya are represented as having held a meeting at Kâsi and extolled the doctrines of Nimbârka and recommended them to all mankind. According to one of the speakers all inconsistent doctrines finally resolve themselves into those of Nimbârka as rain-water wherever it may drop finally reaches the ocean and is absorbed in it. There is a copy of another work belonging to the sect entitled *Harigurustavamâlâ*, (No. 84), which contains Stotras referring to Vishnu in one or more of his forms and to the

*gurus* or leaders of the sects. In connection with

Succession list of the High-priests. one of the latter sort a succession list of the High-priests is given which contains forty names up to Govindadeva, the author of the work ; (N., Appendix II.). The first four of these are mythological persons. The thirtieth from Nimbârka is a

Keśava Kâśmirin, the author of a Sûtra-  
bhâshya. Keśava Kâśmirin who wrote a Bhâshya on the Vedântasûtra. It is published in the eighth volume of

the Benares Journal, the Pañdit. In the introduction Keśava renders his obeisance to Nimbârka and speaks of Śrîuvâsa, his immediate successor, as the author of the principal Bhâshya. He also mentions Sunda-rabhatṭa and others occurring in our succession list and his preceptor Mukunda.

*System of Vallabhâchârya*.—Of the latest system of the Vedânta, that founded by Vallabhâchârya, we have copies of five works (Nos. 270—274).

#### CLASS XI.—THE NYÂYA AND VAIŚEŠHIKA SYSTEMS.

The founder of the Nyâya system was Gautama of whose Sûtra No. 748 is a Commentaries on the Sûtras. copy. The Bhâshya or authorised commentary on this is that by Vâtsyâyana, a manuscript of which was purchased by me in 1879. In the present collection there is a fragment equal to about one-fourth of the whole of a more modern commentary entitled Nyâyarahasya, (No. 743), by Râmabhadra who represents himself as the son of Bhatṭâchâryachûdâmani. This person was in all probability the same as Jânakinâthabhattâchâryachûdâmani, the author of the Nyâyasiddhântamafijari, to be

hereafter mentioned. The Sūtra of Gautama and that of Kaṇāda, the founder of a kindred system, the Vaiśeshika, are however rarely studied in modern times. The literature of the two systems, the study of a portion of which at least is considered indispensable to one who wishes to become a Naiyāyika or Nyāya Pandit, was developed in Bengal during the last six or seven hundred years.

Literature centering itself round the Tattvachintāchintāmani. It centres principally round one book entitled *Tattvachintāchintāmani* by Gaṅgeśamahopādhyāya. Of the first and fourth

part of this we have manuscripts in the present collection, (Nos. 731 and 732), and of a large portion of the third in addition to these two, in last year's. There is a commentary on this work entitled *Chintāmaniprakāśa* by Ruchidatta who speaks of himself in one place as a pupil of Jayadeva, probably the same as the author of another commentary called *Āloka*, and in another as having learnt the whole Sāstra or system from a number of teachers. There is a copy of the first part of this work, (No. 279), and another of the second part, (No. 278), amongst our acquisitions of this year. This commentary, however, is very rarely read, and the one generally studied in modern times is that entitled *Dīdhiti* by Raghunāthaṭhaṭṭaśiromāṇi, of the second part or *Anumānakhaṇḍa* of which we have a copy, (No. 740). We have also manuscripts of the *Anumānakhaṇḍa* or inference portion of Mathurānātha's commentary on Gaṅgeśa's work, (Nos. 757—759), and of the *Pratyakshakhaṇḍa* or first part and the *Sabda* or fourth of the same in last year's collection. The *Dīdhiti* again has been commented on by this same Mathurānātha who represents himself as the son of Rāma, by Jagadīśa, by Bhavānanda, and by Gadādhara, and the *Āloka* mentioned above by the first and the *Sabda* or fourth

portion of it by the last. All these are largely represented in this and last year's collections. These commentaries instead of elucidating the system have in a sense mystified it.

Nature of that Literature.

The great object and aim of the writers is accuracy of thought and speech. But to attain this they have invented a very difficult and artificial terminology and by its means seek to define every thing they are concerned with in their branch of learning in a manner to obviate all possible objections, howsoever flimsy and ridiculous. Their definitions have thus become unwieldy and usually consist of an extremely long compound and are unintelligible to all except the initiated. Still the end they seek to attain is good, and their method is to a certain extent worthy of adoption, especially in its application to grammar or to the accurate determination of the sense of words and sentences, (*Sabdakhandā*). Whatever is useful in their mode of treatment can however be acquired by studying the little manuals on the *Nyāya* and *Vaiśeshika* systems with some of their smaller commentaries, and these I shall now proceed to notice.

One of the larger manuals is the *Nyāyasiddhānta*

Manuals of the *Nyāya* and *Vaiśeshika* systems with commentaries. *Nyāyasiddhāntatamañjarī* by Jānakinātha-bhaṭṭāchāryachūḍāmaṇi, of which Nos. 745 and 746 are copies. There is another and commentaries.

in my collection of 1879. A valuable commentary on this is the *Tarkaprakāśa* by Śrīkanṭha or Sitikanṭha, a fragment of which we have in this collection, (No. 737), but a complete copy in that of 1879. The *Naiyāyika* of modern times, whose study of the works of Mathurānātha, Jagadiṣa, and Gadādhara is restricted to the parts on *Anumāna* or inference and *Sabda* or interpretation, derives his knowledge of the *Pratyakshakhandā*

or the first part from the Tarkaprakâśa. Another commentary on the work is by Śrîkrishnanyâya-vâgîśabhaṭṭâchârya, of the Sabdakhaṇḍa of which No. 747 is a copy; and No. 742 is a small fragment

Bhâshâparichchhedâ and commentaries. of a third entitled Nyâyaratnâvalî. The Bhâshâparichchhedâ by Viśvanâthapañchânanâ is another manual which is always studied along with the Siddhântamuktâvalî, a commentary on it by the author himself. There are two copies of the first, (Nos. 288 and 727), and one of the second, (No. 292), in our collection. Another work of this nature is the Padârthamâlâ of Jayarâmapañchânanâ, of which we have a fragment, (No. 753).

Of the smaller manuals the Tarkasamgraha is

The Smaller Manuals. Tarkasamgraha and commentaries. the one generally studied. It has a great many commentaries of which we have two, the Tarksamgrahadîpikâ, (No.

738), attributed to the author of the manual himself, and the Tarkachandrikâ by Vaidyanâtha Gâdgila, (No. 736). The Tarkâmrita of Jagadîśa, the Saptapadârthî of Sivâditya and the Tarkabhâshâ of Keśavamiśra are similar works; but the last follows the system of Gautama. On the first there is a

Tarkâmrita and com- mentaries. commentary called Tarkâmritachashaka by Gaṅgârâma Jaḍi

pupil of Nîlakanṭha, and son of the daughter of Dinakara the author of the Muktâvalîprakâśa, a commentary on the work of Viśvanâtha noticed above. No. 277 is a commentary on this Chashaka, apparently by the author himself, without the original. Gaṅgârâma states that his work was looked over by his grandfather; (O., Appendix II.). Another commentary on the Tarkâmrita entitled the Tarkâmritataranginî is in my collection for 1879. The Padârthachandrikâ by Seshânanta, of which we

have two good copies, (Nos. 286 and 287), is a com-

Saptapadârthî and Saptapadârthî, and there is a commentary on the second, the commentaries.

Nrisimha of which we have a small fragment, (No. 750). Another commentary in the collection on Sivâditya's manual is by a Jaina named Jinavardhanasûri, (No. 291), and a third entitled Mitabhâshinî by Mâdhava Sarasvatî is among the manuscripts collected by me in 1879. Jinavardhanasûri

Jinavardhanasûri's date. is represented in the colophon to have been the successor of

Jinarâjasûri, High-priest of the Kharataragachchha; (P., Appendix II.). Jinarâja died in 1461 Samvat or 1405 A.D., and Jinavardhana occupied the seat vacated by him till 1475 Samvat when he was deposed on account of his having transgressed one of the vows; (Ind. Ant., Vol. XI., p. 249). Jinavardhana appears to have been a zealous student of the Nyâya. Among the palmleaf manuscripts in our collections, No. 28 of 1880-81 which is a copy of Udayana's Tâtptyapariśuddhi is stated at the end to have belonged to Jinavardhanasûri the successor of Jinarâjasûri, and the year there given is 1471 Samvat; (Prof. Kielhorn's Report for 1880-81, p. 19). Sivâditya the author of the Saptapadârthî commented on by Jinavardhana, must thus have flourished before the fifteenth century. The third manual or

Tarkabhâshâ and Tarkabhâshâ has been commented on by Govardhanamiśra, Mâdhavabhatta, and Chinnabhatta. Govardhanamiśra was the son of Balabhadra and his wife Vijayaśrî, and had two elder brothers named Padmanâbha and Viśvanâtha. He was the pupil of Kesavamiśra, the author of the work on which he has commented; (Q., Appendix II). Of Govardhanamiśra's work we have two copies, (Nos. 282 and

Chinnabhatta's date. 283), and one of that of Chinnabhatta, (No. 284), and of that of Chinnabhatta, (No. 285). The last is called Tarkabhāshāprakāśikā. Chinnabhatta was the son of Sahajasarvajña and the younger brother of Sarvajña and was patronized by Harihara, king of Vijayanagara. He thus lived in the latter part of the fourteenth century, and the Tarkabhāshā therefore commented on by him must have been considerably older.

#### CLASS XII.—JYOTISHA.

The Hindu Jyotisha is divided into three branches Three branches entitled Siddhānta, Samhitā, and Horāśāstra. The first is (Skandhas). also called Ganita and comprehends Mathematics and Astronomy proper; the second embraces a variety of miscellaneous subjects,—science, astrology, alchemy, portents, omens, &c.—and the third comprises Horoscopy or Jātaka and Tājika or judicial astrology and divination. Of works belonging to the first branch we have a copy of the Siddhantas or Ganita. Sūryasiddhānta, (No. 360), and of the Brahmasiddhānta in six chapters described as forming the Śākalyasamhitā, (No. 345). There is also a manuscript of the first Bhāskarāchārya's works. part of Bhāskarāchārya's Siddhāntasiromāṇi, (No. 357), and of the Golādhyāya or the fourth chapter with the author's annotations entitled Vāsanābhāshya, (No. 358). This last manuscript was transcribed in Samvat 1576 or A.D. 1520. We have three copies of Karanakutūhala. this author's Karanakutūhala, a work which expounds methods of various astronomical calculations, and among them that of determining the positions of the Sun, Moon, and Planets at any given time from their positions

on a certain day in a certain year, (Nos. 293—295). This year or epoch in the present work is, as is well

known, 1105 Saka or 1183 A.D.,  
Date of the work, and Bhāskarāchārya was born  
Saka 1105.

in 1036 Saka as he himself tells  
us in the Siddhāntasiromāṇi which he wrote in the  
thirty-sixth year of his age. The methods given in  
Karaṇas differ from those given in the Siddhāntas in  
this, that while the latter use as an epoch the begin-  
ning of a Kalpa or a fabulous period of an extremely  
long duration, and consequently involve tedious  
multiplications and divisions, the former take their  
start from a certain year of the Saka era as an epoch  
and are less cumbrous. The astronomical data are  
the same as those given in the Siddhāntas. Our  
author's Karaṇa follows the data given in the Brah-

masiddhānta and is hence called  
Brahmatulya.      Brahmatulya or "like the Brah-  
ma." There are three other copies of the Karaṇa  
with the commentaries of Sodhala, Padmanābha, and  
Śaṅkarakavi, the pupil of Harsharatna, (Nos. 296—  
298). Our manuscript of the first was transcribed in  
1519 Samvat or 1463 A.D., i.e., 280 years after the  
work had been composed by Bhāskarāchārya. The  
last commentator exemplifies the author's rules by

making actual calculations for  
Śaṅkarakavi's date, the Saka year 1541 or 1619  
Saka 1541.

A.D., which therefore is the date  
of his work. Śaṅkarakavi mentions Śrīpati, Brah-  
mārka, and Keśava to be noticed below; (R., Appen-  
dix II). No. 344 is an anonymous work containing calcula-  
tions according to Bhāskara's

rules for the Saka year 1523.  
No. 303 is entitled Khetaka-

siddhi or methods of astronomical calculations  
and its epoch year is 1500 Saka or 1578 A.D.  
The author's name is Dinakara who also wrote a

Brahmatulyatippaṇa,  
Saka 1523.

Khetakasiddhi, Saka  
1500.

small tract called *Chandrārki*, of which No. 308 is a copy. No. 346 is a manuscript of a *Karana* by Dâmodara, the pupil of Padmanâbha, based on the astronomical data given by Âryabhaṭa, and hence it is called *Bhatatulya*. Dâmodara's epoch is 1339 Saka corresponding to 1417 A.D., and the manuscript is dated 1559 Samvat or 1503 A.D.; (S., Appendix II.).

Śrinâtha's *Graha-chintâmani*, Saka 1512. No. 304 is the *Grahachintâmani* by Śrinâtha son of Râma and younger brother of Raghu-nâtha; and the year used as an epoch is 1512 Saka. This Râma was probably the same as the author of the *Muhûrtachintâmani*. There is also a copy of Brahmadeva's *Karana*. another *Karana* entitled *Karanaprakâśa*, (No. 299), by Brahmadeva, son of Chandrabhaṭṭa. But its first leaf is lost and that of another manuscript substituted in its place; hence its epoch cannot be easily made out. Amongst a number of manuscripts, however, since collected in the Maratha country, I found the first two or

Saka 1014. three leaves of a copy of this *Karana*, and these have been added to No. 299. From the first two verses, I gather that Brahmadeva follows the astronomical data given by Âryabhaṭa and the Saka year used by him as an epoch is 1014; (T., Appendix II.). This, therefore, is the oldest of the *Karanas* in the present collection.

There is in the collection a copy of the *Graha-lâghava*, (No. 306), with the illustrative commentary of Viśvanâtha. This is the work that is ordinarily used by the Hindu astronomers and astrologers of the day. The author's name is Ganeśa, who was the son of Keśava, himself the author of a *Jâtakapaddhati* to be men-

Ganeśa's *Grahalâghava* with Viśvanâtha's commentary.

tioned below and other works. They belonged to Ganeśa, native of the Kauśika Gotra and lived Nāndgāmīv near Jañjirā. at Nandigrāma which name is Nāndgāmīv in the vernacular.

This is placed by Colebrooke near Devagiri, the modern Daulatābād, that is, he identifies this Nāndgāmīv with a town of that name in the Nāsik District on the G. I. P. Railway line. But in the manuscript before me I find a statement of Ganeśa himself that his Nandigrāma was situated in Aparānta which is the Sanskrit name for Northern Konkan, and the commentator mentions in the introduction that it was situated near the sea-coast (U., Appendix II). Ganeśa's Nandigrāma, therefore, is the Nāndgāmīv which is about four miles to the north of Jañjirā and forty miles to the south of Bombay and is now in the

Śaka 1442. territory of the Habasi Chief.

The epoch year in Ganeśa's Grahalāghava is 1442 Śaka corresponding to 1520 A.D., and the year for which the illustrative calculations are made by Viśvanātha is 1534 Śaka, or 1612 A.D. There is another work of Ganeśa entitled

Śaka 1534. Pātasārāṇī with Viśvanātha's commentary, (No. 335). The

Pātasārāṇī, Śaka 1444. Saka year occurring in the former is 1444 and Viśvanātha's explanatory calculations are for the year 1553 Śaka.

Of the second branch of the Jyotiṣha I have to announce the acquisition of the Samhitā Branch. Todaramalla's Samhitāskandha, (No. 317), of Jyotiḥsukha Samhitā. Todaramalla's Jyotiḥsukha. This is one of the volumes of what might be called an encyclopædia of Indian science and lore entitled Todarānanda caused to be compiled by Todaramalla who is represented to have been a Rājā and who was the financial minister of the

Horāśāstra or third branch of the Jyotisha. Emperor Akbar. Of the third branch we have got a large lot, and first I shall speak of the Jātakas or works teaching the casting of nativities. The first that deserves mention is Varāhamihira's Brīhajjātaka with two commentaries, one by Mahīdāsa and the other by Mahidhara (Nos. 341—343). There is a copy of Utpala's commentary on it in the last year's collection. Then we have in the present collection a manuscript of Utpala's commentary on the Shatpañchāśikā by Prithuyaśas, the son of Varāhamihira, (No. 355). No. 311 is a copy of the Jātakapaddhati by Śrīpati who flourished before Keśava of Nandigrāma, the father of Gaṇeśa, and No. 312 of a commentary on it by Mādhava. No. 314 is a copy of the Jātakapaddhati composed Jātakpaddhati by Keśava of Nandigrāma with Keśava, father of a commentary written by himself. In this he refers to or quotes the following works and authors with others whose dates are well known :—

Kalyāṇavarman.	Rāmakrishnapaddhati.
Kesavamīśra.	Vallayupaddhati.
Jīvāśarman.	Śrīpati.
Dāmodara.	Śridharapaddhati.
Mhālukapaddhati.	Śridharāchārya.
Yavana.	Sārvālī.
Horāmakaranda.	

The Śrīpati mentioned by Keśava is the same as the author of No. 311, since a quotation from Śrīpati in Keśava's work is found in that manuscript. There is a copy of the Horāmakaranda in last year's collection. The author's name is Gunākara, who was the son of another Śrīpati. Another commentary on Keśava's Paddhati by Viśvanātha, the son of Divākara, we have in last year's collection. The

Śaka 1508.      illustrative calculations in it are made for the year 1508 Śaka or 1586 A.D. Viśvanātha therefore wrote this commentary twenty-six years before that on Ganeśa's Grahalāghava. There are manuscripts of several other Jātakas among which may be mentioned the Yavanajātaka, (No. 349), which is probably the one referred to by Keśava of Nandigrāma. The date of the manuscript is 1621 Samvat or 1565 A.D. We have, however, not got a complete copy of this Jātaka and the section on the subject of Keśava's

Jyotīratnamāla.      quotation is wanting. No. 316 is Śripati's Jyotīratnamālā with a commentary by Mahādeva, the son of Luniga. Whether this Śripati is identical with the author of the Jātakapaddhati it is difficult to determine. The author of the Jyotīratnamālā was the son of Nāgadeva and grandson of Keśava who of course was a different person from the father of Ganeśa. This Keśava belonged to the Kāśyapa Gotra, while Keśava of Nandigrāma was a Kauśika.

No. 348 is a copy of a commentary on Keśava's Keśava's Muhūrttatattva.      Muhūrttatattva by his son Ganeśa. We have also a copy

Muhūrtachintāmani by Rāma.      of the Muhūrtachintāmani by Rāma who gives his genealogy thus :—In Dharmapura on the

banks of the Narmadā there lived a learned man of the name of Chintāmani who knew a great many Sāstras including Jyotisha. He had a son named Ananta who was an astrologer and wrote a Jātakapaddhati and a commentary on the Kāmadhenu.— Nos. 300 and 301 are copies of a Kāmadhenu, very probably the same as this.—Ananta had two sons

His date.      Nilakantha and Rāma, the latter of whom was the author of the work before us. He wrote it at Benares in 1522 Śaka or 1600 A.D.

We have several manuscripts of works on what is  
 Tâjika. called Tâjika or general astro-  
 Samarsimha's logy, of which I shall notice  
 Tâjikasâra. a few. Nos. 320—322 are

copies of different parts of the Tâjikasâra by Samara-  
 simha. The author traces his descent to Chânda-  
 simha, of the Prâgvâta family, who was a minister  
 of the Chaulukya kings of Gujarat. He was prob-  
 ably the same person as Chândapa, who, as stated  
 by Someśvara in the Kirtikaumudî, (III., 1—4),  
 also belonged to the Prâgvâta family and was a  
 Mantrin or counsellor and an ancestor of Vastupâla.  
 From Chândasimha sprang Sobhanadeva who had a  
 son of the name of Sâmanta. Sâmanta's son was  
 Kumârsimha who was the father of our author.  
 No. 322, which is a copy of the third section of the  
 work, was transcribed in 1491 Samvat corresponding

to 1435 A.D.; (V., Appendix  
 Tejahsimha's Daiva- II). No. 327 is Daivajâñ-  
 jñâlamkṛiti. lamkṛiti by Tejahsimha. The

pedigree of the author is given in the colophon, but  
 the reading is very corrupt and what appears likely  
 is this. Tejahsimha like Samarasimha belonged to  
 the Prâgvâta family, but he is much older than the  
 latter. Sârangadeva of the Chaulukya dynasty of  
 Gujarat, who reigned from 1277 to 1297 A.D., had  
 a Mantrin or counsellor whose name appears to have  
 been Vikrama. Of him was born another Mantrin  
 of the name of Vijayasinha, and his brother was  
 Tejahsimha, the author of the work before us. (W.,  
 Appendix II.).

We have also a copy of the Tâjikâlamkâra by  
 Sûrya's Tâjikâlamkâra. Sûrya, (No. 326), who lived at  
 Pârthapura on the northern  
 bank of the Godâvarî. His father's name was Jñâna-  
 râja who was himself an astronomer of great repute,  
 being the author of a work called the Siddhânta-

sundara, (see Colebrooke's Essays). Sūrya gives a list of his own works at the end of the Tājikālambikāra. The passage is corrupt; but on comparing it with another copy of it given by Professor Weber in the Berlin Catalogue I find he wrote the following works :—Glosses on (1) the Līlāvatī and (2) the Bijagaṇita; (3) computations according to Śripati's Paddhati, (4) a new Bijagaṇita, (5) Tājika, the present work, (6) another Tājika, (7) a Kāvyāśtaka, and (8) Bodhasudhākara, a Vedāntic work; (X., Appendix II.). The dates 1460 and 1463 Saka are given by Colebrooke as occurring in two of his works.

No. 318 is a manuscript of the Tājikakaustubha by Bālakṛishṇa who lived at Tājikakaustubha by Jambusara. His father was Bālakṛishṇa. Yādava whose great-grand-father Rāmajit (Rāmjī) was, according to Bālakṛishṇa, a very learned man and lived at a place situated on the northern bank of the Tāpi. Rāmajit had a son of the name of Nārāyaṇa and his son was Rāma-kṛishṇa who was the father of Yādava. Bālakṛishṇa's other works are :—Stotras of Nārāyaṇa, Saṁkara, Sivā (Durgā), Gaṇapati and Trivenī, Yogin-yashtadaśākrama, of which we have a copy, and Saṁkrāntinirṇaya; (Y., Appendix II.).

Another manuscript that deserves notice is called Manīthā Tājika. Manīthā Tājika, (No. 324), and the work is ascribed to Manīthāchārya. Manīthā is mentioned by Varāhamihira in his Jātaka and identified by Professor Weber with Manetho, author of the Apotelesmata. Varāhamihira's commentator Utpala quotes passages from the work attributed to Manīthā which however I have not been able to find in the present manuscript. A man of the name of Manīthā could not have composed this treatise, since in one place the author

says he is "going to give what is stated by Maṇitha and others" with reference to a certain subject. The work is a modern compilation, since the name "Tājika" itself for astrology was adopted by Hindu writers in about the thirteenth century, while Varāhamihira who mentions Maṇitha flourished in the early part of the sixth. The author's object was to state the views of foreign writers whom he speaks of as "Yavanas" or "ancient Yavanas," and he uses Maṇitha's name only because he was acquainted with the tradition which represented him to be a distinguished foreign writer on astrology. (Z., Appendix II.).

I may also here mention a manuscript of a work Pārasiprakāśa by Vedāṅgarāya entitled Pārasiprakāśa, (No. 336), by an author named Vedāṅgarāya. In this work are given methods for converting Hindu into Mahomedan dates and *vice versa* and the Arabic and Persian names of the days of the week, the months, the planets, the constellations, the signs of the zodiac, &c. Several Arabic technical terms of astronomy and others that are ordinarily used in astrological treatises are explained, and the influences of the planets in different positions are mentioned. The book is intended for the use of astrologers and was written for the pur-

pose "of pleasing the emperor Written during the reign of Shah Jehan and gaining his favour;" (AA., Appendix II.).

Shah Jehan was on the throne of Delhi from 1627 to 1657 A.D., and the date of the composition of this treatise is 1565 Śaka and 1053 A.H. corresponding to 1643 A.D. This Vedāṅgarāya was the same person as the father of Nandikeśvara, the author of a work entitled Gaṇakamandana which is a sort of introduction to the study of astronomy. In that work, a copy of which exists in my collection for 1851-82, Nandikeśvara states that his father's name was

Mâlajit (Mâlji), that he was conversant with the Vedas and Vedângas, and got from the emperor of Delhi (Dhillhiśvara) the title of Vedângarâya. Mâlajit or Vedângarâya was the son of Tigalâbhâṭṭa who was the son of Ratnabhâṭṭa. Ratnabhâṭṭa lived at Srîsthala in Gujarat.

Copies of a few works on divination will also be found entered in the accompanying catalogue. One of Works on Divination. Bhoja's Vidvajjanavalabha. them is entitled Vidvajjanavalabha, (No. 337), and is ascribed to king Bhoja who is represented to have been a powerful sovereign; (BB., Appendix II.).

The last manuscript in this class that I shall notice is the Narapatijayachâryâ, (No. Narapatijayachâryâ 331), a treatise on omens by Narapati. The author wrote this book at Anahilapattana in the reign of Ajayapâla who occupied the Chaulukya throne from 1174 to 1177 A.D.; (Ind. Ant., Vol. VI., p. 213). He finished the work on Tuesday the first of the light half of Chaitra in the year 1232 of Vikrama corresponding to 1176 A.D. Narapati's father was Âmradeva who lived at Dhârâ, the capital of Mâlava, which country was, according to our author, the "abode of learning." There is another copy of the Narapatijayachâryâ in last year's collection, (CC., Appendix II.).

#### CLASS XIII.—MEDICINE.

In the class of works on Hindu Medicine we have fragments of the Charaka and Suśrûta, Suśrûta Samhitâs and a copy of Vâgbhâṭa's important work, the Ashṭâṅgâyogâbhîdaya, which in A.D. 1430. however is incomplete. The last manuscript was caused to be transcribed in the Samvat year 1486 or 1430 A.D. at Bhîgukshetra or

Bharoch by Arddhasera (Ardesar) who was a learned Ādhyāru or priest of the Pārasīka race for his son to study. This shows that about four hundred and fifty years ago Parsi priests valued and cultivated the study of Sanskrit lore (CC. 1, Appendix II.) There are several other smaller treatises, and among them may

Bopadeva's Sataśloki. be mentioned two copies of Bopadeva's Sataśloki and another of his commentary on the work, which however wants a few leaves, (Nos. 378—380). Bopadeva, as is well known, was the son of Keśava and pupil of Dhaneśa. He was patronized by Hemādri, the minister of Mahādeva, the Yādava king of Devagiri. This fact is however mentioned not in his medical treatises but in the Harililā, a summary of the Bhāgavata. At the end of the Sataśloki it is stated that both Bopadeva's father and teacher lived at a place called Sārtha situated on the banks of the Varadā. Bopadeva therefore was a native of Berār. (DD., Appendix II.).

#### CLASS XIV.—TĀNTRIKA LITERATURE.

Of the Tāntrika literature we have manuscripts of two Tantras, the Sivarahasya and the Gautamīyamahātantra, (Nos. 400, 401, and 385). The rest are digests or extracts from some of the larger Tantras, one of the former being the Tantrasāra by Krishnānandabhaṭṭāchārya, (No. 388).

#### CLASS XV.—ART.

There are copies of four works on technical subjects. Two of these are on architecture, one entitled Rājavallabhamandana, (No. 404), and the other Vāstumandana, (No. 405). In the colophon of the first it is stated that Maṇḍana, a Sūtradhāra or architect, who was in the service of Kumbhakarna, king of Medapāṭa, composed the work, and by his devotion to Gaṇapati and to his teacher and the propitiation

of the Goddess of Learning he expounded the "art of building as taught by the Munis;" (EE., Appendix II.). Medapāṭa is Mevād,

Mandana patronized by Kumbho of Mevād. and a king of the name of Kum-bho ruled over the country according to Tod from 1419 to 1469 A.D. He had a taste for the arts and constructed many temples as well as strongholds. It is not unlikely, therefore, he had in his service persons who had read the literature of architecture and could compose such treatises as the one under notice. Vāstumandana also is ascribed to Mandana, and it is stated that he wrote this work at the request of his son Devasimha. He is here spoken of as the son of Kshetra; (FF., Appendix II.).

The third work entitled Kundamārtanda treats of the construction of altars Kundamārtanda with commentary. according to the Sulva Sūtras composed by the Rishis of old. The author is Govinda who was the son of Gadādhara and lived at Junnar. The manuscript contains a commentary by Ananta, the son of Siddhesvara. The original was composed in 1613 Saka or 1691 A.D. and the commentary in 1614 Saka or 1692 A.D., (No. 770).

The last of the four is a commentary on the Saṅgītaratnākara, (No. 406). The Commentary on the Saṅgītaratnākara. manuscript is in a bad condition, the edges of all the leaves being torn off and the writing on a good many having faded away. The commentary is attributed to a king of the name of Singa, who is spoken of as the supreme sovereign of the Andhra circle. Who this Singa was it is difficult to say; but it is not unlikely that he was the Yādava prince Singhāna who reigned at Devagiri. For, the country ruled over by the Deccan Chālukyas is sometimes called Telaṅgaṇa by northern writers

such as Merutunga and Rājavallabha, who in their life of Bhoja speak of Tailapa as king of Telāṅgana. Telāṅgana is the same as the Ândhra circle and the Yâdavas succeeded the Châlukyas as rulers of the country. In Professor Aufrecht's catalogue there is a notice of a manuscript of the Saṅgîtaratnâkara by Sârṅgadeva, in the introduction to which Siṅghanâdeva, who appears to have been the author's patron, is mentioned. A commentary on his work, therefore, written either by himself or some other court dependent may have been dedicated to the king. (GG., Appendix II.).

#### CLASS XVI.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Under the heading "Miscellaneous" there are three manuscripts, one of which Lekhapañchâsikâ. possesses a good deal of historical importance. It is entitled Lekhapañchâsikâ, or fifty letters or deeds, (No. 410). The author's name is not given at the end and the first leaf is missing. The work contains forms of letters, deeds, patents, bonds, &c., and is divided into two parts. The names being variable are in most cases represented by the word *amuka*, i.e., "a certain one" or *nâmanâmatah*, i.e., "by a certain name." The date, however, used in the forms which constitute the second part is Monday the 15th of the light half of Vaiśâkha, Samvat 1288, except in one case where it is the 3rd of that half. This date is meant of course to serve as an example; but the author's having used that in particular may safely be regard-

Author's date, Sam-  
vat 1288.

ed as showing that he wrote  
his work in Samvat 1288, i.e.  
in 1232 A.D. The manuscript  
itself was transcribed in 1536 Samvat or 1480 A.D.  
In a few cases, the names of real persons also are  
used as examples, wherefore the deeds in which they  
occur must be considered to be such as it was pos-

Tâmrasâsana or copperplate grant by Lavanaprasâda.

sible should have been executed. One such deed is a Tâmrasâsana or a royal deed of grant to be inscribed on copper. In this the grantor that is introduced is Lâvanyaprasâda, son of Ânaladeva of the Chaulukya family, and what is represented to have been granted by him is a village, not named, for the worship of Somanâtha. Lâvanyaprasâda was a Râñaka, i.e., a Râñâ and a Mandalâdhipati or a dependent chief. The grant is represented to have been executed in the reign of Bhîmadeva while Bhâbhûya was his minister. Bhîmadeva's name is preceded by those of all the Chaulukya princes who reigned at Anahilapattana, and they are as follows :—

- |                          |                |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| 1. Mâlarâja.             | 6. Karnadeva.  |
| 2. Châmuñdadeva.         | 7. Jayasimha.  |
| 3. Vallabhadeva.         | 8. Kumârapâla. |
| 4. Durlabhadeva.         | 9. Ajayapâla.  |
| 5. Bhîma or Brihadbhîma. | 10. Mûladeva.  |
| 11. Bhîmadeva.           |                |

This agrees with the genealogy given by other writers. Bhîmadeva was the reigning sovereign in Sañvat 1288 according to them also, and we see that Lavanaprasâda, whose grandson Vîsaladeva finally took possession of the throne at Anahilapattana, had at that time acquired sufficient influence to be considered worthy of being introduced as the grantor of a village. He appears to have been the *de facto* sovereign of Gujarat at the time. (HH., Appendix II.).

Another such deed in the work before us is a treaty of alliance between Simhanadeva who is styled *Mahârâjâdhirâja* or king of kings, i.e., paramount sovereign, and Lâvanyaprasâda who is called a *Mahâmanḍaleśvara*.

Treaty of alliance  
between Singhanadeva  
and Lavanaprasâda.

The place where the treaty is concluded is the "victorious camp" and the provisions are that "each of these two princes should confine himself to his own country as before; neither of them should invade the territories of the other; if a powerful enemy attacked either of them they should both undertake a joint expedition against him; if only the general of an enemy did so, troops should be sent to encounter him; and if a prince from the country of either fled into that of the other taking away a certain valuable thing he should not be allowed quarter and the thing removed by him should be restored." Singhana who is also called Simhaṇa was the most powerful of the Yādava princes of Devagiri and reigned from 1131 to 1169 Saka or 1209 to 1247 A.D. He invaded Gujarat twice at least, once in the time of Lavaṇaprasāda and on another occasion when his grandson Viśaladeva was on the throne. Of the first invasion Someśvara gives a graphic account in his Kirtikaumudi. All Gujarat was terrified when the intelligence of Singhana's march against the country was received, and Lavaṇaprasāda and his son Viradhavala proceeded at once to meet him. But being attacked from behind by four princes of Mārvād and abandoned by the chiefs of Godraha and Lāṭa, the father and son retreated. The army of Singhana, however, did not advance. But Someśvara does not give us any reason further than what is involved in the observation, which is simply rhetorical and not historical, that "deer do not follow the path of a lion even when he has abandoned it." The reason, however, is supplied by the document before us. Though the object of our author was to give the form of a treaty of alliance, he could not have thought of using the names of Singhana and Lavaṇaprasāda unless such a treaty had been actually concluded between them, and it should be remembered that Singhana's invasion of

Gujarat must have taken place but a short time before the composition of the treatise. Instead of giving a blank form, therefore, the author must be supposed to have here placed before us what might be considered a specimen of a treaty. Singhāna, therefore, did not advance when Lavaṇaprasāda and his son retreated, because the two latter had submitted to him and concluded a treaty of alliance. (DD., Appendix IL)

No. 409 is a work composed by one Dalapatirāya for a prince named Mādhava-Yāvanaparipātyā Rājarīti. simha, who is styled Sārvabhauma or "paramount sovereign." It contains forms of letters and orders from a king to his subordinates written in Sanskrit according to the manner prevalent among Mahomedans and also Sanskrit equivalents of Mahomedan political terms. From the Savai Mādhavrāv. colophon Mādhavasimha the Sārvabhauma appears to have been Savai Mādhavrāv or Mādhavrāv II. of the Peshwa dynasty of Poona.

#### CLASS XVII.—JAINA LITERATURE.

(A.) *Sūtras and their commentaries.*—Of the literature of the Jainas we have sixty-one manuscripts in Sanskrit and the old Prākṛit and eight in the vernacular. There are sixteen of the Sūtras and their commentaries, among which may be mentioned a new commentary on the Kalpasūtra entitled

Kalpamañjari by Kalpamañjari by Sahajakīrti, Sahajakīrti.

Independent treatises on religion and philosophy. We have also copies of independent treatises on religion and philosophy, among which may be mentioned the Anekāśastrā-

rasamuchchaya, (No. 413), which looks like a collection of several small works by different authors; the Vivekavilâsa, (No. 455), by Jinadattasûri, in which the author gives the principles of several branches of learning and which also contains moral as well as religious precepts; the Shaddarśanasamuchchaya, (No. 460), giving a brief account of the Brâhmaṇic as well as Jaina and Bauddha systems of philosophy; and the Samayasâraprâbhrita, (No. 462), a work belonging to the Digambara sect, by Kundakundâchârya, who was a celebrated teacher of that sect. The Sûktamuktâvalî of Somaprabhâchârya, (No. 469), may also be mentioned in this connection. Somapra-

Somaprabhâchârya's bhâchârya represents himself Sûktamuktâvalî. to be the pupil of Vijayasiṁha who occupied the seat of High-priest after Ajitadeva; (KK., Appendix II.). All these names occur in the succession list of the pontiffs of the Tapâgachchha, and Somaprabhâchârya seems to have lived in the latter part of the twelfth century. (Ind. Ant., Vol. XI., p. 254).

(B.) *Grammar and Lexicons.*—We have copies of the Desinâmamâlâ of Hemachandra, (No. 438), of the Siddhaśabdârnava of Sahajakârti, (No. 466), mentioned above, of Hemachandra's Prâkrit Grammar, (No. 458), of the Sabdabhûshana, (No. 457), a metrical treatise on grammar by Dânavijaya, (LL., Appendix

II.), of a Dhâtupâṭha or list of Harshakârti's Dhâtupâṭha with a commentary. roots according to the Sârasvata system together with a commentary by Harshakârti,

(Nos. 439 and 440), all of which belong to the branches of Lexicography and Grammar. In the Vritti or commentary on his Dhâtupâṭha, Harshakârti gives the senses as well as the verbal and other forms of the several roots quoting the Sârasvata Sûtras, and sometimes mentions idiomatic modes of expression. The work thus resembles, to some

extent, Mâdhava's Dhâtu-vritti. Harshakirti was the High-priest of the Nâgapuriya branch of the Tapâga-chchha and was the pupil of Chandrakirti. He mentions the following eminent persons belonging to his sect who were honoured by kings and emperors :—

- (1) Jayaśekhara, who was adored by Hammîra.
- (2) Vajrasena, to whom at the suggestion of Sihâda the emperor Allâvadi gave a valuable garment and Pharmâna (firman) in the town of Rûnâ.
- (3) Ratnaśekhara, to whom Perojasâhi gave valuable garments.
- (4) Hamsakirti, a Pâthaka or reader, whose greatness was manifested before Sâhi Sikandara.
- (5) Ânandarâya, who obtained the title of Râya from Humâûm.
- (6) Chandrakirti, highly honoured by Sâhi Sâlema.
- (7) Padmasundaragaṇî, who defeated a great Pandit in argument at the court of Akbar and was rewarded by the emperor with a garment, a village, an easy chair (sukhâsana), and other things.
- (8) Pachchâ, a Pâthaka, honoured by Mâladeva, king of the Hindus at Yodhapura (Jodhpur).

Of these Hammîra was the celebrated Chohan prince who ruled over Mevâd from 1301 to 1365 A.D. and successfully resisted the encroachments of the Mahomedans. Allâvadi must be Allauddin Khilji who occupied the throne of Delhi from 1295 to 1316 A.D. Perojasâhi must be Pheroz Shah Taghlak who reigned from 1351 to 1388 A.D., and Sâhi Sikandara, Sikandar Shah Lodi (1488 — 1518 A.D.). Humayun's first reign extended from 1530 to 1540 A.D.; Salem Shah (1545—1553 A.D.) was one of the Delhi emperors who ruled during the period of his humiliation, and Akbar, the celebrated Mogul prince, reigned from 1556 to 1605 A.D. Mâladeva was a

prince of the Rāṭhor family who reigned at Jodhpur from 1532 to 1583 A.D. Chandrakīrti who was honoured by Salem Shah was our author's teacher ; (MM., Appendix II.).

*C. Plays.*—No. 418 is a copy of the first act of the Karpūramāñjari, a dramatic play in the Prākrit in four acts, and No. 419 of the second act. In the colophon of both manuscripts the play is ascribed to a Vāchanāchārya, pupil of Jinasāgara, who is styled the "sun in the sky of Kharatāna." Jinasāgara was the first High-priest of a new branch of the Kharatara sect which was established in Saṁvat 1686 or 1630 A. D. (Ind. Ant., Vol. XI., p. 250). The Karpūramāñjari, however, of which we have two acts here, is the same as that written by Rājaśekhara, the preceptor of Mahendrapāla, who flourished about the tenth century, and even his name is mentioned in the introduction.

*D. Historical, Biographical and Legendary Works.*—Among works of a historical, biographical, and legendary nature we have Merutuṅga's Bhojaprabandha, (No. 450), Rājavallabha's Bhojacharitra, (No. 449), Sumatigāṇi's Lives of certain Jaina High-priests, (No. 426), originally forming part of his Vṛitti or exposition of Jinadatta's Gaṇadharasārdhaśataka, a Gurvāvalī or succession list of teachers, (No. 427), Pârvanāthacharitra, (No. 444), Pāndava-charitra, (No. 443), Rāmacharitra (No. 452), &c. In the Bhojaprabandha, Merutuṅga states that in

Saṁvat 1078 when Bhoja ruled  
Merutuṅga's Bhoja- over the Mālava circle, Bhīma,  
prabandha. Bhoja's the paramount sovereign of the  
date. Chālukya race, governed  
Gujarat. This cannot be the date of Bhoja's accession. According both to Merutuṅga and Rājavallabha, Muñja, the uncle and predecessor of Bhoja,

crossed the Godâvâri against the counsel of his aged minister Rudrâditya and invaded the dominions of Tailapa, the founder of the later Châlukya dynasty of the Dekkan. He was defeated and taken prisoner. At first he was well treated by his captor, but when secret intrigues for his release were discovered, Tailapa subjected him to indignities and put him to death. This last fact is mentioned in Tailapa's inscriptions also. Now Tailapa, we know, died in 920 Saka or after 919 years of the era had elapsed. This corresponds to 998 A.D., wherefore Muñja must have been slain by Tailapa before that year. A Jaina author named Amitagati tells us at the end of his Subbhâshitaratnasarindoha, as was first pointed out by Colebrooke, that he wrote or compiled the work in Sañvat 1050 or 994 A.D. while Muñja was reigning at Dhârâ. (NN., Appendix II.). Muñja therefore must have been put to death by Tailapa between 994 and 998 A.D., or about the year 996. Bhoja was crowned king after him, and since he is said to have reigned for fifty-five years, he must have died about 1051 A.D.

Sumatigâni was a pupil of Jinapatisûri, the forty-sixth head of the Kharatarâgachchha, who died in 1277 Sañvat or 1221 A.D. His work\* contains an account of the lives of Vardhamâna, Jineśvara, Jinachandra, Abhaya-deva, Jinavallabha, and Jinadatta, who were the High-priests of the sect successively. In the account of Vardhamâna that sage is represented to have gone to the court of Durlabha, the Vardhamâna Chaulukya king of Anahilapattana, who reigned from 1010 to 1022 A.D. and held

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\* This manuscript was read and a short abstract of it prepared for me by Mr. Shridhar R. Bhandarkar, M.A. The above is based on that abstract.

a debate with the Chaityavâsins or those Jaina teachers who advocated the propriety of a residence in temples. His opponent was Sûrâchârya, with whom however he did not hold a controversy in person but directed his pupil Jineśvara to do so. Vardhamâna was victorious and was highly honoured by the king, whereupon the Chaityavâsins left the town. Jineśvara had the title Kharatara ("very keen") given to him on the occasion of the debate, and when he succeeded his master Vardhamâna, it became the name of the Gachchha or sect which he led. Jineśvara is represented to have gone on some

Jineśvara. occasion to Âśâpallî and Dîndiyânaka on visitation. At the former place he composed in Saṁvat 1092 or 1036 A.D. a *kathâ* ("story") entitled *Lilâvati*. When he was at Dîndiyânaka he asked of the Chaityavâsins of the place for the loan of some book which on account of their disagreeable relations with him they refused. He then wrote the *Kathânakakośa* in the four rainy months, composing during the last two watches of the night as much as was necessary to read to his audience the next morning.

Jinachandra succeeded Jineśvara. He composed Jinachandra. the *Samvegarâṅgaśâlâ* containing 18,000 ślokas in Chhatravallîpuri in Saṁvat 1125. In Jâvalipura he explained the Gâthâ beginning with *Chîvandaṇamâvâsyaya*, and the doctrines taught by him were noted down by a pupil and embodied in a tract entitled *Dinacharyâ* containing 300 ślokas. Jinachandra's successor was Abhayadevasûri, the Abhayadeva. author of *Vritti*s or comments on nine of the Ângas of the Jainas. A long story is related as to how he was led to compose these commentaries. He had been afflicted with an incurable disease that rendered him unfit for any work of the kind ; but a certain deity appeared to him in a dream

and directed him to go to Stambhanakapura (Cambay ?) where there was an image of Pârśvanâtha. He went there, bowed down before the image, and composed while standing the Namaskâradvâtrîniśikâ or “thirty-two bows,” beginning with *Jayatihuyana*. The last two of these stanzas he was obliged to omit at the request of the deities, so that the Stotra or hymn now contains thirty only.

The next head of the Gachchha was Jinavallabha.

He had the eight grammars of Jinavallabha. Pânini and others by heart and was conversant with the Mahâkâvyas or great poems, Meghadûta and others, as well as all the other kâvyas or poems, with the works on poetics of Rudraṇa, Udbhaṭa, Daṇḍin, Vâmana, Bhâmaha, and others, the eighty-four dramatic plays, the whole of the Jyotiḥśâstra, all metrical works such as those of Jayadeva and others, the Anekântajayapatâkâ of Abhayadeva and other works that expounded the doctrines of Jinendra (*i.e.* Jainism), and with works of other systems of philosophy such as the Nyâya treatises Tarkakandâlî and Kiranâvalî, and Samkarandana and Kamalaśila. He was regarded as a man of learning at Chitrakûta (Chittor), and many people, even such as belonged to other systems of religion, resorted to him and got their doubts cleared ; (O.O., Appendix II.). Jinavallabha caused temples of Mahâvira and Pârśvanâtha to be constructed at Chitrakûta and of Neminâtha at Nâgapura and Naravarapuri. On one occasion two Pandits from a foreign country went to the court of Naravarman, the grandson of Bhoja, at Dhâra, and proposed some poetic riddle, which the Pandits of Naravarman were not able to solve. At the suggestion of a courtier the riddle was sent by the king to Jinavallabha, who solved it at once, and the solution was sent to Naravarman with all despatch. On this account, when after some time Jinavallabha went to Dhâra, Nara-

varman received him with great honour and offered him a large sum of money. This he declined to accept, but asked the king to make some endowment to the temples constructed at Chitrakūṭa. Naravarman died in 1190 Samvat or 1134 A.D. according to an inscription deciphered by Colebrooke. The installation of Jinavallabha in the place of Abhayadeva took place after he had done all that is related above. He did not long survive this event, having died six months after in the last quarter of the night on the twelfth of the dark half of Kārtika in Samvat 1167, i.e. 1111 A.D. He wrote the following works :—(1) Sūkshmārthasiddhānta, (2) Vichārasāra, (3) Shādaśiti, (4) Sārdhaśataka, a karma grantha, (5) Pindavisuddhi, (6) Paushadhadvidhi, (7) Pratikramanasāmāchārī, (8) Samghapāṭṭaka, (9) Dharmasikshā, (10) Dvādaśakulaka, (11) Praśnottaraśataka, (12) Śringāraśataka and many other kāvyas, (13) Sārasvataśatasāmkhyastuti, and (14) Stotras; (PP., Appendix II.). Several of these exist in the Government collections deposited in this college, while in the present collection there is a stotra written by him.

Jinadatta, the author of the work on which Sumatigani comments, succeeded.

Jinadatta. He was the son of Bāhadadevi and Vāchhika, and was born in Samvat 1132 or 1076 A.D. He read his Pañjikā at the Dharmasālā of Bhāvadāchārya and was taught all the Siddhāntas by Harisimhāchārya. He was installed in Jinavallabha's place at Chitrakūṭa by Devabhadrāchārya. On one occasion he went to Ajayameru (Ajmir), where he was well received by Arno, the king of the country. At the request of the Srāvakas of the place the king granted a site for Jaina temples, and on a second visit Jinadatta laid the foundation stones. He made many converts to Jainism as well as to his particular sect. He wrote the Ganadharasaptati for exorcising a man possessed by a ghost and also a

Chachcharī on the precepts engraved by Jinavallabha on the walls of certain temples. He once went to Naravara and thence to Tribhuvanagiri where he preached the truth to king Kumārapāla.

Besides the works named above Sumatigāṇi quotes from or refers to the following :—Pravachanasāra, a Smṛiti, Bharataśāstra, Damādhyāya, a Prayoga, Āvaśyakachūrṇi, Daśavaikālika, Chitrakūttiyapraśasti by Jinavallabha, and Upadeśamālā. He also quotes some verses which are now found in the Pañchatantra.

The Rāmacharitra in prose was composed by Devavijayagāṇi, pupil of Rājāvijayasūri, who himself was a pupil of Vijayadānasūri, the Yugapradhāna or head of the Tapāgachchha. It was written at Srimālpura in Marusthalī or Mārvād in the year 1652 Samvat or 1596 A.D. in the reign of Akbar. The author tells us that in the composition of his work he followed Hemachandra's Rāmāyaṇa and that he wrote it in prose, though there was a Rāmacharitra in verse in the Prākṛit as well as Sanskrit, to divert himself and also to put an end to his *Karman*. (QQ., Appendix II.).

*Examination of private Libraries.*—As to the other branch of the work the libraries of the following persons at Nāsik have been catalogued this year :—

Sitārāmas'āstrī Paṭvardhan.	Rāmas'āstrī Chāndorkar.
Nārāyaṇas'āstrī Sāthe.	Yadus'āstrī Takle.
Vishṇu Gangādhar Māchegaṇ.	Devrāv Hosing.
Achyutas'āstrī Dātār.	Govindbābā Vaidya.

Eighteen libraries were reported to have been catalogued last year ; so that twenty-six in all have been examined at Nāsik. The printing of these catalogues has now been begun. There is very little work left to be done at Nāsik and my Sāstrī intended to go to Trimbak to catalogue the private collections existing there. But in the month of June last he was car-

ried off by cholera, which prevailed widely at Nâsik about that time. He was a man of learning and great intelligence and did very good service. He possessed much influence with the people at Nâsik and hence was able to examine for us so many collections at the place. Otherwise the jealousy as regards one's literary treasures is still so strong that it would not have been possible to do that amount of work there.

*Account of the Manuscripts in the Government Collections.*—I will close this report by a short account of the present state of the collections in my charge. The following table will show the number of manuscripts collected for Government each year since 1868-69 and the number lent to scholars and forwarded to Germany to be catalogued according to Professor Kielhorn's scheme :—

Collection of	Total Number of Manuscripts collect-ed.	NUMBER OF MANUSCRIPTS LENT TO SCHOLARS.			Number sent to Europe to be cata-logued.	Number of Manu-scripts now in the Library.
		In Europe.	In America.	In India.		
1868-69	...	47	1	...	1	3
1869-70	...	120	5	...	3	1
1870-71	...	57	1	...	3	...
1871-72	...	422	.6½	...	6	1½
1872-73	...	200	5	...	5	1
1873-74	...	289	6	...	10	5
1874-75	...	54	...	...	3	...
1875-76	...	838	29	...	16	89
1877-78	...	54	...	...	...	...
1879-80	...	428	10	8	6	...
A 1879-80	...	125	...	...	...	...
1880-81	...	413	11	5	11	2
1881-82	...	196	3	...	2	11
A 1881-82	...	467	...	...	2	...
1882-83	...	772	1	...	...	...
Total	...	4,482	78½	13	68	113½
						4,209

Thus the total number of manuscripts in the collections is 4,482, of which 78½ have been lent to scholars in Europe, 68 in India, and 13 in America, while 113½ have been sent to be catalogued, 22½ to Professor Kielhorn, 33 to Professor Pischel, and 58 to Professor Jacobi. In all 273 manuscripts are out, and the rest, 4,209, are in the library.

*Ages of Manuscripts.*—Of the 4,482 manuscripts about a third bear dates. **Palm-leaf Manuscripts.** There are 108 written on palm-leaves of which 37 are dated. Three were transcribed in Samvat 1138, 1145, and 1146, corresponding to 1082, 1089, and 1090 of the Christian era; eight, from Samvat 1164 to 1218, i.e. from 1108 to 1162 A.D.; twenty, from Samvat 1260 to Kali 4398, i.e. from 1204 to 1297 A.D.; and six, from Samvat 1359 to 1450, i.e. from 1303 to 1394 A.D.

The earliest paper manuscript in the collection was transcribed in 1376 Samvat, **Paper Manuscripts.** corresponding to 1320 A.D., and there are eight bearing dates from 1426 to 1454 Samvat, i.e. from 1370 to 1398 A.D. There are 48 transcribed in the first half of the fifteenth century of the Christian era and 91 in the latter half. In some of the published lists an earlier date than 1376 Samvat occurs against one or two manuscripts; and one is represented to have been transcribed in Samvat 1401. I have examined the manuscripts themselves and found all these entries to be erroneous. I have however not been able to examine one manuscript the date of which is in the list given as 1415 Samvat, as it has been lent. The rest of the dated manuscripts were transcribed after the close of the fifteenth century.

Manuscripts written on palm-leaves are found in Gujarat and Mārvād, principally at Cambay, Pātan,

and Jesalmir. From the above statement it is clear that in Gujarat and Mārvāḍ palm-leaves were used as a writing material before the introduction of paper. The earliest palm-leaf manuscript we possess was, it will be seen, written in 1082 A.D., and our earliest paper manuscript in 1320 A.D. So far as our present researches go, therefore, paper did not come into use till the beginning of the fourteenth century; and since our latest palm-leaf manuscript is dated 1450 Samvat or 1394 A.D., it appears that palm-leaves continued to be used as well as paper till about the end of that century. From the beginning of the fifteenth we find paper only employed.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

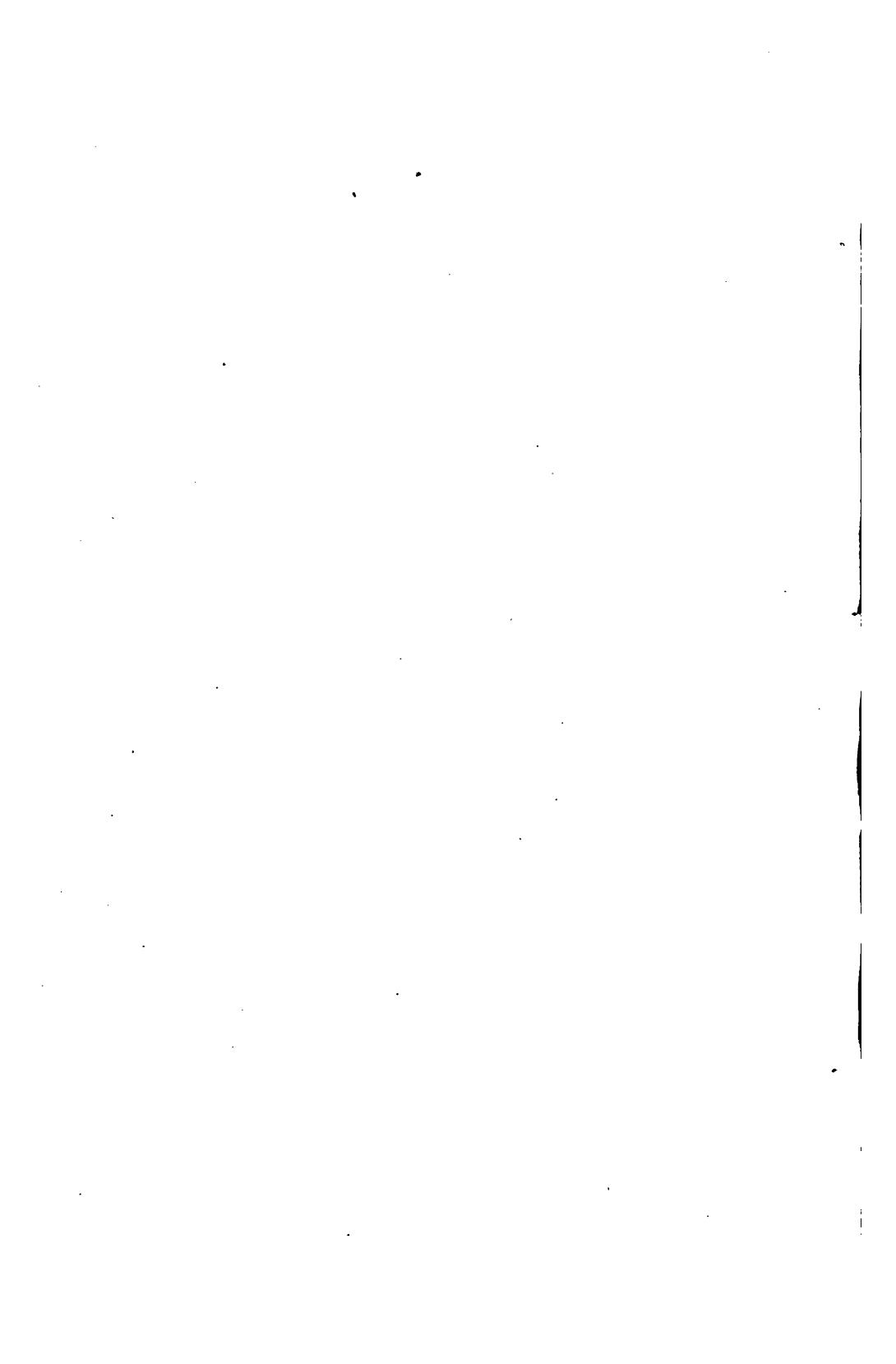
R. G. BHANDARKAR,

Professor of Oriental Languages.

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## **APPENDICES.**

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## APPENDIX I.

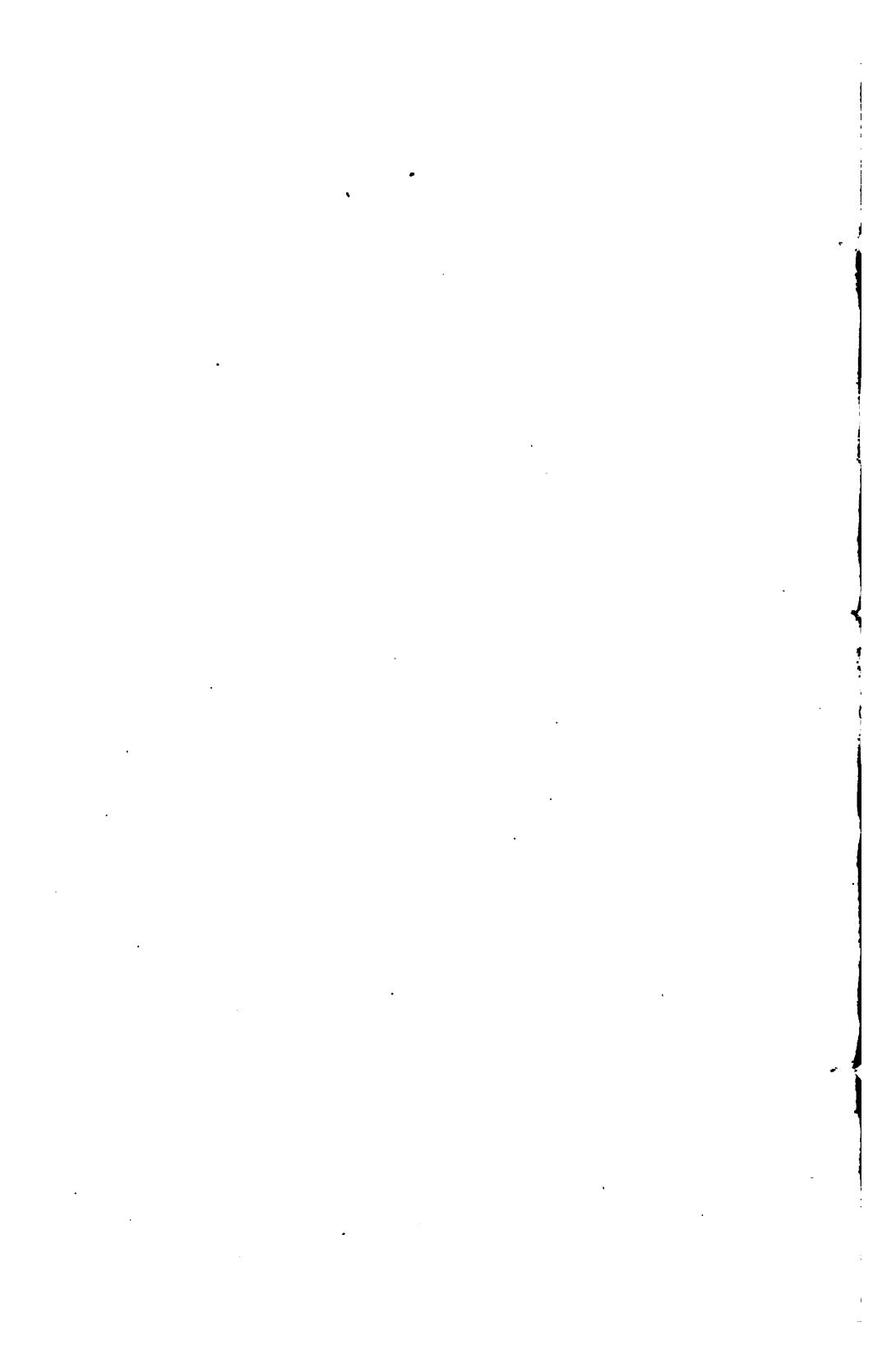
*A Catalogue in English of Manuscripts collected during the year 1882-83.*

### I.—GUJARAT SECTION.

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.

### CLASS I—VEDAS INCLUDING UPANISHADS.

1	Ātharvāṇa Pūrvottaratāpanthyō-panishad.	21	12	28	.....	.....	1st leaf wanting.
2	Āranyakopanishad Sāṃkhyā-yana.	60	9	22	.....	.....	1st two leaves and some at the end wanting.
3	Ūhaṇas of Sāmaṇeva	414	7	24	.....	Saṁvat 1712.	I.—XXXIII. Prapāṭhakas; complete.
4	Ūhyagāṇa of do.	...	82	7	27	.....	Saṁvat 1704.
5	Rigveda, Pada text, Ashṭakas VII. and VIII.	66	12	34	.....	Saṁvat 1520.	I.—VI. Prapāṭhakas; complete. Leaf 33 wanting.
6	Kesirīṣju Brāhmaṇa, ( <i>Devā ha vai.</i> )	53	6	26	.....	.....	Leaf 21 wanting.
7	Gaṇasānti Brāhmaṇa	4	10	33	.....	.....	Complete.
8	Puruṣhaśūktia with Commentary	6	12	40	.....	.....	Do.
9	Mantraprārahmaṇa of Samaveda.	19	10	40	.....	.....	Saṁvat 1610.
10	Mundaka and other Upanishads.	85	12	38	.....	.....	Saṁvat 1740.
11	Yajurvéda Brahmapaniṣhad	...	4	6	8	.....	Saṁvat 1844.



**APPENDIX I.**

*A Catalogue in English of Manuscripts collected during the year 1882-83.*

I.—GUJARAT SECTION.

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
CLASS I—VEDAS INCLUDING UPANISHADS.							

1	Ātharvāṇa Pūrvottaratapanyo-panishad.	21	12	28	.....	.....	1st leaf wanting.
2	Āraṇyakopanishad Sāṅkhya-yana.	60	9	22	.....	.....	1st two leaves and some at the end wanting.
3	Ūthagāṇa of Sāmaveda	... 414	7	24	.....	Saṁvat 1712.	I.—XXIII. Prapāṭha-kas; complete.
4	Ūhyagāṇa of do.	... 82	7	27	.....	Saṁvat 1704.	I.—VI. Prapāṭhakas; complete.
5	Rigveda, Pada text, Ashtakas VII. and VIII.	66	12	34	.....	Saṁvat 1520.	Leaf 33 wanting.
6	Kesiśju Brāhmaṇa, (Devi ha-vari.)	53	6	26	.....	.....	Leaf 21 wanting.
7	Ganḍāṇti Brāhmaṇa	4	10	33	.....	.....	Complete.
8	Purushasūkta, with Commentary	6	12	40	.....	.....	Do.
9	Mantrabrahmaṇa of Śāṁaveda.	19	10	40	.....	.....	Do.
10	Mundaka and other Upanishads.	85	12	38	.....	.....	Do.
11	Yajurveda Brahmapaniṣad	4	6	8	.....	.....	Do.

APPENDIX I—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	Remarks.
CLASS I.—VEDAS INCLUDING UPANISHADS— <i>continued.</i>							
12	Yajurveda Sāṁhitā Vājasaneyā, Part I.	130	8	32	.....	Saṁvat 1528.	Complete.
13	Do. Part II....	149	5	28	.....	Do.	
14	Yajurveda Mantrabhbashya, Chaps. II.—XXI.	160	10	36	Uvata or Uṭa.	Saṁvat 1736. .....	Leaves 1—5, 8—25 and some more wanting: Leaves 1, 2, 37—48, 55, 57, and 61 wanting.
15	Yajurveda Mantrabhbashya, Chaps. XII.—XVIII.	61	11	36	Do.	.....	
16	Yajurveda Mantrabhbashya, Chaps. XIX.—XL.	108	12	40	Do.	Saṁvat 1431.	Complete.
17	Sātapattha Brāhmaṇa, Kāṇḍa IV.	75	8	19	.....	Do.	
18	Do. Kāṇḍa V.	52	12	34	.....	Leaf 15 wanting.	
19	Do. Kāṇḍa VI.	92	9	28	.....	Complete.	
20	Do. Kāṇḍa VII.	124	7	20	.....	Do.	
21	Do. Kāṇḍa X.	141	6	17	.....	Saṁvat 1672.	
22	Do. beginning with <i>sa uai satya.</i>	72	8	25	.....	Leaves 99—107 want- ing.	
23	Do., Hastighaṭa Kāṇḍa, or Kāṇḍa IX.	57	8	20	.....	Some leaves at the end wanting.	
24	Sāṁavedarāhasyopanishad	... 49	12	37	.....	Do.	
						Saṁvat 1806.	Complete.

## CLASS II.—VEDĀNGAS.

25	Anukramikābhāṣya Vājasaneyins.	of the	128	12	42	Devayājñika ...	Saṁvat 1602.	First eight leaves wanting.
26	Charanavyūha	... Sāṅkhāyana	Smṛiti,	6 77	9 8	24 36	..... .....	Saṁvat 1914. Saṁvat 1548.
27	Gṛihya Commentary on.	... Sikshā	... ...	9	11	37	Yājñavalkya ...	First ten and 27—39 leaves wanting. Complete.
28							.....	.....

B 904—8

## CLASS III.—ĪRHĀSAS, PURĀNAS, MĀHĀTMYAS AND STOTRAS.

29	Anusmṛiti	...	8	20	.....		.....	Complete.
30	Ādi Purāna—Vṛindāvanamāhātmya.	... Padma.	171	14	34	.....	.....	Do.
31	Kārtikamāhātmya from Padma	Purāna.	77	11	25	.....	Saṁvat 1737.	Do.
32	Kārajavatratākathā from Vāmanā Purāna.	Vāmanā Purāna.	6	10	24	.....	Saṁvat 1858.	Do.
33	Kāśikhaṇḍa from Skanda Purāṇa with Commentary.	Pu-	314	14	48	Com.—Rāmā-	.....	Do.
34	Kedārakhaṇḍa from Skanda Purāṇa.	Skanda	256	10	25	nanda.	Saṁvat 1777.	Do.
35	Grānatākhaṇḍa from Brahma-	Brahma-	144	9	29	.....	Saṁvat 1805.	Do.
36	Gayāmāhātmya from Śvetavārāhakalpa, Vāyu Purāṇa	Vāyu	31	10	30	.....	.....	Do.
37	Gotriātrākathā ...	Purāṇa	13	9	18	.....	.....	Leaf 2 wanting.

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
38	Gautemîmâhâtmya	...	53	12	39	.....	Complete.
39	Chanda Purâna	...	84	9	27	.....	Chapters I.—XXI.
40	Jagannâthamâhâtmya	...	320	8	20	.....	Complete.
41	Do.	...	176	4	80	.....	Do. Engraved on Tâla leaves.
42	Jitain te Stotra	...	12	7	25	.....	Do.
43	Dâñkapuramâhâtmya	...	38	12	40	.....	Do.
44	Tulasîmâhâtmya	...	38	14	24	.....	Do.
45	Do.	...	79	10	21	.....	Do.
46	Devimahinnâh Stotra	...	9	9	32	Durvâsas	Sarîvat 1827.
47	Draupadîvastraharana	...	12	10	19	.....	Do.
48	Dvârakâmâhâtmya from Prâhlâda-samhitâ.	47	13	49	.....	.....	Sarîvat 1849.
49	Dvârakânâhâtmya from Skanda Purâna.	25	10	39	.....	.....	Sarîvat 1529. Incomplete.
50	Nâgapañchamîvratakathâ from Endrayâmala.	from	5	11	30	.....	Sarîvat 1833. Complete.
51	Pâñchastikâ from Purânas	...	11	13	30	....	Do.



APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	Number of leaves.	Number of lines on each page.	Number of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
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CLASS III.—*Ithâsas, Purânas, Mâhâtmyas and Stotras—continued.*

69	Mathurâmâhâtmya from Vârâha Purâna.	118	10	20	.....	Saînvat 1866.	Complete.
70	Mâghamâhâtmya from Vâyû Purâna.	191	8	28	.....	Saînvat 1757.	Do.
71	Mârkañdeya Purâna.	226	10	36	.....	Saînvat 1619.	A few leaves at the end wanting.
72	Yogavâsishtha, with Commentaries—Chandrikâ on I.—III. and Saînsârataranî on IV.—VI.	400	10	48	Text.—Vâlmîki; Chandrikâ—Âtmasukha.	.....	Complete.
73	Yogavâsishthasâra with commentary.	24	9	61	Commentary—Mahidhara.	.....	Do.
74	Do. do.	41	9	42	Do.	Saînvat 1730.	Do.
75	Do. do.	71	14	27	Do.	Saînvat 1775.	Do.
76	Raghunâthavratakathâ	33	7	23	.....	Saînvat 1748.	First 13 leaves wanting.
77	Lalitâsastra-nâma-stotra	21	9	24	.....	.....	Complete.

78	Vâmanâ Purâna ...	245	12	35	.....	Saivat 1714.	Do.
79	Vishnuvriddhasahastranâma-stotra from Padma Purâna.	20	9	28	.....	Saivat 1759.	Do.
80	Vyañkata-girimâhâtmya from Vâ- râha Purâna.	63	10	32	.....	.....	Do.
81	Sivagîtâ from Padma Purâna ...	33	13	34	.....	Saivat 1775.	Do.
82	Do.	21	13	43	.....	.....	Do.
83	Sishtagîtâ ...	22	8	16	Nimbârka-sîshya	.....	Do.
84	Harigurustavamâlâ ...	63	10	33	Râdhikâdâsâ ...	.....	Do.

## CLASS IV.—DHARMAŚÄTRA OR RELIGIOUS AND CIVIL LAW.

85	Âchârapradipa	74	10	32	Nâgadeva	...	Saivat 1618.	Complete.
86	Upanayana-karma-paddhati	11	10	24	.....	...	Saivat 1832.	Do.
87	Upavîta-karman	14	8	20	.....	...	Saivat 1791.	Do.
88	Karma-pradipa	55	6	24	.....	.....	Leaves 2—4 wanting.	
89	Karma-vipâka	9	13	32	.....	...	Chaps. I.—XII.	
90	Kâlanirnaya	163	11	37	Mâdhava-hârâya	Saivat 1811.	Complete.	
91	Kâlanirnaya-adpîkâ, Gloss on	172	9	30	Nrisinh-hârâya	Saivat 1621.	Leaves 59 & 60 wanting.	
92	Do.	111	10	67	Do.	...	Saivat 1651.	Incomplete.
93	Kritiyaratnâvalî	81	12	24	Râmachandra	Saivat 1827.	Complete.	
94	Grahapithhamâlâ	5	7	24	Aपâdeva	...	Saivat 1804.	Do.
95	Grahâ-santipaddhati	84	11	32	Vasishtâ	...	Saivat 1801.	Do.
96	Jñâna-bhâskara	...	{ 98	36	.....	{	Saivat 1607.	Leaves 40—137.
			{ 88	11	.....	{	.....	Leaves 175—262.
			{ 42		.....	{	.....	Leaves 148—189. A few leaves in the middle wanting.

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	Number of leaves.	Number of lines on each page.	Number of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
97	Jñānabhāskara—Vidhvādharma	120	11	32	.....	.....	Complete.
98	Trīśeṣchihloki with commentary.	33	8	28	.....	Saṁvat 1596.	Do.
99	Dasaślokī, Commentary on	5	12	22	Bhuttoji Dikshita.	.....	Do.
100	Dharmatattvavasarī graha	288	9	37	Mahādeva	.....	A few leaves wanting at the end.
101	Navagrahamakhaśānti	25	8	20	.....	Saṁvat 1643.	Complete.
102	Nibandhanaranīta...	39	8	32	Rāmajit	...	Saṁvat 1673. Leaves 10—12 wanting.
103	Prayogapaddhati ...	33	10	36	Gāṅgādhara	.....	Complete.
104	Prāyaschittamayūkha	175	9	34	Nilakantha	...	Do.
105	Mitalksharā, Chap. I.	99	13	32	Vijñānesvara	.....	Do.
106	Chaps. II. & III. ...	129	13	35	Do.	...	Do.
107	Do., Chap. II.	174	9	46	Do.	.....	Do.
108	Do., Chap. III.	54	16	56	Do.	.....	Do.
109	Yājñavalkya Dharmasāstra	80	9	24	Yājñavalkya	.....	Saṁvat 1709.

CLASS IV.—DHARMASĀSTRA OR RELIGIOUS AND CIVIL LAW—*continued.*

110	Rāghavānanda, Commentary on Manusmṛiti.	266.	10	34	Rāghavānanda.	.....	First leaf and the last six wanting.
111	Budrakalpatarunibandha	262	9	32	Son of Viśve- śvara.	Saṁvat 1801.	Complete.
112	Budravidhāna	11	11	22	Mahidāsabhaṭṭa	Saṁvat 1840.	Do.
113	Shaḍaṅgarudrajapa, Comment- ary on.	25	16	50	Khaṇḍabhaṭṭa	Saṁvat 1778.	Do.
114	Sainikārapaddhati...	124	10	17	Gangādhara	Saṁvat 1650.	Do.
115	Sainskrārabhāskara	100	11	32	Khaṇḍabhaṭṭa	Saka 1725.	Do.
116	Saṁdhyaḥbhāṣya ...	15	9	32	.....	Saṁvat 1844.	Do.
117	Saṁnyāsanirñaya, Commentary on.	28	8	24	.....	.....	First leaf wanting.
118	Saṁnyāsapaddhati	13	10	27	.....	.....	Complete.
119	Saṁnyāsapaddhati from Pratāpa- nārasimha.	51	10	32	Rudradeva	.....	Do.
120	Saṁnyāsapaddhati	9	10	30	Śāṅkara	.....	Saka 1718 ...
121	Saṁnyāsapaddhati	15	11	24	.....	.....	Do.
122	Saṁnyāsisamārādhana...	2	12	28	.....	.....	Do.
123	Samayamayūkha ...	153	9	32	Nilakanta	.....	Saṁvat 1809.
124	Sārasaṅgraha—Karmavipāka...	174	12	33	Son of Kāñha	.....	Saṁvat 1865.
125	Smritichandrikā ...	22	9	38	Yājñika Deva- mabhāṭṭa.	.....	Do.
<i>Vaishnava Dharmasāstra.</i>							
126	Dīkṣhāmāsādīvichāra	19	11	32	.....	.....	Complete.
127	Bhāgavatapurāṇamañjari	31	13	27	Pupil of Niṁ- barka.	.....	Leaf 18 wanting.
128	Saṁnyāsapaddhati	48	9	32	.....	.....	Complete.

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	Number of leaves.	Number of lines on each page.	Number of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
CLASS V.—POEMS, PLAYS, FABLES, &c.							
129	Amarnâtaka, Commentary on...	6	14	44	Kokasainbhava.	.....	First six leaves and some at the end wanting.
130	Âryâvijñapti	...	16	9	Hâmachandra...	Sarîvat 1771.	Complete.
131	Âryâstuti	...	8	10	Mudgala...	Do.	Do.
132	Karuñâlakharî	...	9	7	Jagannâtha ...	Sarîvat 1793.	Do.
133	Kariñanandaprakâśinî, a Commentary on Krishnânilâ.	73	9	33	.....	Leaves 32—35, 64, 65 and a few at the end wanting.	A few leaves at the end wanting.
134	Kâdambarî	...	296	8	Bâna ...	.....	Do.
135	Do.	...	280	10	Do. ...	.....	Cantos IX. to v. 44 of XVIII.
136	Kirâtârjunîya, a Commentary on, entitled Prasannâshityachandrikâ.	110	15	40	Elkanâtha ...	.....	First canto. A few leaves wanting at the end.
137	Kirâtârjunîya, a Commentary on.	30	11	48	Lokânanda ...	Sarîvat 1522.	

188	Kumārasaṅghava...	21	13	38	Kālidāsa	...	Saṅvat 1797.	Cantos I.—VII.
139	Kumārasaṅghava, with a commentary entitled Sukhāvabodha.	87	17	42	Text—Kālidāsa Com.—unknown	.....	.....	Cantos I.—VIII.
140	Khandapraśasti, a Commentary on, entitled Tilaka.	44	11	41	Gāigādāsasātiśas Jñānānanda. Com.—Nārāyaṇa.	.....	First leaf and the last wanting.	
141	Gītagovinda, with a commentary.	27	13	50	Prabhākara	.....	Cantos I.—XII.	
142	Gitarāghava	... 16	12	33	Bilhana	.....	First leaf wanting.	
143	Chaurapāñchāsikā	7	9	24	Kesava	...	First three leaves wanting.	
144	Nṛsiṁhachampū	20	11	24	Iśānadeva	...	First three leaves wanting.	
145	Naishadha, Commentary on	21	12	41	Narhari	...	First three leaves wanting.	
146	Do., Commentary on	158	21	48	Lakshmana-	.....	First two leaves wanting.	
147	Pañchatantra	121	11	40	bhāṭa.	.....	First 23 leaves and some at the end wanting.	
148	Padyarachana	... 42	10	32	Kṛishṇamīśa	...	First 23 leaves and some at the end wanting.	
149	Prabodhachandrodaya	60	10	32	Jagannātha	...	First 23 leaves and some at the end wanting.	
150	Bhāminīvīlāsa	22	11	28	Nāgarāja	...	First 23 leaves and some at the end wanting.	
151	Bhāvāśatka	9	13	34	Dīpanāthasūri	...	First 23 leaves and some at the end wanting.	
152	Bhairavānavaravatna	5	10	32	Ballāla	...	First 23 leaves and some at the end wanting.	
153	Bhojaprabandha	82	10	47	Arandādhara	...	First 23 leaves and some at the end wanting.	
154	Mādhusvānalakathāmaka	19	8	10	Do.	...	First 23 leaves and some at the end wanting.	
155	Do.	...		15	Do.	...	First 23 leaves and some at the end wanting.	

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	Number of leaves on each page.	Number of lines in each line.	Number of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	Remarks.
156	Meghadūta	...	18	11	Kālidāsa	...	Sainvat 1642. Complete.
157	Do., Commentary on another Commentary on.	41	18	35	.....	Do.	Sainvat 1617.
158	Do., another Commentary on.	29	6	28	.....	Incomplete.	Sainvat 1626.
159	Do., another Commentary on.	19	15	42	Lakshmīnivāsa.	Sainvat 1759.	Complete.
160	Do., a Commentary on, entitled Meghalatā.	17	18	64	.....	.....	Do.
161	Raghuvanśadarpana	127	16	36	Hemādri, son of Iśvara.	.....	Cantos V.—XV.
162	Raghuvanśasainkshēpa	...	4	11	32	.....	Complete.
163	Rāssarvāsra	...	29	7	Vīthaleśvara	.....	Do.
164	Rāghavapāñḍavīya	...	50	9	Kavirāja	...	Do.
165	Do., a Commentary on	158	10	30	Sāsadhara	.....	Do.
166	Rāmasākṣa	...	14	10	36	Somesvara	.....
							Sainvat 1670.
							Sainvat 1672.

CLASS V.—Poems, Plays, Tables, &c.—*continued.*

167	Vidagdhamâdhava and Prasan-nârâghava.	24	9	43	Jayadeva	....	....	Leaves 1—14, Prassanna-râghava; and 68—78 Vidagdhamâdhava. Both incomplete.
168	Viddhasâlabhañjikâ	...	14	18	Râjâsékhara	....	....	First two Acts complete; third incomplete.
169	Bilhanapâñchâstikâ	...	5	10	Bilhana	....	....	Incomplete.
170	Vetâlapâñchavimâstikâ	...	34	14	Sivadâsa	....	....	Complete.
171	Sisupâlavadvâha	...	84	13	Mâgha	....	....	Do.
172	Sringârasâtaka	...	14	10	Amaru	....	Sairavat 1680.	2nd leaf wanting.
173	Do., Commentary on ...	40	14	30	....	....	Sairavat 1739.	First four leaves wanting.
174	Sitâsvayainvara from Hanumânâtaka.	3	9	28	....	....	....	Complete.
175	Sudhâlakarî	...	8	7	Panditarâja	....	....	Do.
176	Sâryasâtaka with commentary :	74	11	38	Text—Mayûra; Com.—Tribhuvana.	....	....	Leaves 23—41 and a few at the end wanting.

## CLASS VI.—VYÂKARANA OR GRAMMAR.

177	Kavikalpadruma	...	20	8	Bopadeva	...	....	Complete.
178	Kârakavîchâra	...	22	10	Seshachâkra-	...	....	Do.
179	Dhâtupâtha	...	17	11	pâni.	....	Sairavat 1736.	Do.
180	Paribhâshârthañjarî	...	54	9	Pâñini.	....	Do.	Do.
181	Do.	...	32	11	Bhima...	....	....	Incomplete.

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
CLASS VI.—VYĀKARANA OR GRAMMAE— <i>continued.</i>							
182	Prākṛitasprakāśa	...	20	11	30	Text—Vararuchi; Commentary—Bhāmaha.	.....
183	Prākritasamskāra...	18	10	35	.....	.....	Incomplete.
184	Bhāshyapradīpa, Exposition of...	28	14	32	Iṣvarānanda	.....	Do.
185	Mahābhāshya with Pradīpa	849	18	64	Text—Patañjali; Commentary—Kaiyatā.	.....	First pāda only wanting.
186	Mūlaparibhāshā	...	6	9	24	.....	Complete.
187	Vārtikapātha	...	37	12	16	Kātyāyana	.....
188	Vaiyākaraṇasiddhāntamāñjushā.	458	8	48	Nāgēśabhatta	.....	Do.
189	Vaiyākaraṇasiddhāntaratnākara.	197	14	36	Rāmnakris h n abhatṭa.	.....	Do.
						Saṁvat 1826.	A Commentary on Bhāttoji Dikshita's Siddhāntakanmudi.
						Saṁvat 1848.	—From Declensions to the end of Taddhita.

190	Laghūśabdaratna	111	9	38	Hari Dīkṣhita	.....	To the end of Kāraka.
191	Laghūśabdendusēkhara, mentary on.	... 407	9	39	Vaidyanātha ...	Saṁvat 1865. Do.	
192	Sabdukaustubha, Commentary on.	30	17	40	.....	Saṁvat 1850.	First pāda.
193	Sarasvata, Commentary on ...	359	12	34	Rāmabhaṭṭa ...	.....	Incomplete.
194	Do., Commentary on, en- titled Sāradipikā,	30	16	38	.....	.....	Seven leaves wanting.
195	Siddhāntakauṇḍī	... 75	27	64	Bhattroji Dīk- shita.	.....	To the end of Kṛidanta, part I.
196	Do.—Vaidikī, Svāra, Linga- nusāsana.	91	8	28	Do.	.....	Complete.
197	Do.—Vaidikī, Commentary on.	38	11	32	Jayakrishna ...	.....	Do.
198	Do.—Svāra, Commentary on.	39	15	44	Do.	.....	Do.

## CLASS VII.—Kośas or Lexicons.

199	Anekārthadhvanimāñjari	...	11	11	Mahākshapana- ka.	Saṁvat 1820.	Complete.
200	Amarakośa, Commentary on ...	218	11	47	BhānuDīkṣhita	Saṁvat 1705.	Kānda II.
201	Nāmanālā	6	15	40	Dhananījaya ...	.....	Complete.
202	Mahīpakośa or Śabdaratnākara	21	14	52	Mahīpa	.....	Do.
203	—Anekārthatalaka.	4	10	82	Mahīkāsa	Saṁvat 1880.	Do.
	Mātrikāṅghaṇṭa ...	...					

APPENDIX I.—continued.

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves on each page.	No. of lines on each line.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
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CLASS VIII.—POETICS AND METRICS.

204	Anaṅgeranga	...	49	9	Kalyāṇamalla	Saṇvat 1664.	Complete.
205	Kāvyaprakāśa	...	73	10	Mammata	Saka 1582...	Do.
206	Do.	...	166	7	Do.	Saṇvat 1733.	1st leaf wanting.
207	Do., Commentary on	...	19	16	Jayarāma	.....	Stray leaves.
208	Do., Commentary on	...	61	8	Paramāṇanda	.....	To the middle of Chap. III; leaves 51—66 wanting.
209	Do., Commentary on, entitled Sārabodhinī	79	10	40	Vatsalāñchhana	.....	Chaps. IV—VII.
210	Kāvyālankārasūprabodha	...	52	9	Puñjarāja	.....	To Chap. VIII; several intermediate leaves lost.
211	Kuvalayānandakārikā with gloss.	a	12	16	49	.....	Complete.
212	Piṅgalaśāstra, Prākṛita	...	26	10	Piṅgala	.....	1st leaf wanting; some leaves eaten by worms.

213	Do.	do. with commentary.	10	13	58	Text—Pingala ; Commentary —Manohara-	.....	A fragment.
214	Ratirahasya	...	15	9	80	Srī Kukkoka... Text—Bhānu ;	Saṁvat 1711.	Leaf 15 wanting.
215	Rasamañjarī, with commentary.	...	122	12	44	Co m e n t- ary—Ananta Paridita.	Saṁvat 1817.	Complete.
216	Vrittivārtika	...	...	13	12	48	Appa Dikṣita.	Do.
217	Śringāratilaka	...	...	28	9	46	Rudrabhaṭṭa ... Saṁvat 1656.	To Chap. III.; leaves 1 and 4 wanting.

## CLASS IX.—ŚĀMKHYA AND YOGA.

218	Śāmkhyatattvakanūḍī	...	20	8	53	Vāchaspatis- mīśra.	.....	First 6 leaves and 23rd wanting.
219	Do.	...	36	13	40	Do.	Saṁvat 1732.	Complete.
220	Yogachintāmaṇi ...	...	68	10	24	Gorakshamīśra.	Saṁvat date looks like 1172	Do.
221	Hathapradīpikā	...	...	15	16	48	Svātmārāma Yogin.	must be 1772.

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	Number of leaves.	Number of lines on each page.	Number of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	Remarks.
CLASS X.—VENDĀTA.							
222	Advaitaviveka with commentary.	14	10	36	Rāmakṛishṇa....	.....	Complete.
223	Advaitāmrīta ...	41	10	26	Jagannātha ...	.....	Kavalas I.—V.
224	Do. with commentary.	42	15	48	Jegannātha; Sarasvatī; Commentary—unknown.	.....	Kavalas I. & II.
225	Ātmabodha with a gloss ...	33	6	24	Text—Śāṅkara; Commentary—unknown.	.....	Complete.
226	Ātharvāṇi Mundakopaniṣad-bhāṣya.	22	17	41	Sāṅkara	.....	Do.
227	Īśa, Kena, Katha, Praśna, Mund, Āitareya, and Taittirīya, Bhāṣya on.	24	14	70	Ditto.	.....	Do.
228	Īśavāsabhāṣya ...	17	7	26	Ditto.	...	Saṅvat 1816. Do.

229	Do.	17	7	28	Ditto.	...   Sarivat 1816.
230	Do.	9	12	32	Ditto.	...   ...
231	Upadeśāḥasti, in verse, with commentary.	124	13	49	Text—Śāṅkara ; Commentary—Rā- matīrtha,	Sarivat 1842.
232	Do., in prose, with com- mentary.	46	12	40	Ditto.	.....   Do.
233	Upanishads with Dipikās or Glosses.	677	10	40	Nārāyaṇa	.....   See J., Appendix II.
234	Ornikāramāhātmya or Gitāśra- vasti.	4	10	42	Govindārāma....	.....   Complete.
235	Govindavīṭṭha ...	19	9	32	Text—Vidyāra- ṇya ; Com.— Rāmakṛishṇa.	Sarivat 1840
236	Chitrāḍpa with commentary .	49	9	43	Vāsudevaendra- śīshya.	.....   Do.
237	Tattvāvabodha ..	2	16	44	'Text—Vidyāra- ṇya ; Com.— Rāmakṛishṇa.	.....   Do.
238	Trīptidīpā with commentary...	51	12	35	'Text—Vidyāra- ṇya ; Com.— Rāmakṛishṇa.	.....   Do.
239	Taittirīyopanishadbhāṣya ..	97	18	39	Śāṅkara	Sarivat 1741
240	) Itagīṭā ..	24	9	28	Duttātreya	.....   Do.
241	Dvādaśamahāvākyas, a Comment- ary on.	28	9	32	.....	Sections I.—VIII. Complete.
242	Pāñchakośaviveka with com- mentary.	14	11	42	Text—Vidyāra- ṇva ; Com.— Rāmakṛishṇa.	.....   Do.
243	Pāñchikaraṇavārtika ...	8	12	34	Sureśvara	.....   Do.

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves,	No. of lines on each page,	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
244	Pañchikaranavārtika, Drśadāśa-mahāvākyasiddhānta, and Ma-hāvākyārtha.	58	8	28	Sāmkara	....	Complete.
245	Pranavakalpa ...	21	11	32	Vaikunṭha	....	Do.
246	Prabodhamañjarī ...	13	11	32	Sāmkara	....	Do.
247	Brihadāraṇyakabhbhāṣya ...	164	11	46		....	First 16 leaves wanting; Chap. VIII. comes up to the end of the third Brāhmaṇa.
248	Do., a Commentary on...	353	10	50	Ānandajñāna ...	Saṁvat 1727.	Complete. A few leaves eaten through by worms.
249	Do., Vārtika on ...	463	9	40	Sureśvara	Saṁvat 1728.	Complete.
250	Brihadāraṇyakavārtika, a Com-mentary on.—Chapter VI.	409	7	25	Ānandajñāna ...	Saṁvat 1771.	Do.
251	Brahmasūtra ...	24	6	24	Bādarāyaṇa ...	....	Do.

CLASS X.—VEDĀNTA—*continued.*

252	Bhagavadgītā with Bhāshya ...	137	16	35	Bhāshyā— Sāṅkara.	Saṁvat 1468.	Do.
253	Do.	165	14	33	Do.	.....	Do.
254	Bhagavadgītā with commentary.	108	19	35	Commentary— Śrīdhara.	.....	Do.
255	Do.	111	12	40	Sāṅkara	.....	Do.
256	Mahāvākyābhāṣha ...	4	10	24	Text.—Vidyāra-	Saṁvat 1745.	Do.
257	Mahāvākyaviveka with com- mentary.	4	10	37	nья; Com.— Rāmakṛishṇa.	.....	Do.
258	Mānasollāsa, a Commentary on Dakṣināmūrtistotra.	25	10	26	.....	.....	Do.
259	Do.	20	8	32	.....	Saṁvat 1735.	Incomplete.
260	Yajñavaibhavakhaṇḍa—Brahma- gītā, with commentary.	121	12	35	Commentary— Mādhasvā- chārya.	Saṁvat 1889.	Complete.
261	Vivekachūḍāmaṇi ...	27	12	40	Sāṅkara	.....	Do.
262	Vedāntaparibhāṣha ...	32	13	35	Dharmaṛāja	.....	Do.
263	Do., a Commentary on... Vedānta—Discourses from the Pāñchadāśī.	62	11	30	Rāmakṛishṇa	.....	Incomplete.
264	Do., a Commentary on... S'āṅkarabhāṣha, a Comment- ary on.	80	18	43	Text.—Vidyāra- nья; Com.— Rāmakṛishṇa.	Saṁvat 1721.	A few leaves in the middle wanting.
265	Vedāntāśās, a Commentary on.	58	13	34	Nṛsiṁhaśarasa- vati.	.....	Complete.
266	S'āṅkarabhāṣha, a Comment- ary on.	1172	8	30	Ānandajīvana...	Saṁvat 1812.	First leaf wanting.
267	Sivatattvaviveka ...	196	9	37	.....	Saṁvat 1822.	Complete.

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
268	Saṅkṣepaśāṅkra	...	28	10	45	Sarvajñātma-	.....
269	Do., a Commentary on ...	8	10	27	Rāmatīrtha	.....	Last two Chapters.
	<i>Systems of Vallabha and Madhvā.</i>						Chapter IV.
270	Bhaktiratnāvalī	40	8	32	Vishnupuri	.....	Complete.
271	Do.	47	9	24	Do.	...	Do.
272	Bhaktisiddhāntavivṛti	...	11	9	Gokulanātha	.....	Do.
273	Vivekadhairyāśrayavivṛti	...	41	9	Gokulotsava	.....	Do.
274	Samarpāngadyārtha	...	18	7	Vallabha	.....	Do.
275	Vishnubhaskarīchandrodaya	...	101	11	Nrisimhārājan.	.....	Leaves 1—3, 5, 7—15, 17—19 and some at the end, wanting.

CLASS X.—VEDĀNTA—*continued.*

268	Saṅkṣepaśāṅkra	...	28	10	45	Sarvajñātma-	.....	Last two Chapters.
269	Do., a Commentary on ...	8	10	27	Rāmatīrtha	.....	.....	Chapter IV.
	<i>Systems of Vallabha and Madhvā.</i>							
270	Bhaktiratnāvalī	40	8	32	Vishnupuri	.....	Saṁvat 1712.	Complete.
271	Do.	47	9	24	Do.	...	Do.	Do.
272	Bhaktisiddhāntavivṛti	...	11	9	Gokulanātha	.....	Do.	Do.
273	Vivekadhairyāśrayavivṛti	...	41	9	Gokulotsava	.....	Do.	Do.
274	Samarpāngadyārtha	...	18	7	Vallabha	.....	Saṁvat 1781.	Do.
275	Vishnubhaskarīchandrodaya	...	101	11	Nrisimhārājan.	.....		

CLASS XI.—*NYĀYA AND VAIŚEŚHIKA.*

**APPENDIX I.—continued.**

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	Remarks.
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**CLASS XI.—NĀYĀ AND VĀSHESHIKĀ—continued.**

289	Saptapadārthī	...	13	7	32	Sivāditya	...  Saṁvat 1751. Complete.
290	Do.	...	4	13	48	Do.	Do.
291	Do., a Commentary on	...	25	19	64	Jinavardhāna sūri.	Do.
292	Siddhāntamuktāvalī	...	71	9	34	Vīśvānātha	Do.
						Pāñchānana.	

**CLASS XII.—JYOTISHA OR ASTRONOMY, ASTROLOGY, AND DIVINATION.**

293	Karanakutīhala or Grahāgama-	15	8	32	Bhāskara	...  Saṁvat 1789. Complete.	
	kṛtihala,						
294	Do.	...	17	8	28	Do.	Saṁvat 1607.
295	Do.	...	14	9	32	Do.	Do.
296	Do. with commentary	...	17	17	56	Com.—Sodhala.	Saṁvat 1870.
297	Do.	do.	28	13	32	Commentary—	Saṁvat 1519.
						Padmanābha.	Saṁvat 1796.

298	Do. with commentary and illustrative calculations.	60	15	40	Saṅkarakavi... Saṅvat 1802.	Do
299	Karaṇaprakāśa ...	11	11	28	Brahma d e v a, son of Chand- rabhṛatā.	Saṅvat 1682.
300	Kāmadhenupaddhati Do.	10	9	22	.....	Leaf 6th wanting.
301	Kēśavipaddhati, Illustrative cal- culations of.	10	11	24	.....	Complete.
302	Do.	54	13	32	.....	Do.
303	Khetakasiddhi	6	9	24	Dinakara	Saṅvat 1726.
304	Grahachintāmani ...	5	12	20	Srīnātha	Saṅvat 1909.
305	Grahayoginidāśa	5	13	26	.....	Saṅvat 1796.
306	Grahalaṅghava, Illustrative cal- culations of.	69	14	26	Vīśvarāṭha	Saṅvat 1824.
307	Chandésvara jātaka-Jātakāṣṭha- kavarga.	26	13	24	.....	Saṅvat 1803.
308	Chandrārkī	4	9	27	Dinakara	Do.
309	Chandronmīśī	40	10	32	.....	24 Patalas.
310	Chamatkārachintāmani	9	13	24	.....	Bhāvādhāya.
311	Jātakakarmapaddhati	17	8	20	Srīpati	Complete.
312	Do., a Commentary on	40	13	25	Mādhaba	Saṅvat 1799.
313	Jātakachandrikā ...	22	12	24	Yājñikānātha	Saṅvat 1646.
314	Jātakapaddhativivaraṇa	25	14	32	Kēsava	Saṅvat 1809.
315	Jātakālankārakarman	2	18	44	Srīsuka	Saṅvat 1803.
316	Jyotiṣratnamāla with comment- ary.	138	12	36	Text—Srīpati; Com.—Māha- deva.	Saṅvat 1665.

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

No.	Name of Work.	Number of lines on each page.	Number of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	Remarks.
317	Todarānanda—Jyotiḥsukha-saṁhitāskandha.	171	11	30	Todaravarman	Saṁvat 1672. Complete.
318	Tājikakaustubha ...	... 37	12	45	Bālakrishṇa	Saṁvat 1797.
319	Do. ...	... 41	11	32	Do.	Do.
320	Tājikatantrasāra ...	... 24	12	50	Samarasimha	... First leaf wanting.
321	Tājikatantrasāra or Gaṇakabhāṣya.	68	8	33	Do.	Šaka 1458. Complete.
322	Do. —Chapter III ...	... 14	9	32	Do.	Saṁvat 1491. Do.
323	Tājikasāra ...	... 72	7	24	(of the Second)	Do.
324	Tājikasāra and Maṇītha Tājikagrantha.	14	13	32	Māṇīthāchārya.	... Do.
325	Tājikasāroddhāra ...	... 11	8	24	Vāmana	Saṁvat 1825. Do.
326	Tājikālankāra ...	... 19	10	26	Suryadaivajña	... Do.
327	Davajñālāmukriti ...	... 21	11	32	Tejahsīha	... Saṁvat 1803. Do.
328	Dvādaśabhbhāvivichāra ...	... 10	12	24	Yajña ...	... Saṁvat 1672. Do.
329	Dhruvabhramaṇayātra ...	... 5	10	22	... ....	... Do.

330	Nakshatrajātakādibhāvaphala...	9	10	32	Narapatī	Saṅvat 1644.	Incomplete.
331	Narapatijayacharyā	154	13	40	Kēśava	... Saṅvat 1796.	Complete.
332	Nāvapradipa	7	11	26		Do.	Do.
b 333	Pāñchāpakshiprasnagrantha	5	10	27	Prajāpatidāsa...	Saṅvat 1813.	Do.
904-11	Pāñchāsaraninraya	10	13	32	Text—Ganesā;	Saṅvat 1881.	Do.
335	Pātāśāraṇī with commentary ...	6	12	43	Commentry— Viśvanātha.	....	Do.
336	Pāraśprakāśa	...	14	38	Vedāṅgarāya...	....	First leaf wanting.
337	Praśnañāna	...	9	12	Bhojadēva	....	Complete.
338	Praśnañāna	...	15	12	Brahmārka	...	Do.
339	Praśnādipikā	...	11	12	Kāśinātha	...	First leaf wanting.
340	Praśnavaiśiṣṭhava	...	21	16	Siddhanārāyaṇa	....	Complete.
341	Brihajātaka	...	30	10	Varāhamihira	....	Do.
342	Brihajātaka vivarana	...	95	15	Mahidāsabhatta	Saṅvat 1801.	Do.
343	Brihajātaka with commentary.	110	10	40	Varāhamihira and Mahidāsabhatta	Saṅvat 1804.	Do.
344	Brahmatulya, a Gloss on	31	12	32	.....	Saṅvat 1796.	Do.
345	Brahmasiddhānta of Śākalyasaini-	22	13	44	.....	Saṅvat 1861.	Do.
	hitā.						
346	Bhātātulya, a Karanagrantha	23	11	24	Dāmodara	....	Do.
347	Mūhūrtachintāmaṇī with com-	230	11	38	Rāmadaivajña	....	Do.
	mentary.						
348	Mūhūrtatattva, Commentary on	116	11	26	Gaṇesādaivajña	....	Do.
349	Yavanejātaka	91	10	28	.....	Saṅvat 1621.	Incomplete.
350	Yognīdasākrama ...	3	11	20	Bālakrishna	... Saṅvat 1796.	Leaves 133 and 134 wanting. Complete.

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
351	<i>Yogintdasājīkā</i> ...	...	7	11	32	Saivat 1797.	Complete.
352	Ramalacintāmani	26	13	32	Chintāmani	Saivat 1811.	Do.
353	Rajāvalī	7	12	26	.....	Saivat 1796.	Do.
354	Rajāvaliphalagranti	22	9	24	.....	Saivat 1803.	Do.
355	Shaipāñchāśikā with commentary.	16	12	32	Com.—Utpala-bhatī.	Saivat 1891.	Do.
356	Samvitprakāśa	25	13	37	Gorindakavīśvara.	Saivat 1858.	Do.
357	Siddhāntasiromani—Part I.	28	10	40	Bhāskara	.....	Do.
358	Do. —Golādhyāya with Vāsanābhāshya.	37	14	36	Do.	.....	Do.
359	Do. —Golādhyāya	16	10	32	Do.	.....	Incomplete.
360	Shivasiddhānta	20	13	32	.....	.....	Incomplete.
361	Strīyannapatrībhāvādhīyā	12	13	40	Mahādeva	.....	Complete.
362	Hora-pradipa, with commentary in Vernacular.	12	13	30	.....	.....	Do.
						.....	Do.

## CLASS XIII.—VAIDYAKA OR MEDICINE.

363	Ashtāṅgayogaḥridayasainhita...	249	9	37	Vāgbhata	... Sainvat 1486	Incomplete.
364	Āurvedaprakāśa...	89	11	38	Mādhabopādh-	..... Complete.	Complete.
365	Āyurvedamahodadi-Rasavīrya	10	15	42	Sushēṇa	... Sainvat 1791	Do.
366	Āyurvedadarśāyana, Comment-	47	12	45	Hemādri	... .....	232—278 leaves only.
367	Āyurvedasāstra-Vṛiddhāyoga-	14	15	38	.....	... Sainvat 1779	Complete.
368	Charakasainhita—Śāfrakā	49	9	38	Charaka	... Sainvat 1811	First leaf wanting.
369	Chikitsārasaśaingraha	75	9	28	Kṣhemasāśāmā-	... Sainvat 1811	One leaf wanting.
370	Dravyagunaśaśāstikā	16	9	26	Trimalla	... Sainvat 1842	Complete.
371	Yogachintāmaṇi ...	15	9	27	Dhanvantari	... Sainvat 1842	Do.
372	Rasapaddhati with commentary.	49	14	38	Commentary—	... Sainvat 1842	37th leaf wanting.
373	Rasāvatāra	...	111	12	37	... .....	Leaves 7, 8, 10 and 11 wanting.
374	Vaidyaīvans	...	27	6	34	Lolimbarāja ... Srikanṭhadatta.	Complete.
375	Vyākhyākusumāvatī	...	68	17	50	... .....	Leaves 43—55 want-
376	Vyākhyāmadhukōśa	...	{ 38	13	37	... .....	ing. 165—220 leaves only —a few leaves in the middle wanting.
377	Sainkara—Vaidyakasāra	7	{ 46	11	40	Rāma... Sainvat 1555	103—148 leaves only. Complete.

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
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## CLASS XIII.—VANDYAKA OR MEDICINE—continued.

378	Satasālokī	...	23	16	22	Bopadeva	Sainyat 1642 Complete.
379	Do.	...	18	14	32	Do.	Do.
380	Do. with commentary	...	66	16	24	Of both, Bopadeva.	Sainyat 1760 Incomplete.
381	Siddhayogamālā	...	30	10	26	Siddharshi	Sainyat 1524 Leaves 9—12 wanting.
382	Saṃśruta—Sūtrasṭhāna	...	68	11	33	....	Sainyat 1647 48—88 and 92—118 leaves only.

## CLASS XIV.—TĀNTREKĀ LITERATURE.

383	Kārtavṛtrīrjunakavacha Uddāmaratantra.	from and	8	10	34	.....	.....	Complete.
384	Gāyatrīsaṃhāraṇāman others.	and	114	5	21	.....	Sainyat 1839	Do.
385	Gautamīya Mahātantra	...	113	10	32	.....	Sainyat 1733	Do.
386	Chāṇḍiydhānapaddhati	...	19	17	26	Kāmalākara- bhatṭa.	.....	Do.
387	Tattvānandatarasringī	...	21	10	40	Pūrṇānanda ...	Sainyat 1743	As far as Ullāsa XI.

388	Tantrasāra	...	...	337	9	46	Krishnānanda-	Saṁvat 1685	Complete.
389	Dakshināmūrtisainikītā.	...	38	8	36	bhaṭṭāchārya.		25	Patalas.
390	Baṭukapāñchāṅgaprayoga pada-	104	8	24	.....		Saṁvat 1897		Complete.
391	dhati.								Do.
391	Mantrapārāyaṇa and Tripuro-	8	10	32	.....				Do.
	panishad.								
392	Mantramuktāvalī ...	16	8	28	.....				Do.
393	Mantraratnamājñishā ...	40	9	36	.....				Do.
394	Mantrasāstra Urdhvāmnāya ...	19	10	32	Trivikram a-				Do.
					bhaṭṭa.				
395	Mahākālīśūktā from Rudrāy- mala.	27	10	16	.....				Do.
396	Yogasārasamuchchaya from Akulāgama mahātantra.	38	10	28	.....				As far as the 9th pa-
397	Yoginiśrīdayadīpikā ...	72	7	21	Ānandanātha				ṭala.
					Yogipravara.				Complete.
398	Rāmastavarāja from the Saṇat- kumārasaṁhitā.	9	9	24	.....				Do.
399	Satachanāḍipaddhati	53	10	28	.....				Saṁvat 1833
400	Sivarahasya — Himavatkhanḍa	545	14	28	.....				Do.
	Bk. VII.								Saṁvat 1764
401	Do.	95	9	43	.....				Do.
402	Śrīparāpūjana ...	51	8	28	Iśvarayoga in Chidrūpānanda				Do.
403	Saṁkshēpārchanavidhi ...	25	13	29	.....				Do.

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
CLASS XV.—ŚUĀA AND SAṂGHA OR ART.							
404	Rājavallabhbhāṣṭiāstra	...	30	14	38	Māṇḍanashīrā-	Saṁvat 1578 Complete.
405	Vāstumāṇḍana	...	85	13	32	dhāra. Do.	Saṁvat 1675 Do.
406	Saṅgītaratnākara, Commentary on.	33	10	48	Singabhāṣṭala	.....	Incomplete.
407	Saṅgītaratnākara—Piṇḍaprakaraṇa Śāriṇa.	8	12	32	.....	.....	As far as the 4th Adhyāya.
CLASS XVI.—MISCELLANEOUS.							
408	Chaturāgavilāṣaṇapīmañjari	48	10	42	.....	.....	Complete.
409	Yāvānaprīpāyanukrama	39	9	32	Dalapāñītāya	.....	Do.
410	Lekhapañchāśikā ...	20	12	38	.....	Saṁvat 1536 First leaf wanting.	
CLASS XVII.—JAINA LITERATURE (a).							
411	Aṇuttaravāśiṣṭa	9	11	39	.....	.....	Complete.
412	Anuyogaśītra, Commentary on.	162	13	52	Hemachandra	Saṁvat 1652 Do.	

418	Anekaśāstrasārasanuchchaya...	43	10	40	.....	Saṁvat 1461	Leaves 1—5 and 10—22 wanting.
414	Anekārthaśaṅgraha...	88	16	56	Hemachandra.	.....	First leaf wanting.
415	Upadeśamālāprakaraṇa (in Prā- krit).	21	18	87	Dharma d & a- gani.	.....	Complete.
416	Upāsakadāśāṅgasūtra (in Prā- krit).	29	13	38	.....	Saṁvat 1566	First leaf wanting.
417	Oghaniryukti with commentary.	77	17	60	.....	.....	Leaves 1—18, 82— 102, 104—113, 115— 125 and 127—132 wanting.
418	Karpūramañjari—Javanikā I...	8	11	37	Vāchanāchārya	.....	Complete.
419	Karpūramañjari—Javanikā II...	11	7	35	Do.	.....	3rd leaf wanting.
420	Kalpakiranāvalī, a commentary on the Kalpasūtra.	321	9	36	Dharmasāgarā	.....	Complete.
421	Kalpanañjari, a commentary on the Kalpasūtra.	128	15	46	Sahajekārti	.....	Do.
422	Kalyānamandirabālāvabodha ...	12	19	45	Pupil of Vā- dhāmanasūri	.....	Incomplete.
423	Kālikāchāryakathā ...	15	13	32	Āmarasimha ...	.....	Complete.
424	Kāvyakalpalatā with the Sūtras.	66	17	47	Dharmasekha- ragani.	.....	Do.
425	Kshullakabhbavāliprakaraṇa ...	2	17	57	Sumatigani, pu- pil of Jinapati	.....	Do.
426	Ganadharsārdhaśatakavritti — Lives of Vardhamāna and others	28	15	60	.....	.....	Do.
427	Gurvarāvalī ...	7	15	40	.....	.....	Do.
428	Chatuhśaranaṇapā in nā, with commentary in Vernacular.	9	18	62	.....	.....	Do.

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.

CLASS XVII.—JAINA LITERATURE (a)—*continued.*

429	Chandraprajñaptisūtra Jñātādharmakathāsūtra	... ...	65 147	11 13	40 60	..... .....	Saṁvat 1686. First three leaves wanting.
430	Jyotishkāstāra—Mandalavichāra.	2	14	37	.....	.....	Complete.
431	Trishashtisalākāpurnushacharitra	118	15	38	.....	.....	Do.
432	—Parvan VII. Do. VIII. ...	124	15	53	Indranandi	.....	234—338, leaves only. A few intermediate leaves wanting.
433	Darsanaratnākara ...	94	15	15	...	.....	Complete.
434	Daśavaikālikasūtra	14	15	51	Śayyaṁbhava-	.....	
435	Do. with Avachūri	24	21	72	Gañadhara. (Avachūri) Ti-	.....	Do.
436	Daśāśrutaskandhasūtra ...	19	14	48	Lakāchārya. .....	.....	Do.
437	Duriyayastotra ...	3	13	28	Jinavallabha ...	Saṁvat 1703.	Do.

438	Desināmāmālā with Vṛitti	...	60	17	49	Hemachandra...	.....
439	Dhātupāṭha of the Sārasvatā	...	20	18	33	Harshakirtisūri.	A few leaves wanting at the end.
440	Do. with commentary	...	69	17	46	(Of both) Do.	Complete.
904	Navatattvaprakarana with commentary in Vernacular.	...	8	8	25	.....	Do.
441	Nisīthashatra	...	16	15	47	.....	Do.
12	Pāndavacharitramahākāya	...	166	13	58	Devarahastasūri.	First leaf wanting.
443	Pārvanāthacharitramahākāya	...	181	13	38	Bhāvadevasūri.	Do.
444	Prajñāpanāśṭra	...	325	11	32	.....	Complete.
445	Praśnayuktakaranaśṭra (in Prākrit).	...	35	13	50	.....	Do.
446	Bhagavatśūtra	...	372	13	56	.....	Safrvat 1570.
447	Bhagavatśūtravishvavṛitti	...	400	16	54	Abhayadevasūri	1st leaf wanting.
448	Bhojacharitra	...	38	15	40	Rājavallabha ...	Complete.
449	Bhojaprabandha	...	19	15	44	Merutūṅgāchārya.	Do.
450	Yogaśāstra, Prakāśas of, with commentary in Vernacular.	...	28	22	60	Hemachandra .	12th leaf wanting.
451	Rāmachaitra	...	155	13	41	Devavijayagni.	Complete.
452	Vāsudhārāmahāvidyā	...	3	17	61	.....	Safrvat 1652.
453	Vidagdhamukhamandana	...	6	21	66	Dharmaśā ...	Do.
454	Vivekavilāsa	...	42	13	41	Jinadattasūri ...	Do.
455	Satrūnijayakalpa	...	2	10	32	Bhadrabāhu ...	As far as the 4th Parichcheda.
456	Sabdabhūshana, & grammar	...	12	13	32	Danavijay o pādhyāya.	Complete. Do. Do.

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.

II.—MARATHA SECTION.

CLASS I.—VIDAS INCLUDING UPANISHADS.

487	Aśtottaraśatopanishadah, or 108 Upanishads.	542	14	38	.....	.....	The Taittirīya and Mantrika Upanishads wanting.
488	Ātharvaṇamuṇḍakopanishad ...	7	7	25	.....	.....	Complete.
489	Kaṇvaśākha, Pada text of	{ 83 29 }	8	32	.....	Saka 1532 ...	Incomplete.
490	Keṇopanishad ...	3	4	26	.....	.....	Complete.
491	Māndūkyopanishad ...	... Chhāndogyopanishad ...	8	9	28	.....	Do.
492	Talavakāropanishad ...	3	10	38	.....	.....	Do.
493	Praśnopanishad ...	9	9	28	.....	.....	Do.
494	Bṛihadāraṇyopanishad—Chapter VI.	16	8	28	.....	.....	Do.
495	Vājasaneyasamhitā ...	{ 168 108 }	7	30	.....	Sairvat 1816.	Da.

496	Śatapatha-Bṛāhmaṇa—Kānda I.	165	8	27	.....	Saṁvat 1610.	Do.
	—Havirajña.						
497	Do. — do. — do.	132	8	22	....	Saṁvat 1680.	First 22 leaves wanting.
498	Do., Kānda II.—Ekavai.	111	7	28	....	Saka 1725 ...	Complete.
499	Do., Kānda IV.—Graha-kānda.	24	7	28	....	.....	Incomplete.
500	Do., Kānda V.—Sa vai.	73	11	28	....	Saṁvat 1782.	Complete.
501	Do., Kānda X. ....	57	9	30	....	.....	Leaves 38—42 wanting.

## CLASS III.—VEDINGS AND SACRIFICIAL MANUALS.

(a) Vedāṅgas.							
502	Elikākshari Baita—Chaps. I.—III.	20	7	13	.....	.....	Complete.
503	Kātyāyana Śrautasūtra, Com-	{ 42	9	44	{	.....	.....
	mentary on—Chaps. I.—III.	{ 61	10	44	{	.....	.....
504	Do., Com-	66	8	32	Yajñika Deva .	Saka 1717 ...	Do.
	mentary on—Chap. X.	{ 72	11	86	Do.	.....	.....
505	Do. do.—Chap. XXV	{ 65	8	50	Do.	.....	.....
506	Do. do.	50	8	50	Do.	.....	.....
507	Kātyāyana Śrautasūtra	36	11	26	Kātyāyana	.....	.....
508	Do., Com-	27	11	52	.....	.....	.....
	mentary on.						
509	Kātyāyana Grīhyasūtra	34	8	28	Kātyāyana	.....	.....
510	Do.	37	6	20	Do.	.....	Do.
511	Do.	29	6	20	Do.	.....	2 Kāndas.
512	Do., Com-	78	11	61	Jayarāma	.....	Complete.
	mentary on.						

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
CLASS III.—VEDĀNGAS AND SACRIFICIAL MANUALS— <i>continued.</i>							
(a.)— <i>Vedāngas</i> — <i>continued.</i>							
513	Jatāpatalavyākhyā	24	7	36	Dayāśāmikara	....	Complete.
514	Pratiñāstītra and Navakāṇḍikā- śātra.	8	8	25	.....	....	Do.
515	Pratisākhyā, Commentary on ...	10	11	32	Uvata	....	Chap. V.
516	Pratisākhyā, Commentary on ...	48	9	28	Uvata	....	Incomplete.
517	Pratisākhyā, Commentary on— Jyotiṣnā.	11	12	40	Rāma	....	Do.
518	Pratisākhyavyākhyā	21	11	33	A nantabhatta	....	Do.
519	Bhāshikavṛitti	12	10	22	Mahāsvāmin	1713	Complete.
520	Sarvānukrama	12	10	24	.....	....	Incomplete.
521	Snānasūtradipikā	60	8	24	Gopinātha	1722	Complete.
(b.)— <i>Sacrificial Manuals.</i>							
522	Agnishtomaprayoga of the Vā- jasaneyins.	67	9	29	.....	....	80—146 leaves.
523	Āgrahāyaneshṭikālānirṇaya of the Vājasaneyins.	2	12	50	....	....	Complete.

524	Ādhānapaddhati of the Vājasaneyins.	33	10	40	Gaṅgādharabhaṭṭa.	.....	Do.
525	Iṣṭikālānirṇaya of the Vājasaneyins.	37	8	24	Murāri	Šaka 1704 ..	Do.
526	Chāturmāsyaprayoga of the Vājasaneyins.	26	9	38	.....	.....	Incomplete.
527	Jyotiṣṭoma, Part II, of the Vājasaneyins.	26	9	53	.....	.....	Do.
528	Darsapūrṇamāspaddhati of the Darsapūrṇamāsaḥantra of the Vājasaneyins.	40	9	31	Deva ...	Šaka 1667 ..	Complete.
529	Darsapūrṇamāsaḥantra of the Vājasaneyins.	12	7	25	Naraharibhṛta.	Šaka 1761 ..	Do.
530	Do. do. Darsapūrṇamāseshti of the Vājasaneyins.	17	9	22	.....	Šaka 1719 ..	Do.
531	Nirūḍhapasūlhautra of the Vājasaneyins.	22	8	25	.....	.....	Leaf 3 wanting.
532	Pishtapaśukhaṇḍanamāṁśas.	9	9	24	.....	Šaka 1712 ..	Complete.
533	Do. do. Paurṇamāseshti of the Vājasaneyins.	11	9	22	Nārāyaṇa Pañḍita.	.....	Do.
534	Pishtapaśukhaṇḍanamāṁśas.	15	12	32	Nārāyaṇa Pañḍita.	...	Do.
535	Paurṇamāseshti of the Vājasaneyins.	27	9	36	.....	Sarivat 1834.	Do.
536	Prātarṇādhyāmīdinastava of the Vājasaneyins.	2	12	41	.....	.....	Incomplete.
537	Śrautakarma or rituals of the Vājasaneyins.	138	10	40	.....	.....	First 4 leaves wanting.
538	Śrautaprayogas of the Vājasaneyins.	14	9	28	.....	.....	Complete.

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
539	Sāyanprātarhoma of the Vā- jeṣaneyins.	6	11	24	.....	.....	Complete.
540	Somapadārthakathana of the Vājasaneyins.	107	7	37	.....	Sāñvat 1855 Saka 1720.	Do.
541	Somaprayoga of the Vāja- saneyins.	130	10	28	.....	.....	First 46 leaves want- ing.

CLASS II.—VEDĀNGAS AND SACRIFICIAL MANUALS—*continued.*(b.)—SACRIFICIAL MANUALS—*continued.*

539	Sāyanprātarhoma of the Vā- jeṣaneyins.	6	11	24	.....	.....	Complete.
540	Somapadārthakathana of the Vājasaneyins.	107	7	37	.....	Sāñvat 1855 Saka 1720.	Do.
541	Somaprayoga of the Vāja- saneyins.	130	10	28	.....	.....	First 46 leaves want- ing.

## CLASS III.—ITIHĀSAS, PURĀNAS, MĀHĀTMYAS AND STOTRAS.

542	Anantavratakathā and pūjā ..	... { 10	9	18	.....	Saka 1780 ...	Complete.
543	Rishipāñchamīkathā and pūjā ..	32	6	16	.....	Sāñvat 1899.	Do.
544	Gangāsāhasranāman and Aśitātaka.	22	10	19	{ Ashtaka — Kālidāsa.	Sāñvat 1903.	Do.

545	Ganéśabrahmaviveka ...	{ 3 }	8	21	Rāmachandra Ganéśa.	... ...	Incomplete.
546	Gurūda. Purāṇa—Pretakhandā... Turajāsahāraṇāman from Skandā. Purāṇa.	{ 7 }	92	32	Saṁvat 1703.	Leaves 11--13 wanting.	
547	Trīṁśatistotra from the Lalitopākhyanā in Brahmanḍa Purāṇa.	14	6	30	.....	Complete.	
548	Trīṁśatistotra from the Lalitopākhyanā in Brahmanḍa Purāṇa.	9	9	30	.....	Do.	
549	Nāśikakshetramāhātmya ... Pañchavatīmāhātmya from Padma. Purāṇa.	79	8	24	Saka 1699...	Leaf 2 wanting.	
550	Pañchavatīmāhātmya from Padma. Purāṇa.	28	12	37	.....	Complete.	
551	Pañcharātrāgama-Jitān te Sto- tra.	9	8	26	.....	Do.	
552	Purushottamamāhātmya ... Prayāgramāhātmya from Brahma Purāṇa.	10	15	38	.....	Incomplete.	
553	Prayāgramāhātmya from Brahma Purāṇa.	37	12	46	.....	Complete.	
554	Brahma Purāṇa—Śrīraṅgamā- hātmya.	25	12	46	.....	Do.	
555	Brahmavaivartasāra, ... Bhaktiratnāvalī or Collection of Verses from the Bhāgavata with commentary.	9	10	21	.....	Do.	
556	Brahmavaivartasāra, ... Bhaktiratnāvalī or Collection of Verses from the Bhāgavata with commentary.	82	13	30	.....	Do.	
557	Bhāgavata, Skandha II, with commentary.	78	12	54	.....	First 3 leaves and a few at the end wanting.	
558	Bhāgavata, Skandha VI, with commentary.	100	10	30	.....	Saṁvat 1782.	Complete.

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
CLASS III.—ITIHĀSAS, PURĀNAS, MĀHĀTMYAS AND STOTRAS— <i>continued.</i>							
559	Bhāgavata, Skandha VII	67	15	45	Commentary by Sridhara.	.....	Incomplete.
560	Do. do. with commentary.	94	10	37	.....	.....	Complete.
561	Bhāgavata, Skandha X, with commentary.	132	14	32	.....	.....	Incomplete.
562	Bhāgavata, Skandha XII	34	11	34	Commentary by Satyābhinavayati.	.....	Complete.
563	Bhāgavata, Commentary on, Skandhas X & XI.	34 68	12	41	.....	.....	Do.
564	Bhāgavata, Commentary on, entitled Bhagavallakshintamani.	33	10	33	.....	.....	Incomplete.
565	Bhārata from Ādi to Bhishma Parvan.	1,047	16	48	.....	.....	S'aka 1616 Complete.
566	Bhārata from Drona to Svarga- rohāna Parvan.	725	16	48	.....	Do.	Bhāva Sam-vatsara. S'ānti Parvan wanting.

567	Mâghamâhâtmya from Vâyu Purâna.	128	11	32	.....	.....	Leaves 105--119 wanting.
568	Râmanânamâhâtmya ...	... 74	13	35	Achyutâśrama .	.....	Complete.
569	Râmaстutivâkhyâ ...	... 12	9	25	.....	.....	Incomplete.
570	Vajrapâñjarastotravyâkhyâ ...	... 17	13	34	.....	.....	Do.
571	Vishnu Purâna with commentary.	447	14	54	Commentary by Ratnagarbha	.....	Do.
572	Vyaṅkatesamâhâtmya from Brahmânda Purâna.	24	11	28	.....	.....	Complete.
573	Śivagîtâ from Padma Purâna ...	142	7	16	Both by Viśvarâdhâ Nârâyana.	Saka 1715 ...	Do.
574	Sivastuti and Commentary ..	15	8	40	.....	.....	Do.
575	Śrinivâsakavachântastotras from Agni Purâna.	10	7	28	.....	.....	First 3 leaves wanting.
576	Skanda Purâna—Kârtikamâhâtmya.	50	11	34	.....	.....	Incomplete.
577	Skanda Purâna—Mârgasîrshamâhâtmya.	36	14	34	.....	.....	.....
578	Haritâlikâvrutakathâ and pûjâ .	10	11	26	.....	.....	.....
579	Harivansha ... ...	414	14	40	.....	Sainvat 1607.	Complete.
							Do.
CLASS IV.—DHARMASĀSTRA OR RELIGIOUS AND CIVIL LAW.							
(a)—General.							
580	Adhyâyopâkarmapprayoga ...	... 16	9	32	.....	.....	Complete.
581	Anteshṭiprayoga ...	... 32	9	18	.....	.....	Incomplete.

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
(a)—General—continued.							
CLASS IV.—DHARMAŚĀTRA OR RELIGIOUS AND CIVIL LAW— <i>continued.</i>							
582	Āśauchanirṇaya	...	36	9	23	Govindāchārya.	....
583	Kâkamaithunadarśasānti	...	2	14	46	Do.	Complete.
584	Kâlabheda—Chândra, Sâvana, &c.	4	10	40	... ...	Do.	Incomplete.
585	Gotrapravaranirṇaya	...	11	10	41	Bhuttoji Dîk- shite.	....
586	Do.	...	35	9	28	Kamalâkara ...	...
587	Do.	...	42	12	36	Raghu n â t h a- bhajta.	...
588	Goprasarâsânti	...	5	7	20	Do.	Do.
589	Grahadîpikâ	...	35	9	32	Do.	Do.
590	Grahayajñâ	...	24	9	28	Do.	Incomplete.
591	Tirthapráptadinakṛitya	...	8	10	26	Do.	Do.
592	Dvârayâtrâvidhi from a Purâna	...	4	14	44	Do.	Do.
593	Pallisaraḍasânti	...	2	9	40	...	Complete.
						Šaka 1703 ...	....

				Incomplete.
594	Pûrteprakâsa from Pratâpanârasîha.	Dushṭamâstâdi-	10	29 Rudradeva, son of Toro-Nârâyâ.
595	Prathamartau śânti.	Dushṭamâstâdi-	16	9 30 ..... .....
596	Prayogâsâra	22 8	28	..... .....
597	Prâyaschittâdinânakaroddyota	97 9	40	Dinakara
598	Prâyaschittadîpikâ	24 9	46	Râma
599	Madanapârijâtakâ ...	344 12	38	..... .....
600	Do. — Sâpinḍyâ- nirnaya.	8 13	31	..... .....
601	Mâtrigotranirnaya ...	4 16	29	Nârâyâna
602	Mâsanirnaya, from some work ...	19 11	32	..... .....
603	Mâsâdinirnaya.	11 7	26	Dhundi
604	Mitâksharâ—Akhâra	54 12	56	Vijñâneśvara
605	Yâjnavalkya Smriti	50 10	41	..... .....
606	Râmârohanachandrikâ	123 8	30	Ânanda v â n a, pupil of Mukundavâna.
607	Vivâhapaddhati ...	... 32	10 18	..... .....
608	Vyatîpatajanâmânti	... 6	7	33
609	Shashtipûrtisânti ...	... 3	11	32
610	Sairiskâragaingâdhara	... 81	9	Gaṅgâdhaśa Dikshita.

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
611	Saṁskārabhāskara	...	170	9	25	Khaṇḍabhatta, son of Mayū- rēvara.	Śaka 1773 ... Up to the end of Ārkavāha.
612	Sarvatobhadrīngatbhadra	...	18	9	19	.....	Complete.
613	Sāpiṇḍyakalpalata...	...	3	12	21	Apadeva	Do.

CLASS IV.—DHARMAŚĀSTRA OR RELIGIOUS AND CIVIL LAW—*continued.*

(a)—General—continued.

611	Saṁskārabhāskara	...	170	9	25	Khaṇḍabhatta, son of Mayū- rēvara.	Śaka 1773 ... Up to the end of Ārkavāha.
612	Sarvatobhadrīngatbhadra	...	18	9	19	.....	Complete.
613	Sāpiṇḍyakalpalata...	...	3	12	21	Apadeva	Do.

(b)—*Of the followers of Mahavira.*

614	Karmanirnaya, Commentary on.	31	9	33	Jayaśīrtha. (The original by Ānanda- tīrtha).	.....	Complete.
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615	Karmanirnaya, Gloss on the Commentary on.	104	8	42	Roti Vyanikata- chārya.	.....	Incomplete.
616	Dinatrayanirnaya ..	...	6	7	32	Vidyādhīśamuni	Complete.
617	Dinatrayamīmāṃsā	...	56	11	27	Nārāyaṇa ...	Leaves 1, 19, 51 and 52 wanting.
618	Sadāchārasmṛiti with Dipikā ..	221	8	30	Text—Ānanda- tīrtha; Dip.— Nārāyaṇa ā- chārya.	.....	Leaves 60, 61, 64, 180 and 181 wanting.

## CLASS V.—POEMS, PLAYS, FABLES, &amp;c.

619	Kirāṭārjunīya ..	...	127	7	22	.....	.....
620	Khaṇḍapraśasti with com- mentary.	com-	90	11	26	Commentary— Gunavivaya.	To the end of Canto XVII. Leaves 14—21, 116 and 126 want- ing.
621	Gītagovinda with commentary ..	..	90	10	40	Commentary by Nārāyaṇa bhāṭṭa at the suggestion of Bhikkadāsa.	Complete. Do.

## APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
CLASS V.—POEMS, PLAYS, FABLES, &c.—continued.							
622	Tṛthaprabandhakāvya Do., Commentary on, entitled Bhāvaprakāśikā.	22	8	38	Vādirājatīrtha.	.....	Complete.
623	Do., Commentary on, entitled Bhāvaprakāśikā.	30	13	30	Nārāyaṇāchārya	.....	Do.
624	Narakāsuravadhyāyoga	11	13	43	Kesava Pañḍita	.....	Incomplete.
625	Nrisīṁhachampū	14	13	37	.....	.....	Complete.
626	Bhāmīntivilāsa, Commentary on.	54	16	68	.....	.....	Leaves 19, 21, 23—wanting.
627	Madhvavijaya	94	8	30	Nārāyaṇāchārya	.....	Incomplete.
628	Raghuvamīsa	133	10	31	Kālidāsa	.....	A leaf or two wanting at the end.
629	Do., Commentary on ...	20	13	47	Dinakaramisra.	.....	Canto III.; Canto IV. unfinished.
630	Batnāvalī	25	13	25	Śrīharsha	....	Complete.
631	Rāmakrishṇakāvya with commentary	32	7	29	Both by Dai- vajña.	.....	Do.

**CLASS V.—POEMS, PLAYS, FABLES, &c.—continued.**

B 904—14	632	Rukminīśavijayakātya	...	114	11	32	Vādirājatīrtha	.....	Leaves 1—7 and 21 wanting. Canto I.
	633	Do., Commentary entitled Bhāvaprakāśikā.	on,	421	10	37	Nārāyanāchārya	.....	Leaves 1—41 and 316—329 wanting. Canto I. wanting.
	634	Vidagdhamukhamanḍana	...	18	11	39	Dharmadāsa	...	Incomplete.
	635	Śrīnivāsachampū	...	42	13	47	Śrīnivāsa	...	Leaves 1—3 wanting.

## CLASS VI.—VYĀKARĀNA OR GRAMMAR.

636	Uṇādiśtravṛitti	...	122	7	39	Ujjvaladatta	...	Saṁvat 1680. Complete.
637	Kārakachakra	...	13	14	42	Ananta	...	Leaf 2 wanting.
638	Dhāturtūpāni	...	15	9	24	.....	.....	Paradigms of roots of the first three classes.
639	Prayogamukhamanḍana	...	18	9	56	.....	.....	Complete.
640	Madhyakaumudī	...	45	8	20	Vāradarāja	.....	Up to the end of Declensions.
641	Do.	...	80	13	80	Do.	.....	Up to the end of Conjugations.
642	Do.	...	25	9	26	Do.	...	Kṛidanta or Verbal Derivatives.
643	Manorāmā	1. Up to the end of compounds. 2. Taddhita	{ 69	12	45	{ Bhattoji Dikshits.	.....	Complete.
644	Śabdaratna	...	{ 66	19	40	{ Hari Dikshita	.....	Up to the end of Prāti-pādikasainjñāsūtra.
			{ 52	11	35	}		

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
645	Abhidhānaratnamālā	...	...	77	11	18	Halāyudha Sadāchārya Dhananījaya Bhānu Dikṣnitā.
646	Ekāksharanighanṭa	...	...	6	11	28	Samvat 1540. Complete.
647	Dhananījayaakośa	...	...	18	12	30	Do. Incomplete.
648	Nānārthamānijari	...	...	16	10	21	Saka 1574 ... Complete.
649	Vyākhyāsudhā, a commentary on the Amarakośa.	106	9	9	106	33	Saka 1710 ... Incomplete.

## CLASS VII.—Kośas or Lexicons.

645	Abhidhānaratnamālā	...	...	77	11	18	Halāyudha Sadāchārya Dhananījaya Bhānu Dikṣnitā.
646	Ekāksharanighanṭa	...	...	6	11	28	Samvat 1540. Complete.
647	Dhananījayaakośa	...	...	18	12	30	Do. Incomplete.
648	Nānārthamānijari	...	...	16	10	21	Saka 1574 ... Complete.
649	Vyākhyāsudhā, a commentary on the Amarakośa.	106	9	9	106	33	Saka 1710 ... Incomplete.

## CLASS VIII.—POETICS AND METRICS.

650	Navarasaratnalāra	...	...	6	11	36	Tripāṭhī rāma. Bhānu Kālidasa. Vāgbhaṭa.
651	Rasasharanginī	...	...	34	12	31	..... Incomplete.
652	Śrutabodha	...	...	4	9	39	..... Complete.
653	Vāgbhaṭālām kāra	...	...	11	12	34	..... Incomplete.

## CLASS IX.—SĀMKHYA AND YOGA.

654	Sāmkhyatattvakaumudi	...	29	9	49	Patañjali	.....	.....	Incomplete.
655	Yogaśūtra	...	...	6	8	40	...	...	First chapter.

## CLASS X.—VEDĀNTA.

(a)—*Saṅkarañchārya's or Ādwaita.*

			32	9	29	Text—Saṅkarañchārya. Com. —V & m s n a		Complete.
656	Aparokṣhanubhūti with a Maṛatṭhī commentary.		11	14	49	Narahari	.....	Do.
657	Ātharvanopanishadvyākhyā	...	36	15	42	Chaturdhara	.....	Incomplete.
658	Ganapatiśābhāṣya	...	{ 41	14 }	45	Vidyāraṇya	.....	Do.
659	Pañchadasī	...	33	16	7	Do.	.....	Do.
660	Pañchadasāśchitradīpa	...	16	7	28	Saṅkarāchārya	.....	Complete.
661	Mahāvākyavivaraṇa	...	39	11	23	Saṅvat 1871.	.....	Do.
662	Vishnusahasranāmabhāṣya	...	36	15	48	Saṅvat 1736.	.....	Do.
663	Vedāntaparibhāṣha	...	40	11	32	Dharmaṛāja-bhāṭṭa.	.....	Do.
664	Vedāntasāra	...	...	12	12	Saddānanda	.....	Do.

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
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CLASS X.—VEDĀNTA—*continued.*(a)—*Śaṅkarāchārya's*—continued.

665	Siddhāntabindū	...	...	22	11	35	Madhusūdana-
666	Sūttasamhitā—Yajñavaibhāṣaṇa-khaṇḍa with commentary.	189	12	57	Com.—Mādhyavāchārya.	.....	Part I.
667	Saundaryalaharī with commentary.	46	12	45	Text.—Śaṅkarāchārya.	.....	Complete.

(b)—*Madhv'a's or Dvaita.*

668	Advaitasiddhikhaṇḍana	...	269	9	37	Vanamālin	...	Śaka 1742 ... Leaves 33—42 and 241—243 wanting.
669	Abhinavachandrikā, a commentary on Tattvapratkāśikā.	{ com-	{ 156 87	15	38	Satyānāthayati.	.....	Chapters I. & II.

670	Ātharvana Mundaka Upanishad, a Bhāshya on.	6	10	34	Ānandatīrtha... S'aka 1544 ...	S'aka 1544 ...	Complete.
671	Do., do., a Gloss on.	13	11	40	Vyāsatīrtha ...	S'aka 1544 ...	Do.
672	Īśāvāsa, a Bhāshya on	6	9	18	Ānandatīrtha... Do.	.....	Do.
673	Do. do.	3	9	32	Do. ....	.....	Do.
674	Aitareyopanishad, a Commentary on.	16	8	38	.....	.....	Incomplete.
675	Kathālakṣaṇavivaraṇa Do., a Commentary on.	16	10	47	Jayatīrtha ...	.....	Complete.
676	Do., a Commentary on.	10	14	40	Vyāsatīrtha ...	.....	Do.
677	Gītā, a Commentary on	124	8	37	Vidyādhīrāja... Do.	.....	Incomplete.
678	Tattvanirnaya, a Gloss on	12	12	53	.....	.....	Chapters I—II.
679	Tattvapratikṣikā, a commentary on Madhvabhāshya.	176	11	40	Jayatīrtha ...	.....	
680	Tattvapratikṣikāvivaraṇa (Upādhibhāshana).	19	13	39	Do. ....	.....	Incomplete.
681	Do. ....	13	10	42	Do. ....	.....	Complete.
682	Do. ....	16	10	32	Do. ....	.....	Do.
683	Tattvavivekavivaraṇa (Mandāraṇañjari).	29	15	45	Vyāsayati ...	.....	Leaf 2 wanting.
684	Tattvasaṁkhya, a Commentary on.	13	7	32	Jayatīrtha ...	.....	Complete.
685	Do. ....	4	12	42	Do. ....	.....	Incomplete.
686	Tattvasaṁkhya, a Commentary on.	13	15	32	Yadupati ...	.....	Complete.
687	Tattvasaṁkhyañavivarana	10	11	26	Jayatīrtha ...	.....	Do.
688	Tattvoddyota (original)	5	10	34	Ānandatīrtha... Do.	.....	Do.
689	Tattvoddyota ...	16	11	25	Do. ....	.....	Do.

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
CLASS X.—VEDĀNTA.— <i>continued.</i>							
<i>(b)—Mālava's or Dvaita.—continued.</i>							
690	Talavakāropanishadbhāshya, Commentary on.	a	5	10	36 Bhāshya—Ā- nandatīrtha. Commentary— Vyāsayati.	Saka 1544.	Complete.
691	Tātparyachandrikā, a gloss on Jayatīrtha's Tattvapratkṣikā.	62	11	42 Vyāsatīrtha ..	.....	Incomplete.	
692	Taittirīyopaniśad, a Bhāshya on.	13	10	35 Ānandatīrtha...	Saka 1592 ...	Complete.	
693	Durmatakhanḍana ...	14	8	34 .....	Saka 1706 ...	Do.	
694	Dvādaśastotrotāṇi with com- mentaries.	40	12	36 Text—Ānanda- tīrtha. Com.—	Saka 1698.	Do.	
695	Nyāyasudhā, a commentary on Brahmasūtrānuvṝkhyāna.	158	14	56 Govindanīra.	.....	Incomplete.	
696	Nyāyāmrītarāraṅgi, a com- mentary on Vyāsatīrtha's Nyā- yāmrīta.	{ 49 22 }	11	56 Rāmāchārya ...	.....	Do.	

697	Do.	26	11	35	Do.	.....	Do.
698	Prapañchamithyātvakhaṇḍa nā- vivaraṇa.	10	11	41	Orig.—Ānanda- tīrtha. Vivaraṇa —Jayatīrtha.	.....	Complete.
699	Do.	19	8	31	Do.	.....	Incomplete.
700	Pramānapaddhati	30	11	36	Jayatīrtha	.....	Complete.
701	Pramālakṣhana, a. Commentary on, entitled Nyāyavikalpaṭa. Prasnopaniṣadḍipikā ...	72	9	21	Do.	.....	Do.
702	Bṛihadāraṇyabhbhāṣya, a Com- mentary on.	3	12	34	Ānandatīrtha...	Saṅkīrtanā 1544 ...	Do.
703	Bṛihadāraṇyabhbhāṣya, a Com- mentary on.	23	11	39	Bhāṣya—Ānan- datīrtha.	Saṅkīrtanā 1678.	Chaps. V.—VII.
704	Brahmaśūtra, a Bhāṣya on ...	32	7	29	Ānandatīrtha	.....	First three pādas of Chap. I. wanting.
705	Do.	58	9	25	Do.	.....	Incomplete.
706	Do.	94	13	32	Do.	.....	Complete. A few leaves torn.
707	Brahmaśūtra, a Gloss on ...	39	11	45	.....	.....	Incomplete.
708	Brahmaśūtrāṇubhbhāṣya	5	8	19	Ānandatīrtha...	.....	Complete.
709	Brahmaśūtrāṇurvṛ̥khyāna	21	12	35	Do.	.....	Chaps. I.—III.
710	Bhaktiratnākara, with comment- ary.	32	14	11	Text—Vāna- mālin.	.....	Nine Prakaraṇas.
		24		44	Commentary— Unknown.	.....	

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
711	Bhāgavatatātparyanirṇaya ...	43	9	35	Ānandatīrtha...	.....	Skandha X. and a por- tion of Skandha II. Chaps. IV.—XXXII.

CLASS X.—VEDĀNTA—*continued.*(b)—*Madhva's or Dvaita—continued.*

712	Bhāratatātparyanirṇayapramāṇasamgraha.	37	10	29	Ānandatīrtha...	.....	Skandha X. and a por- tion of Skandha II. Chaps. IV.—XXXII.
713	Bhāvaprakāśa, a commentary on Anubhāshya.	22	9	39	Nṛsiṁha	.....	Complete.
714	Bhāvaprakāśikā, a gloss on Jayatīrtha's Commentary on Prapañchamithyātvānumānakhaṇḍana.	36	12	31	Vyāṣṭyati	.....	Do.
715	Māyāvādakhaṇḍanavivaraṇa ...	14	7	28	Orig.—Ānanda-tīrtha. Viv.—Jāyanta-tīrtha.	.....	Do.

716	Do.	11	9	25	Do.	...	Saka 1589...	Do.
717	Do,	a Gloss on.	13	12	Sr̄inivāsa	...	Do.	Do.
718	Mārutamandana	...	63	11	Vanamālin	...	Leaf 1 wanting.	Complete.
719	Vishṇutattvavairnaya	...	30	10	Anandatīrtha	...	Leaves 11, 12, 15—20,	Leaves 11, 12, 15—20,
904	Do., a Commentary on.	...	167	11	Jayatīrtha	...	159 and 160 wanting.	Leaves 1, 99, and 162
—15	Do.	do.	180	11	Do.	...	wanting.	Incomplete.
721	Vishṇupañchaka	...	11	7	16	....	....	....
722								

(c).—*Bhakti.*

723	Bhaktimānasastūtra with Bhāshya.	a	32	12	38	Satīra—Sāṇḍī— Iyamuni.	Saka 1739...	Complete.
						Bhāshya—Sva- pnēvara.		

## CLASS XI.—NĀYĀ AND VAIŚHĀNIKA.

724	Arhmitiparāmarśakāryakāraṇa-bhāva.	17	11	32	....	....	....	Complete.
725	Ākhyātavāda	...	6	9	46	....	....	Do.
726	Do.,	a Gloss on	37	10	40	Raghudeva	....	Do.
727	Kārikāvalī	...	9	11	29	Visvanātha	....	Do.
728	Kārakavyākhya	...	14	11	36	Pañchānana.	....	Do.

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
729	Gādādhari—Vyāptivāda	42	9	48	Gadādhara	...	Incomplete.
730	Do. —Sāmānyanirukti	42	10	42	Do.	...	Complete.
731	Chintāmaṇi—Pratyakṣakhaṇḍa	20	15	50	Gāṅgeśa Mahopādhyāya.	...	Incomplete.
732	Do. —Śabdakhaṇḍa	171	8	41	Do.	...	A few leaves wanting.
733	Jāgadīśī—Vyāptivāda	82	9	45	Jagadīśa	...	Incomplete.
734	Do. — do.	85	11	36	Do.	...	Complete.
735	Do. —Sāmānyanirukti	22	10	45	Do.	...	Incomplete.
736	Tarkachandrika, a commentary on Tarkasamgraha,	37	12	35	Vaidyānātha	Saka 1644...	Complete.
737	Tarkaprakāśa	28	16	46	Sṛikānta	...	Incomplete.
738	Tarkasamgrahadipikā	29	10	31	Annambhaṭṭa	...	Complete.
739	Didhiti—Sāmānyanirukti	14	12	46	Śiromani	...	Incomplete.
740	Do.—Anumānakhaṇḍa	132	9	45	Do.	...	Complete.
741	Nāñarthavāda	15	14	45	Rāghunēdeva	...	Do.
742	Nyāyaratnāvalī, a commentary on the Siddhāntarāmāṇjari.	14	10	40	Vāsudeva	...	Incomplete.

743	Nyāyarahasya, a commentary on Nyāyasūtra.	42	11	39	Rāmabhadra ...	.....	Leaves 3, 4, 13 and 14 wanting.
744	Nyāyasāra ...	... 47	10	46	.....	.....	Leaves 1, 17 and 22 wanting. Incomplete at the end.
745	Nyāyasadhdhāntamañjari	... 22	15	41	Jānakī attha Chūdāmani.	....	Leaves 1, 2, 19 and 20 wanting.
746	Do.	...{ 15 12}	8	35	Do. ....	.....	Three prakaraṇas, viz., Pratyakṣha, Anumā- na, and Upamāna.
747	Do. , mentary on. Nyāyasūtra	Com- ... Padārthaḥkhanḍana	65	14	Śrīkrishna Nyāyavāgīśa. Gautamamuni .	.....	S'abdakhanḍa.
748	Padārthaḥkhanḍana	... 3	13	9	42	.....	Incomplete.
749	Padārthaḥchandrikā, a Comment- ary on.	... 46	16	47	Siromani	.....	Complete.
750		9	23	23	Orig. — Śeshā- nanta. Com. —Nṛisiṁha- chārya.	.....	Up to the end of Ud- deśa.
751	Padārthaḥpikā	... Do.	23	11	34	.....	Incomplete.
752	Padārthaḥmāla	... Parāmarśakāraṇapakṣhatāvāda...	31	13	33	.....	Do.
753	Bhavānandi—Vyāptivāda	... 16	78	13	32	Jayarāma	Do.
754	Mathurānāthī—Vyāptipārvapak- sharahaṁsya.	... 210	21	12	44	.....	Complete.
755		16	8	46	Bhavānanda	.....	Incomplete.
756		210	14	35	Mathurānātha	.....	Complete.
757	Mālāmathurānāthī—Vyāptigra- hopāya.	14	8	41	Do.	.....	Incomplete.

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

No.	Name of Work.	No. of leaves.	No. of lines on each page.	No. of letters in each line.	Author's Name.	Age.	REMARKS.
758	Mūlamathurānāthī	...	65	8	44	Mathurānātha	..... Up to the end of Sidhāntalakṣhaṇa.
759	Do. — Hetvābhāssas.	13	8	47	Do.	...	Complete.
760	Sāmānyaniruktikroḍa	18	12	58	.....	.....	Incomplete.

CLASS XI.—NĀYĀ AND VĀISHESHIKA—*continued.*

761	Mūhūrtachintāmaṇi	...	42	11	24	Rāma ...	...  Saka 1743 ...  Complete.
762	Swapnādhyyāya	...	7	8	25	Bṛihaspati	...  Do.

## CLASS XII.—JYOTISHA.

763	Vaidyakayogachandrikā	...	150	7	36	Lakshmana	...  .....  Complete.
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## CLASS XIII.—VĀDYAKA OR MEDICINE.

## CLASS XIV.—TĀNTREKĀ LITERATURE.

764	Kakshapuṭī	...	...	48	8	24	Siddhanāgār-	Up to the end of Pa-
765	Devīpūjāprakarana from Nigam-	...	26	9	27	juna	ta XI.	ta XI.
	mas.		....	....	....		Complete.	Complete.
766	Bhavānīsaḥasraṇāman from Ru-	29	6	19	.....		Śaka 1608 ...	
	drayāmala.						Leaf 11 wanting.	
767	Mantrāśāstra, & portion of a	18	10	24	.....			Incomplete.
	treatise on.							
768	Lakshmiḥridyastotra	23	8	18	.....			Complete.
	Ātharvaṇarāhasya.							
769	Lalitāśaḥasraṇāman	...	21	9	25	.....		Do.

## CLASS XV.—ŚILPA OR ART.

770	Kuṇḍamārtanda with comment-	26	18	47	Anantabhatta,	Śaka 1672 ...	Complete.
	ary.						

## CLASS XVIII.—WORKS IN THE VERNACULAR.

771	Mahāvākyavivaraṇa	...	10	15	27	Jīṣṇadeva	...	Leaves 1—4 wanting.
772	Vākyavṛtti, a Commentary on..	...	55	9	20	.....	.....	Complete.

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

भरतवर्षीश्वर्यो गोहययीप्रदेशे १८८२-१८८३ रिक्सवत्ससे संग्रहीतानां प्रस्तकानां सूचि।

अनुक्रमांकः	ग्रन्थनामः	पत्र संख्या।	पृष्ठग- तपञ्जलि- संख्या।	पृष्ठग- तपञ्जलि- संख्या।	प्रम्यकृतो नामः संख्या।	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट किमपि पूर्णो पूर्णो वा।
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## अ—गुरुदेशतः

वर्गः प्रथमः—सोपनिषदो बेदाः

१	आधर्णापूर्वोत्तरापनिषदेष्व... .	२१	१३	१८	...	...	प्रथमपत्रं नास्ति.
२	आरण्यकोपनिषद् सांख्यायनशाखा- या:·	६०	६	२१	...	...	प्रथमं पत्रहयं नैव. अन्ते च कानिचित्प्राणि न.
३	ऋग्गानं सापवेदस्य	४१४	७	१४	...	संवत् १७१२	१-१३ प्रथाठकाः—समग्रम्.
४	ऋग्गानं तस्मैव	४२	७	१७	...	संवत् १७०४	१-६ प्रथाठकाः—समग्रम्.
५	ऋग्गवेदपदानि—छट्टमात्रकम्	६६	१२	३४	...	संवत् १७२०	३३ पत्रं नास्ति. प्रथमपत्रं सप्तमाणकस्य.
६	केशिराङ्गनालालणम्—देवा ह वै.	५३	६	१६	...	...	२१ पत्रस्ताभावः
७	गणशान्तिनालालणम्	४	१०	३३	...	...	समग्रम्.
८	पुरुषसूक्तं व्याख्यया सह	६	१२	४०	...	...	समग्रम्.

१	मन्त्रालयम् ( सामवेदस्य )	४०	१०	१६०	१६१०	संपूर्णम्.
१०	गुण्डकाद्युपानिषदः	३८	१२	१६१	१७४०	संपूर्णः.
११	यजुर्वेदे ब्रह्मोपानिषदः	८	८	८	१८४४	संपूर्णः.
१२	यजुर्वेदसंहिता वाजसनेयिनां सेव	१३०	१३०	१९२८	संपूर्णम्.	
१३	यजुर्वेदमन्त्रालयम्—अध्यायाः २—१९।	१४६	१०	१०	१७३६	संपूर्णम्.
१४	तदेव—अध्यायाः १२—१८	...	६१	११	१६	उच्चारः
१५	तदेव—अध्यायाः १२—१८	...	६१	११	३६	...
१६	तदेव—अध्यायाः १२—१८	...	१०८	१२	४०	स एव
१७	शतपथब्राह्मणम्—चतुर्थकाण्डम्	७६	८	१६	१४३१	संपूर्णम्.
१८	तदेव—पञ्चमकाण्डम्	६३	१३	३४	...	संपूर्णम्.
१९	तदेव—षष्ठः काण्डः	६३	८	२८	...	१६ पत्रस्याभावः:
२०	तदेव—आष्टमः काण्डः	१२४	७	२०	...	संपूर्णः;
२१	तदेव—दशमः काण्डः	१४१	६	१७	...	संचर्तु १६७२
२२	तदेव—स वै सर्वेत्यादि	७२	८	८	...	त्रु. अते.

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	प्रथमनामः	पत्र-संख्या.	एष्टग-तपाङ्कि	पाङ्किताक्षर-संख्या.	प्रथकृतो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट किमपि पूर्णे संपूर्णा वा.
१३	तदेव—नवमं काण्डम्—हस्तिघट-काण्डम्.	१७	८	१०	...	...	त्रृ. अन्ते.
१४	सामवेदरहस्योपनिषद्	४९	१३	३७	...	संवत् १८०६	संपूर्णा.

बगो हितीयः—वेदाङ्गानि.

१६	अनुक्रमणिकाभाष्यम् ( वाचसप्नेयि- नाम्).	१२८	१२	४३	देवयाज्ञिकः	संवत् १६०२	आदिमान्यष्ट पत्राणि न सति.
१६	चण्णवृहः	६	२	१४	...	संवत् १६१४	संपूर्णः
१७	शाङ्खापनगृहस्मृतिविवरणम्.	७७	८	३६	...	संवत् १६४८	१-१०, २७-३९ पत्राणि न सति.
१८	शिक्षा याहवलक्षी	९	११	३७	पाङ्कवल्क्यः	...	संपूर्णा.

**चर्गस्त्रतीयः**— इति हासपुण्याहासयस्तोत्राणि।

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	ग्रन्थनामः	पत्र-संख्या	पृष्ठा-तप्तिः संख्या	पाङ्क-ताक्षर-संख्या	ग्रन्थकृतो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट किमपि पूर्णे उपूर्णा वा।
४३	डङ्गुरामाहात्म्य	३८	१३	४०	४०	...	संपूर्णम्
४४	तुलसीमाहात्म्यम्	३८	१४	२४	...	...	संपूर्णम्
४५	तदेव	७९	१०	२१	...	...	संपूर्णम्
४६	देवीमहिम्नः स्तोत्रम्	१२	६	३२	दुर्वासा:	संवत् १८१७	संपूर्णम्
४७	द्वौपदीवस्त्वहरणम्	१२	१०	१८	...	...	संपूर्णम्
४८	द्वारकामाहात्म्य प्रलृहादसंहितायाम्	४७	१३	४८	...	संवत् १८४६	संपूर्णम्
४९	द्वारकामाहात्म्य स्कन्दपुराणे	२६	१०	३६	...	संवत् १९२९	त्रिटितम्
५०	नागपञ्चमीव्रतकथा ऋद्यमले	११	११	३०	...	संवत् १८३३	संपूर्णम्
५१	पठचस्त्रूम् पुणाणान्तर्गतानि सूक्तानि	११	१३	३०	...	...	संपूर्णम्
५२	प्रभासत्वादप्	२६१	११	३८	...	...	त्रिटितम्
५३	ब्रह्मखण्ड ब्रह्मनैवत	१६६	११	१०	...	संवत् १७९९	१-३० अध्यायाः

१४	भगवद्गीतामाहात्म्यं वराहपुराणे... भागवतपादात्म्यम्	२४	संपूर्णम्.
१५	भारते समाप्ते	८६	संपूर्णम्.
१६	भारते समाप्ते	१३	संपूर्णम्.
१७	भारत आरण्यपर्वे	१०	व्यासः
१८	भारत आरण्यपर्वे	१०	स एव.
१९	भारते विराटपर्वे	८	स पूर्व.
२०	भारते विराटपर्वे	१३	स पूर्व.
२१	भारते उद्योगपर्वे	२०	स पूर्व.
२२	भारते भीमपर्वे	२०	स पूर्व.
२३	भारते तदेव	२०	स पूर्व.
२४	भारते कर्णपर्वे	२०	संशत् १६७४
२५	भारते गदापर्वे	२०	आदिमं पत्रदण्डं न.
२६	भारते मौसलपर्वे	२०	संपूर्णम्.
२७	भारते शान्तिपर्व—मोक्षधर्मः— अपद्धर्मः—रजतधर्मः	१७	संपूर्णम्.
२८	भारत आनुशासनिकपर्व	११	शुटितम्.
२९	भारत आश्रमवासिकपर्व	१६	संपूर्णम्.
३०		१६	संपूर्णम्.

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	ग्रन्थनामः	पत्र-संख्या।	पृष्ठग-पंडित-ताखर-संख्या। संख्या।	ग्रन्थकृतो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवशेषं किमपि पूर्णं उपूर्णं वा।
६८	भुवनेश्वरीस्तोत्रम्	...	१८	१३	४९	मूः प्रथमधाराचार्यः टी. पद्मनाभः
६९	मथुरामाहात्म्यं वाराहपुराणे।	११८	१०	२०	संचत् १८६६	संपूर्णम्
७०	माघमाहात्म्यं वायुपुराणे।	१२१	८	१८	संचत् १७६७	संपूर्णम्
७१	मार्कण्डेयपुराणम्	१२६	१०	३६	संचत् १६१९	श्राटितम्
७२	योगवासिंह सटीकम् । १-३ टीका—चर्चिका । ४-६, संसार-तरणी।	४००	१०	४८	मूः वास्त्रीकी: चर्चिका—आतम- सुखः	संपूर्णम्
७३	योगवासिंहसारं सटीकम्	२४	६	६१	टी. यशोधरः	संपूर्णम्
७४	तदेव सटीकम्	४१	६	४३	टी. स एवः	संचत् १७३०
७५	तदेव सटीकम्	७१	१४	२७	टी. स एवः	संचत् १७७६
७६	रघुनाथवत्कथा	३३	७	१३	...	संचत् १७४८

ब्राह्मानि त्रयोदश पत्राणि न-

७७	ललितासहस्रनामस्तोत्रम्	...	११	९	१४	...	...	...	...
७८	वामपुराणप्	...	१४६	१२	३९	...	...	संबृद्धीम्।	संबृद्धीम्।
७९	विष्णुदृढसहस्रनाम पद्मपुराणे	...	२०	६	२८	...	...	संबृद्धीम्।	संबृद्धीम्।
८०	व्यङ्गटगिरिमहातम्य	बाराहपुराणे।	६३	१०	३२	...	...	संबृद्धीम्।	संबृद्धीम्।
८१	शिवगीता पद्मपुराणात्परिता।	...	३३	१३	३४	...	...	संबृद्धी।	संबृद्धी।
८२	सेव	...	२१	१३	४३	...	...	संबृद्धी।	संबृद्धी।
८३	शिष्टगीता	...	२२	१	१६	...	...	संबृद्धी।	संबृद्धी।
८४	हरिगुहस्तवमाला	...	६३	१०	३२	...	...	संबृद्धी।	संबृद्धी।

वर्णक्षमतर्थः—धर्मशास्त्रम्।

८५	आचारप्रदीपः:	...	७४	१०	३१	३१	१६१८	संबृद्धी:
८६	उपनयनकर्मपद्धतिः	...	७१	१०	१४	...	संबृद्धी।	संबृद्धी।
८७	उपवर्ततकर्म	...	७४	८	२०	...	संबृद्धी।	संबृद्धी।
८८	कर्मप्रदीपः:	...	६६	६	१४	...	३—४ पत्राणामभावः	३—४ पत्राणामभावः
८९	कर्मविपाकः:	...	६	१	३२	...	संबृद्धी।	३—११ अस्यायाः
९०	कालनिर्णयः	...	१६३	११	३७	...	संबृद्धी:	संबृद्धी:
९१	कालनिर्णयदीपिकाविवरणम्।	...	१७१	१	३०	...	संबृद्धी।	६९६० पत्रयोरभावः

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	ग्रन्थनामः	पत्र-संख्या।	पृष्ठग-पाइङ्ग-तपाइङ्ग-ताक्षर-संख्या।	ग्रन्थकृतो नामः। संख्या।	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट किमपि पूर्णोऽपूर्णो वा।
१२	कालनिर्णयदीपिकाविवरणम्.	११९	१०	६७	दृसितहाचार्यः	संवत् १६९१ लघुद्वितम्.
१३	कृत्यरत्नावली	८१	१३	२४	रामचन्द्रः	संवत् १८२७ संपूर्णः.
१४	ग्रहणीठमाला	६	७	२४	अपादेवः	संवत् १८०४ संपूर्णः.
१५	ग्रहशान्तिपद्धतिः	३४	११	३३	वसिष्ठः	संवत् १८०१ संपूर्णः.
१६	ज्ञानभास्करः	९८	११	३६	...	संवत् १६०७ ४०—१३७ पत्राणि ।
		८८	११	३६	...	१७६—२६२ पत्राणि ।
		४२	११	३६	...	१४८—१८९ पत्राणि । मध्ये कार्तविक्ष.
१७	ज्ञानभास्करे विविधाधर्मपत्रकरणम्.	१६०	११	३२	...	संपूर्णः.
१८	त्रिशत्त्वांश्चौको सटीका	३३	८	२८	...	संवत् १९६६ संपूर्णः.
१९	दशशङ्कोकीविवरणम्	६	१२	३२	महोजिदीशितः	संपूर्णः.
२०	धर्मतत्त्वसंग्रहः	२८८	९	३७	महादेवः	अन्ते खण्डितः

१०१	नवप्रहमवशान्तिः	३०	३२	संवत् १६४३ संपूर्णी।
१०२	निवन्धनवानातम्	३२	३६	१०—१२ पत्राभावः
१०३	प्रयोगपद्धतिः	३५	३६	संवत् १६७३ संपूर्णी।
१०४	प्रायश्चित्तपथवः	३४	३८	गङ्गाधरः नीलकण्ठः विज्ञानेश्वरः संवत् १८०६ संपूर्णी।
१०५	मिताक्षरायां प्रथमोच्यायः	३२	३६	स एव. स एव. विज्ञानेश्वरः संवत् १९३९ संपूर्णी।
१०६	मिताक्षरायां द्वितीयतृतीयाध्यायौ	३६	३६	स एव. स एव. विज्ञानेश्वरः संवत् १९३९ संपूर्णी।
१०७	मिताक्षरायां व्यवहाराध्यायः	१२९	१३३	विज्ञानेश्वरः संवत् १९३९ संपूर्णी।
१०८	मिताक्षरायां प्रायांश्चक्षताध्यायः	१२४	१३३	विज्ञानेश्वरः संवत् १९०९ आदिमन्त्रमानि च षट् पत्राणि न सन्ति.
१०९	याज्ञवल्यमधमशास्त्रम्	१०८	१०८	विशेषपूत्रः संवत् १८०९ संपूर्णी।
११०	राघवानन्दा मत्स्तमुत्तिव्याख्या	१२६६	१२०	विशेषपूत्रः संवत् १८०९ संपूर्णी।
१११	स्त्रकल्पतर्कनवन्धः	१२६२	१२	विशेषपूत्रः संवत् १८०९ संपूर्णी।
११२	राघवधानम्	११	११	विशेषपूत्रः संवत् १८४० संपूर्णी।
११३	षडलहृजप्रभाव्यम्	१६	१६	महीदारसभदः संवत् १७७८ संपूर्णी।
११४	सत्कारपद्धतिः	१२४	१०	गङ्गाधरः संवत् १६१० संपूर्णी।
११५	सत्कारभासकरः	१००	११	खण्डभदः शक १७१६ संवत् १८४४ संपूर्णी।
११६	सत्यासानीण्यविवरणम्	११६	११	विशेषपत्राभावः प्रथमपत्राभावः ... ...
११७	संन्यासीनीण्यविवरणम्	१८८	१८	...

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	यन्थनामः	पत्रसंख्या.	एष्टगतपक्षसंख्या.	परिक्षणतो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट क्रियापूर्णोऽपूर्णो वा.
११८	संचासपद्धाति:	१३	१०	१७	००	संपूर्णः
११९	संचासपद्धतिः प्रतापनारासेहे	११	१०	३२	शक १७१८	संपूर्णः
१२०	संचासपद्धाति:	२	१०	३०	संवत् १७६६	संपूर्णः
१२१	संन्यासविधानभू	१६	११	२४	... शांकरः	संपूर्णम्
१२२	संन्यासिसमाराधनम्	२	१२	१८	... ... नीलकण्ठः	संपूर्णम्
१२३	समयमद्भुः:	१५३	६	३३	संवत् १८०६	संपूर्णः
१२४	सारसंग्रहः—कर्मचिपाकशाक्रम्	१७४	१२	३३	संवत् १८६६	संपूर्णः
१२५	स्मृतिचन्द्रिका	२२	६	३८	कान्हडसुतः याज्ञिकादेवणमद्दः	संपूर्णः
	वैष्णवधर्मशास्त्रम्					
१२६	दीक्षामासादिविचारः	१९	११	३२	... ... संबत् १६७६	संपूर्णः
१२७	भगवत्पुराणमञ्जरी	३१	१३	२७	... निम्बाक्षिण्यः	१८ पत्र नैव.
१२८	संन्यासपद्धतिः	४८	६	३२		संपूर्णः

**बगीः पञ्चमः—काव्यनाटककथाखण्डपिका:**

१२६	अमरशतकस्य टीका	११	१४	४४	काकसंखवः	...	पथमाने षट् पत्राणि न ।
१३०	आर्यविजेषः	१५	६	३२	रामचन्द्रः	संबद् १७७।	अन्ते च कानिचित्.
१३१	आर्यस्तुतिः	८	८	३८	मुद्रलः	संपूर्णा	
१३२	करुणालहरी	८	१०	१९	जगत्नाथः	...	
१३३	कणान्दरप्रकाशिनी टीका हृष्णली-	१३	७	३३	...	संबद् १७९३।	३२-३९, ६४, ६६ पत्राणि
१३४	लाख्यकाव्यस्य.	१३	६	३३	वाणः	...	न सीन्त अन्ते खण्डितः
१३५	कादम्बरी	१२६	८	३२	वाणः	...	अन्तिमानि कातिचित्पत्राणि
१३६	सेव	१३६	१०	३२	स एव.	...	गतानि.
१३७	किरातार्जुनीयकाव्यटीका प्रसन्नसा- हिस्त्रनिकानामनी.	११०	१६	४०	एकनाथः	...	१-१७ सर्गा अष्टादशस्य च किंचित्.
१३८	किरातार्जुनीयकाव्यटीका	३०	११	४८	दोकानन्दः	संबद् ११२२	पथमर्गः । अन्ते खण्डितः
१३९	कुमारसंभवकाव्यम्	२१	१३	३८	कालिदासः	संबद् १७९०	सप्त सर्गः सीन्त.

## APPENDIX I.—continued

अनुक्रमांक	प्रथनाम्	एषग-पङ्क्ति-तपङ्कि-ताक्षर-संख्या। संख्या। संख्या।	ग्रन्थकृतो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट क्रियापि पूर्णो एषां च।
१३९	कुमारसंभवकाव्यं सुखावदोधारवटी। कासहितम्।	८७	१७	४२	म० कालिदासः टी. इश्वरातः गङ्गादासो ज्ञानानन्दपारनामा।
१४०	खण्डप्रशस्तिब्याद्या तिलकनामी।	४४	११	४१	आद्यन्तपत्रे न इतः
१४१	गीतगोविन्दं सटीकम्	...	२७	१३	६०
१४२	गीतराघवम्	...	१६	१२	३३
१४३	चौरपञ्चाशिका	...	७	६	प्रभाकरः विलहणः केशवः ईशानदेवः
१४४	नृसिंहचम्पुः	...	२०	११	२४
१४५	नैषधकाव्यटीका	...	२१	१२	४१
१४६	नैषधकाव्यटीका	...	१९८	२१	४८
१४७	पठवत्तम्	...	१२१	११	४०

१९४८ पद्मरचना		१९३३ पत्राणि न। अन्ते खण्डता.	
११४७	प्रबोधन-नैदेयः	३२	हृष्णमिश्रः संपूर्णः
११५०	भागिनीविलासः	२८	जगन्नाथः संपूर्णः
११५१	भावशतकम्	३४	नागराजनटृपः संपूर्णम्
११५२	भैरवनवरसरसनम्	३२	दीननाथसूरिः संपूर्णम्
११५३	भौजप्रबन्धः	१०	२४ बहुलः संचर्त् १७१९
११५४	माधवानलक्षणकम्	१०	१० आनन्दाधारः संचर्त् १८११
११५५	तदेव	८२	१० कालिदासः संचर्त् १६४२
११५६	मेघदूतकाव्यपूर्वम्	६	१० लक्ष्मीनिवासः संचर्त् १६१७
११५७	मेघदूतकाव्यस्य टीका	१०	१० हेमाद्रिश्चरसूनः संचर्त् १६५६
११५८	मेघदूतकाव्यपूर्वम्	१०	१० विहुलेश्वरः संपूर्णः
११५९	मेघदूतकाव्यपूर्वका	१०	१० कौपिकाराजः संपूर्णम्
११६०	मेघदूतकाव्यस्य पाठ्यका मेघलता।	१७	१० राघवान्शसंक्षेपः संपूर्णः
११६१	राघवान्शपूर्णम्	१२७	१० राघवपाद्वीकाव्यम् संपूर्णम्
११६२	रासर्वसम्	१२	१० राघवपाद्वीकाव्यम् संपूर्णम्
११६३	राघवपाद्वीकाव्यम्	१०	१० राघवपाद्वीकाव्यम् संपूर्णम्

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	अध्यानाम्	पत्रं-तर्गक्षेत्रया.	पुष्टा-पक्षं-तत्पत्र-संख्या.	ग्रन्थकृतो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट क्रिमापि पूर्णे उपूर्णे वा.
१६६	राघव पाण्डवीयस्य टीका	१६३	१०	३०	शशाधरः सोमेश्वरः नयदेवः	संवत् १६७० संवत् १६७३ ...
१६६	रामशतकम्	१२	१०			संपूर्णम्
१६७	विद्यरथमाधवनाटकं प्रसन्नराघवं च-	१४	६			१-१४ प्रसन्नराघवम् ।
१६८	विद्वशालभट्टिजकानाटकम्	१४	१३	४०	राजशेषस्तः	६८-७८ विद्वशालभट्टिजम् ।
१६९	विलहणपञ्चाशिका	५	१०	५०	विलहणः	उभद्वय संपूर्णं त्रितीयस्थ
१७०	बेतालपञ्चविशालिका	२८	२८	४३	शिवदासः	त्रितीयस्थितिः ।
१७१	शिशुपालवधकान्तियम्	१८	१३	३४	माघः	संपूर्णम्
१७२	शुद्धारशतकम्	१८	१०	३८	अमावस्या	हितीयपत्राभावः:
१७३	तस्य टीका	१०	१०	३०	संवत् १६८०	संवत् १६८०
१७४	सीतास्वर्यवरो हनुमचाटकान्तिर्गतः	१०	१०	२८	संवत् १७३९	१-४ पत्राणि न.
१७५	सुधालहडी	१०	१०	२८	...	संपूर्णः
		१०	१०	२८	...	संपूर्णः
		१०	१०	२८	...	पत्रिहराजः

१७६ सूर्यशतकं सटीकम्

१७६	सूर्यशतकं सटीकम्	...	७२	११	३८	मूः—मयूः— टी.—त्रिमुचनः	...	२३—४१पत्रणि न । अन्ते च कानिचित्
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वर्गः वष्टः—व्याकरणशास्त्रम्

१७७	कविकल्पहुपः:	२०	८	३०	बोपदेवः	...	संपूर्णः
१७८	कारकविचारः:	...	२२	१०	३२	शेषचकपाणिः	संपूर्णः
१७९	धातुपाठः:	...	१७	११	३१	पाणिनेः	१७३६६ संपूर्णः
१८०	परिभाषार्थमञ्जरी	...	१४	८	३६	भीषः	संपूर्णः
१८१	सेव	...	३२	८	३६	स एव	...
१८२	पाकतप्रकाशः	...	३०	१०	३६	मूः वरवाचिः	१—८ पारिच्छेदाः
१८३	प्राकृतसंस्कारः:	...	१३	१०	३६	वृत्ति—भासहः	असंपूर्णः
१८४	भाष्यपदीपविवरणम्	...	३८	१४	३२	ईश्वरानन्दः	खण्डहत्यम्
१८५	महाभाष्यं संक्षेपटम्	...	८४२	१८	६४	पतञ्जलिः	प्रथमपादं विना समग्रम्
१८६	प्रल्परिमाणः	...	५	५	३४	...	संपूर्णः
१८७	वार्तकपाठः:	...	३७	११	१६	कात्यायनः	१८२६ संपूर्णः
१८८	वैयाकरणसिद्धान्तमञ्जूषा.	...	४९८	८	४८	नागेश्वरमुहुः	संपूर्णः
१८९	वैयाकरणसिद्धान्तरत्नाकरः— कौपदीव्याख्या	...	१०७	१४	३६	रामकृष्णभट्टः	१८४८ संबूद्धिलिङ्गादि तद्दितान्तम्.

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमिकांकः	ग्रन्थनामः	पत्र-संख्या	पृष्ठग-पत्रक्षेप-ताक्षर-संख्या। संख्या।	ग्रन्थकृतो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवाशीष्ट किमपि पृष्ठोऽपृष्ठो वा।
१९०	लघुशब्दरत्नं कारकान्तम्	...	१११	२	३८	संपूर्णम्
१९१	लघुशब्दे न्दुशो वरटीका कारकान्ता.	४०७	२	३९	संवत् १८६६	संपूर्ण।
१९२	शब्दकौस्तुभव्याख्या नवाहिक्या: ...	३०	१७	४०	संवत् १८९०	संपूर्ण।
१९३	सारस्वतटीका	...	३५९	१२	३४	रामभट्टः
१९४	सारस्वतटीका सारदीपिका	...	३०	१६	३८	सप्त पत्राणि च.
१९५	सिद्धान्तकौमुदी	...	७६	२७	६४	भद्रोलिदीक्षितः
१९६	सैव—वैदिकीकारालिङ्गानुशासनानि.	११	८	२८	स एव.	पूर्वकृत्तान्ता.
१९७	सिद्धान्तकौमुदीविदिकाव्याख्या	...	३८	११	३२	संपूर्णानि.
१९८	सिद्धान्तकौमुदीस्वरटीका	...	३२	१६	४४	संपूर्ण।
वरणः सप्तमः—कोशाः:						
१९९	वनेकार्यज्ञनिमञ्जरी	...	११	११	३२	महाक्षणकः संवत् १८२०
२००	आमरकोशाद्वितीयकाण्डटीका	...	२१५	११	४७	भानुदीक्षितः संवत् १९०६

२०१	नाममाला	...	६	१६	४०	धनंजयः	...	संपूर्णी.
२०२	महीपकोशापरतापशब्दरेत्नाकररसा-	३१	१४	६३	महीपः	...	संपूर्णी:	
	नेकार्थतिलकः	...						
२०३	मातृकानिघण्ठः	...	४	१०	३१	महीदासः	संख्या १८०८	संपूर्णी:

वर्गोऽप्यः—उच्चारंकारशास्त्रे।

२०४	अनडुरङ्गः	...	४२	९	११	कल्याणमहः	संख्या १६६४	संपूर्णी:
२०५	काव्यप्रकाशः	...	७३	१०	४०	मध्यटः	शक १६८२	संपूर्णी:
२०६	स एवः	...	१६६	७	१८	स एवः	संख्या १७६३	नाहिम् पत्रम्
२०७	तस्य टीका।	...	११९	१६	४०	नयरामः	...	त्रुटितातिव।
२०८	सेव	...	६१	८	३७	परमानन्दः	...	६१—६६ पत्राणि नोप-
								लवधाने।
२०९	सेव सारबोधिनी	...	७५	१०	४०	वसलाज्जुनः	...	४—७ उत्तरासाः
२१०	काव्यालंकारशिशुप्रबोधः	...	६३	१	२३	पुञ्जराजनृपतिः	...	अष्टमाध्यापर्यन्तः। मध्ये
२११	कुवलयानन्दकारिकाः सुव्याख्याताः	१२	१६	४९	...	नष्टानि पत्राणि ।	...	संपूर्णी:

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	अन्यनामः	पत्र संख्या।	पृष्ठग-तप्पिक्-संख्या।	अन्यहठो नामः। सख्या।	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट क्रियपि पूर्णे दण्डाणो वा।	आदिमं पत्रं नास्ति । कीटे। विलुप्तानि च कानिचित्प्राणिः।
२१३	पिङ्गलशास्त्रं प्राकृतभाषायाम्	... २६	१०	३६	पिङ्गलाचार्यः	...	आदिमं पत्रं नास्ति । कीटे। विलुप्तानि च कानिचित्प्राणिः।
२१३	तदेव स्टीकम्	... १०	१३	६८	मूः स एव	...	अवपाशमात्रम्
२१४	रतिरहस्यम्	... १९	६	३०	दी. मनोहरकृष्णः	संचत १७११	१९ पत्रं नास्ति।
२१५	रसमञ्जरी सर्वीका	... १२२	१२	४४	श्रीकृक्षोक्तः	संचत १८१७	संपूर्णो।
२१६	शृंगेरातिलकः	... १३	१२	४८	मूः भानुः	दी. अनन्तपण्डितः	संपूर्णम्
२१७	शृंगेरातिलकः	... १८	६	४६	ददभदः	संचत १६१४	तृतीयपारिच्छेदपर्यन्तः। १, ४, पत्रे न.

**वगों नवमः—सांख्योर्गी.**

१८	सांख्यतत्त्वकैमुदी।	१०	८	६३	वाचस्पतिशिश्रः	...	१—६, २३, पत्राणि न सन्ति.
२१९	सैव।	३६	१३	४०	स एव।	संख्त् १७३२	संपूर्ण।
२२०	योगचिन्तामणि:	६८	१०	२४	गोरक्षशिश्रः	११७प्रमा-	संपूर्ण।
		...				दोयमेति भा-	
						तिः १७७२	
						इत्यवश्यम्:	
						...	संपूर्ण।
२२१	हठप्रदीपिका।	१६	१६	४८	स्वात्मारामयोगी।	...	

**वगों दशमः—वैदान्तशास्त्रयः।**

अ—शंकराचार्यसंप्रदायः

२२२	अद्वैतविवेकः सटीकः	१४	१०	३६	टीरी रामकृष्णः	...	संपूर्णः
२२३	अद्वैतामृतम्	४१	१०	१६	जगन्नाथसरस्वतीः	संख्त् १७३२	पठन्त्यपकवल्पयन्त्यत्
२२४	तदेव सटीकम्	४२	१६	४८	मूः स एव	...	द्वितीयपकवल्पयन्त्यत्
२२५	आत्मबोधः सटीपणः	३३	६	१४	मूः शंकराचार्यः	...	संपूर्णः
२२६	आथर्वणमुण्डकोपनिषद्ग्राण्यम्	२२	१७	४१	शंकराचार्यः	...	संपूर्णः

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	ग्रन्थनामः	पत्र-संख्या।	पृष्ठग-पट्टि-तपाङ्कि-संख्या।	पृष्ठग-पट्टि-तपाङ्कि-ताजर-संख्या।	ग्रन्थकृतो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्टं किमपि पूर्णोऽपूर्णो वा।
१३७	ईशके नकठपञ्चमुद्देतरप्यतीत्तरीयोप-	१४	१४	७०	शोकराचार्यः	...	संपूर्णानि।
	निषदां भाष्याणि।	१७	७	२६	स पू.	संवत् १८१६	संपूर्णस्।
१३८	ईशानारप्यभाष्यम्	...	१७	२८	स पू.	संवत् १८१६	संपूर्णम्।
१३९	तदेव	...	१७	२९	स पू.	संवत् १८१६	संपूर्णम्।
१४०	तदेव	...	६	३१	स पू.	...	संपूर्णम्।
१४१	उपदेशासहस्री सटीका (पद्मबन्धः)	१२४	१३	४९	मू. शंकराचार्यः	संवत् १८४२	संपूर्ण।
१४२	उपदेशासहस्री सटीका (गद्य बन्धः)	४६	१२	४०	ठी. रामतीर्थः	संवत् १८४२	संपूर्ण।
१४३	उपनिषदः सटीपिका:	५७७	१०	४०	मू. शंकराचार्यः	...	अन्ते खण्डतो ग्रन्थ
१४४	बौद्धारमाहात्म्यं गीतासारापरनामः	४	१०	४१	ठी. रामतीर्थः	...	संपूर्णम्।

२३६	गोविन्दविलासः:	१९	३२	गोविन्दहरामः:	१८४०	संपूर्णः
२३७	चि त्रदीपः सटीकः	४५	४३	मू. विद्यारथः:	...	संपूर्णः
२३८	तत्त्वाचेष्ठः:	९	१६	८४	दी. रामकृष्णः:	...
२३९	त्रृतिदीपः सटीकः	...	११	३६	वासुदेवन्द्रशिष्यः:	...
२४०	तैत्तिरीयोपनिषद्गाय्यम्	...	१३	३६	दी. रामकृष्णः:	...
२४१	दत्तगीता	...	२४	१८	शंकराचार्यः:	...
२४२	द्वादशमहावाक्यविवरणम्	...	२८	१८	दत्तत्रेष्यः:	...
२४३	पञ्चकोशाविवेकः सटीकः	...	१८	११	मू. विद्यारथः:	...
२४४	पञ्चीकरणवात्कम्भ	...	११	४३	दी. रामकृष्णः:	...
२४५	पञ्चीकरणवात्किं द्वादशमहावाक्यः	...	३	१२	सुरेश्वराचार्यः:	...
२४६	सिद्धान्तो महावाक्यगर्थश्च.	...	६८	८	शंकराचार्यः:	...
२४७	प्रणवकल्पः	...	१	११	३२	...
२४८	प्रबोधमञ्जरी	...	१३	१३	३२	३४०:

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	अन्यनामः	पञ्च-संख्या।	षष्ठ्यगत-पञ्चकृताक्षर-संख्या। संख्या।	प्रथमकृतो नामः। संख्या।	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट किमाणि पूर्णे उपूर्णे वा।
२४७	बृहदारण्यकभाष्यम्	१६४	११	४६	शंकराचार्यः	... १-१६ पत्राणि न। अष्टम-ध्यायश्च तृतीयज्ञास्त्राणांतः
२४८	तस्यैव टीका	३६३	१०	६०	आनन्दज्ञानः	संचत् १७२७ संपूर्णा। कानिचित्पत्राणि कीटकविलुप्तानि।
२४९	तस्यैव वार्तिकम्	४६३	१	४०	सुरेश्वराचार्यः	संचत् १७२८ संपूर्णम्।
२५०	बृहदारण्यकवार्तिकटीका षष्ठाचाच्यः।	४०६	७	११	आनन्दज्ञानः	संचत् १७७१ संपूर्णः।
२५१	ब्रह्मसूत्राणि	२४	६	२४	बादराचार्यः	... संपूर्णानि।
२५२	भगवद्गीता सभाष्या	१३७	१६	३६	भा. शंकराचार्यः	संचत् १४६८
२५३	सैव तर्थैव	१४६	१४	३३	भा. स एव	... संपूर्णी।
२५४	भगवद्गीता सटीका	१०८	१०	३६	टी. शीघ्रः	... संपूर्णी।
२५५	सैव तर्थैव	१११	१२	४०	टी. स एव	... संपूर्णी।

२६६ महावाक्यार्थः:	...	शंकराचार्यः:	...	संपूर्णः:
२६७ महावाक्यविवेकः सटीकः:	...	मू. विद्यारण्यः:	...	संपूर्णः:
२६८ मानसोल्लासः—दक्षिणामूर्तिस्तोत्रठिका	१६९	१०	१६	संपूर्णः
२६९ स एव	२०	८	३१	संबन्धितः
२७० यज्ञवैभववरण्डे ब्रह्मगीता सटीका...	१२३	१३	३६	संबन्धितः १७३६
२७१ विवेकचूडामणिः	१७	१३	४०	संबन्धितः १८८९
२७२ वेदान्तपारिभाषा.	३१	१३	३६	संपूर्णः
२७३ तस्याश्रीका।	५३	११	३०	संपूर्णः
२७४ वेदान्तप्रकरणानि सटीकानि।	८०	१८	४३	अपूर्णः
२७५ वेदान्तसारठीका	६८	१३	३४	संबन्धितः १७११
२७६ शांकरभाष्यठीका	११७३	८	३०	प्रथमपत्राभाषः
२७७ शिवतत्त्वविवेकः	१९६६	९	३७	संपूर्णः
२७८ संक्षेपपत्रारकम्	१८८	१०	४६	अन्तिमाह्यापद्धयम्.
२७९ तस्य ठीका	८	१०	२७	राष्ट्रतर्थः

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक- माङ्कः	पत्र- संख्या.	पृष्ठात्-पाण्डि- ताक्ष- संख्या. रसंख्या	प्रथक्तो नाम.	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट किमपि पूर्णे उपूर्णो वा.

## इ.—बहुभाष्यसंप्रदायी.

१७० भक्तिरत्नावली	४०	६	३२	विष्णुपुरी	... संपूर्णी.
१७१ सेव	४७	६	१४	स एव	संवत् १७१२ संपूर्णी.
१७२ मानिसद्वानविवृतिः	११	६	३३	गोकुलनाथः	संपूर्णी.
१७३ विवेकधैर्यशयविवृतिः	४१	६	१८	गोकुलोत्सवः	... संपूर्णी.
१७४ समर्पणादार्थः	१८	७	३४	वल्लभः	संवत् १७८१ संपूर्णी:
१७५ विष्णुनातिचक्रादेयः	१०१	११	१८	तृसंहारण्यः	... १-३, ५, ७-१६, १७-
					१९ पत्राण्यत्ते च कानि- चिल्.

वार्ता एकादशः—वैतीषिकन्यापशालि.

१७६	अनुमानमञ्जरीसारः	... २१	११	३८	यादवः	... संपूर्णः
१७७	चषकतात्पर्यटीका	... २६६	७	३३	गङ्गारामः	... संपूर्णः
१७८	चिन्तामणिप्रकाशः—अनुमानवण्ड-	१४०	११	४०	द्विदत्तः	... संपूर्णः
	म्					
१७९	स एव—प्रख्यस्त्वण्डम्	... १५९	१०	४०	स एवः	... चारिहतम्.
१८०	चिन्तामणिटीका	... २६२	१०	४६	व्यासिष्ठस्यान्तं	... अर्थापत्त्वता.
					मशुरानाथः।	
					गदाधरोपि ततो-	
					नन्तरमर्थपत्तिपर्य-	
					न्तम्.	
१८१	तर्कदीपिका	...	१४	१६	विश्वनाथाश्रमः	... संपूर्णः
१८२	तर्कभाषाप्रकाशः	...	६१	८	गोवर्धनः	... संपूर्णः
१८३	स एव	...	१८	१६	स एवः	... संपूर्णः

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्र. मार्क:	प्रथनामः	पत्र- सद्भ्या.	पृष्ठग- तपाङ्गी- ताक्षर- संख्या.	अच्युक्तो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट किमपि पूर्णा- पूर्णा वा.
१८४	तर्कभाषाविवरणम्	...	७	१७	५६	माधवभट्टः संवत् १६६२ संपूर्णम्
१८५	तर्कभाषाप्रकाशिका	...	४१	१७	६०	चिन्मधुः ... आद्यपत्रे न.
१८६	पदार्थचन्द्रका सप्तपदार्थाटीका	...	५१	१३	३६	शेषानन्तः ... संपूर्णा.
१८७	सैव	...	३२	११	३४	स एव संवत् १६८९ संपूर्णा.
१८८	भाषापरिच्छेदः	...	११	८	३३	विभूताध्यपञ्चाननः संवत् १७६३ संपूर्णः
१८९	सप्तपदार्था	...	१३	७	३३	शिवादिषः संवत् १७६१ संपूर्णा.
१९०	सैव	...	४	१३	४८	स एव. संपूर्णा.
१९१	सप्तपदार्थाटीका	...	१५	११	६४	जिनवर्धनसूरीः संवत् १७६८ संपूर्णा.
१९२	सिद्धान्तमुक्तावली	...	७९	९	३४	विभूताध्यपञ्चाननः ... संपूर्णा.

बांगौ दादूचा:—द्वयोतिष्ठाव्रतम्:

१९३	करणकुत्तलं संबक्तम्.	ग्रहागमकुत्तलापर-	१६	८	३२	भारकरः	संवत् १७८६	संपूर्णम्
२१४	तदेव	१७	८	२८	८	स एव	संवत् १६०७	संपूर्णम्
२१५	तदेव	१४	९	३३	८	स एव	संवत् १८७०	संपूर्णम्
२१६	तदेव सटीकम् ...	१७	१७	६६	६६	टी. सोटलः	संवत् १६१६	संपूर्णम्
२१७	तदेव नाम्निटीकया सहितम्	२८	१३	३३	३३	टी. पद्मनाथः	संवत् १७९६	संपूर्णम्
२१८	तदेव सटीकं सोदाहरणं च	६०	१६	४०	४०	शंकरकावि:	संवत् १८०१	संपूर्णम्
२१९	करणप्रकाशः	११	११	२८	२८	चन्द्रमष्टुतवलदेवः	संवत् १६८२	संपूर्णः
३००	कामघेनुपदाति :	१०	१०	३३	३३	...	६ पञ्च न.	...
३०१	सेव	१०	११	२४	२४	...	...	संपूर्णम्
३०२	केशवपद्मयुदाहरणम्	५४	१३	३२	३२	...	संवत् १६०९	संपूर्णम्
३०३	खटकसिद्धिः	५	१	१४	१४	दिनकरः	संवत् १७९६	संपूर्णम्
३०४	ग्रहचिन्तामणिः	६	१३	२०	२०	श्रीनाथः	संवत् १८२४	संपूर्णः
३०५	ग्रहयोगीनीदशा	७	१३	३६	३६	...	...	संपूर्णम्
३०६	ग्रहलाघवस्थोदाहरणम्	१४	१४	२६	२६	विभवायः	संवत् १८०३	संपूर्णम्

APPENDIX I.—*continued*

अनुक्रमांकः	अस्थनामः	पत्रसंख्या.	एष्टग-पिङ्गल-तपश्चात्प्रसंख्या.	ग्रन्थकृती नामः	लेखनकालः	आवशिकं किमपि पृष्ठे दर्शणं वा.
३०७	चण्डेश्वरजातके जातकाष्टकवर्गः	१६	१३	१४	संवत् १८१४ संपूर्णः	
३०८	चन्द्राकैः	...	८	२७	दिनकरः	संपूर्णः
३०९	चन्द्रोभिलिनी	...	४०	१०	...	चत्वारिंशत्प्रातलानि.
३१०	चमत्कारचिन्तामाणः	...	६	१३	...	संवत् १८४१ भावाध्यायः
३११	जातककर्मपद्धतिः	...	१७	८	...	संवत् १७९९ संपूर्णः
३१२	तस्य टीका	...	४०	१३	१०	श्रीपतिः
३१३	जातकचन्द्रिका	...	३३	१२	१६	संवत् १६४६ संपूर्णः
३१४	जातकपद्धतिविवरणम्	...	३६	१४	१४	याजिकनाथः
३१५	जातकालंकारकर्म	...	३	१८	३२	संवत् १८०३ केशवः
३१६	ज्योतीरत्नमाला सटीका	...	१३८	१२	४४	श्रीशुकुकः
					३६	संपूर्णम्
					४६	संपूर्णम्
					१६६६	संपूर्णम्

संख्या:	टोडरानदान्तर्गतयोति: सुखसंहिता-	१७१	३०	तोडरवर्मा.	संख्या:	६७२	संख्या:
३१८	ताजिककौस्तुभः	...	३७	९२	४६	संख्या:	संपूर्णः
३१९	स एव	...	४१	११	३२	संख्या:	संपूर्णः
३२०	ताजिकतन्त्रसारः:	...	३४	१३	६०	तेजःसिंहः	प्रथमपत्राभाषः
३२१	ताजिकतन्त्रसारी नामा.	गणकभूषणपापर-	६८	८	३३	स एव	संपूर्णः
३२२	स एव—तृतीयाधायः	...	१४	९	३२	शाक	१४९८
३२३	ताजिकसारः:	...	७२	७	३४	संख्या:	संपूर्णः
३२४	ताजिकसारो भणित्वताजिकप्रथमः	१४	१३	३३	द्वितीया-	...	संपूर्णः
३२५	ताजिकसारोद्भारः:	...	११	८	१४	बासनः	संपूर्णः
३२६	ताजिककालकारः	...	१७	१०	१६	सूपैवज्ञः	संपूर्णः
३२७	दैवज्ञालेखातीः	...	२१	११	३२	तेजःसिंहः	संख्या:
३२८	द्वादशाभावविचारः	...	१०	१२	१४	संख्या:	संपूर्णः
३२९	श्रव्यभूषणप्रथमः	...	५	१०	१३	यज्ञः	संपूर्णम्
३३०	नक्षत्रज्ञाकादिभावफलम्	...	१	१०	३२	...	लंण्डतप्तम्
३३१	तरपातिज्ञपर्याय	...	१५४	१३	४०	नरपाति:	संपूर्णः

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	प्रथमाम्	पत्र-संदेशा-			लेखनकालः	अवशिष्टे किमपि पूर्णे उपूर्णे वा।
		पत्र-संदेशा-	उष्णग-तपङ्गी-	यन्थक्तो नामः		
३३२	नावपटीपः	७	११	२६	संवत् १७९६	संपूर्णः
३३३	पञ्चपक्षिपञ्चग्रन्थः	६	१०	२७	संवत् १८१३	संपूर्णः
३३४	पञ्चशारणीण्यः	१०	१३	३२	संवत् १८११	संपूर्णः
३३५	पातसारणी सटीका	५	१२	४३	संवत् १८११	संपूर्णः
३३६	पातसारणी सटीका	...	१४	१३	कैश्चनः प्रजापतिदासः मृ. गणेशः टी. विश्वनाथः	संपूर्णः ... ... ...
३३७	पातसीपकाशः	...	१२	१३	वैदाङ्गरायः भोजदेवः	संपूर्णः ... ...
३३८	पञ्चजानम्	...	१२	२६	बलाकीः	संपूर्णम्
३३९	पञ्चतानम्	...	१२	१८	काशीनाथः	संवत् १७२८
३४०	पञ्चरीपिका	...	११	१२	सिद्धनारायणः	... पथमपत्राभावः
३४१	पञ्चवेण्णवनम्	...	११	१६	४६	वराहामिहिरः
	वृहउजातकम्	३०	१०	३८	३०	संपूर्णम्

३४२	बृहदज्ञातकविवरणम्	... १६	३२	महीदासभट्टः मूः वरहभिहिरः टी. महधरः	संवत् १८०९	संपूर्णम्.
३४३	बृहदज्ञातक सटोकम्	... ११०	४०	संवत् १८०४	संपूर्णम्.	
३४४	ब्रह्मतुल्यटीपणम्	... ३१	३२	...	संवत् १७९६	संपूर्णम्.
३४५	ब्रह्मसिद्धान्तःशाकस्यसंहितायाम्	... २२	२३	४४	संवत् १८६१	संपूर्णः
३४६	भट्टुल्यतामा करणप्रथ्यः	... २३	२४	दामोदरः	...	संपूर्णः
३४७	मुहूर्चिन्तामाणीः सटोकः	... २३०	२१	३८	रामदेवजः	...
३४८	मुहूर्तसटीका	... ११६	१११	१६६	गणेशदेवजः	...
३४९	यवनज्ञातकम्	... ६१	१०	१८	संवत् १६२१	संपूर्णा.
		...	...	...	त्रिटितम् १३३, १३४ पञ्च	न स्तः
३५०	योगिनीदशक्रमः	... ३	११	२०	बालकण्ठः	संवत् १७९६
३५१	योगिनीदशक्रान्तम्	... ७	११	३२	...	संवत् १७९७
३५२	रमलचिन्तामाणीः	... १६	१३	३२	चिन्तामाणीः	संवत् १८११
३५३	राजावली	... ७	१३	१६	...	संवत् १७९६
३५४	राजावलीफलप्रथ्यः	... २२	११	२४	...	संवत् १८०३
३५५	षट्पञ्चांशका सटोका	... १६	१२	३१	टी. उरपलभट्टः	संवत् १८११

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	ग्रन्थनामः	पत्र-संख्या:	पृष्ठा-तारिका-संख्या:	ग्रन्थक्रमो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्टं किमपि पूर्णं दण्डो वा.
३६६	सांवेदप्रकाशः	३६	१३	३७	गोविन्दकबोधवरः	संवत् १८६८ संपूर्णः
३६०	सिद्धान्तजिरोमणिः—पूर्वद्विम्.	२८	१०	४०	भास्करः	... संपूर्णम्.
३६८	स एव—गोलाध्यायः वासनाभाष्यस-हितःः	३७	१४	३६	स एव	संवत् १९७६ संपूर्णः
३६९	स एव—गोलाध्यायः	१६	१०	३२	स एव	संवत् १८३३ त्रिटितः
३६०	सर्वसिद्धान्तः	२०	१३	३२	...	संपूर्णः
३६१	स्त्रीजन्मयत्राभाष्याध्यायः	१२	१३	४०	...	संवत् १८०९ संपूर्णः
३६२	हेराप्रदीपः सभाषः	१२	१३	३०	महादेवः	संवत् १८१० संपूर्णः
वर्गक्रमोदयः—वैद्यकम्.						
३६३	अष्टाङ्गेशगह दृश्यसंहिता	१४९	६	३७	वाभटः	संवत् १४८६ त्रिटेता.
३६४	आयुर्वेदप्रकाशः	१८	११	३८	माघवोपाध्यायः	... संपूर्णः

आयुर्वेदमहोदधी	रसविधिघृताधि	१०	११	४२	मुखेण:	संचत् १७९१	संपूर्णः
कारः	...	३७	१२	४६	हेमादिः	२३२-२७८ पत्राणी.	
आयुर्वेदरसाधनस्य टीका	...	१४	१६	३८	...	संचत् १७७९	संपूर्णम्.
आयुर्वेदशास्त्रे वृद्धयोगशतकम्	...	५०	०	३८	चरकः	...	पथमपत्रामाखः
चरकसंहिता-शारीरकम्	...	७५	०	१८	क्षेपशर्मा चार्यः	संचत् १८११	पत्रमेकं न.
चिकित्सासारसंग्रहः	...	१५	०	१६	निमलः	...	संपूर्णः
इन्द्र्यगुणशतक्षीकी	...	१५	०	१७	धन्वन्तरि:	संचत् १८४२	संपूर्णः
योगचिन्तामणिः	...	४८	१४	३८	टी.महादेवपणिडितः	...	३७ पत्रं न.
सपुद्धिः सटीका	...	१११	१२	३७	...	७८,१०,११ पत्राणि न.	
रसाचतारः	...	३७	५	३४	लोहित्वराजः	संचत् १८४८	संपूर्णम्.
वैद्यनीचनम्	...	६८	१७	५०	श्रीकाण्ठदत्तः	...	४३-६९ पत्राणि न स- न्ति.
व्याघ्राक्षसुमावली	...	३८	१३	३७	...	...	
व्याघ्रामधुकोशः	...	४६	३९	५०	...	संचत् १९९९	१६६-१९२० पत्राण्येव । मध्ये कानोनिकम्.
३७६							१०३-११४८ पत्राणी.

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांक	ग्रन्थनामः	पत्र-संख्या।	पृष्ठा-तिक्ति-संख्या।	पहिले पत्र-संख्या।	ग्रन्थकृतो नामः।	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट क्रिमपि पूर्णे दृश्या वा।
३७७	शंकरारव्यवैद्यकसारः	...	७	११	३४	रामः	...
३७८	शान्तिकी	...	३३	१६	३३	बोपदेवः	संवत् १६४२ संपूर्णः।
३७९	सेव	...	३८	१४	३३	स एव	संवत् १७६० संपूर्णः।
३८०	सेव सटीका	...	६६	१६	२४	दयोःस एव	संवत् १७७१ लिङ्गदत्तः।
३८१	सिद्धपोगमाला	...	३०	१०	२६	तिद्विषः	संवत् १५३४ १-११ पत्राणि न संति।
३८२	सौश्रुते सुत्रस्थानम्	...	६८	११	३३	...	संवत् १६४७ ४८-८८, ९२-११८ पत्राणि।
वर्गश्चनुदेशः—पञ्चतन्त्रशास्त्रम्-							
३८३	कार्त्तियांजुनकवचम् उड्डामतन्त्रो-	८	१०	३४	...	...	संपूर्णम्।
	कम्						

३८४	गायत्रीसहस्रनामादि	१८३९	संपूर्णम्.
३८५	गीतभीषमहात्म्य	१७२३	संपूर्णम्.
३८६	चण्डीविघ्नपद्माति:	१७२३	संपूर्णम्.
३८७	तत्त्वानन्दतरहिणी	...	संपूर्णा.
३८८	तत्त्वानन्दतरहिणी	१७४३	एकादशोह्लासान्ता.
३८९	दक्षिणामूर्तिसहितापटलानि	१६८६	पञ्चविंशतिः पटलानि.
३९०	बटुकपञ्चाङ्गप्रयोगपद्माति:	१६८६	संपूर्णः
३९१	मन्त्रपरायणं त्रिपुरोपनिषद्व	१६८६	संपूर्णा.
३९२	मन्त्रमुक्तावली	१६८६	संपूर्णा.
३९३	मन्त्रतत्त्वमठन्शा	१६८६	संपूर्णा.
३९४	मन्त्रशास्त्र ऋद्धमन्यायः	१६८६	संपूर्णा.
३९५	महाकालीसूक्तं हड्डयमले	१६८६	संपूर्णम्.
३९६	योगसारसमुच्चयः अकुलागमद्वातन्त्रे	१६८६	नवमपटलान्तर्चा.
३९७	योगिनीहृदयर्दीपिका	१६८६	संपूर्णा.
३९८	रामस्तवराजः सनकुपारसंहितात्तरीतः	१८३९	गिपारः
३९९	शतचण्डीपद्माति:	१८३९	संपूर्णा.

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	अन्यनामः	पृष्ठा-पंडित-ताप्ति-सद्वया.	पृष्ठा-पंडित-ताप्ति-सद्वया.	ग्रन्थकौटी नामः	लेखनकालः	अवधिष्ठ किमपि पूर्णे द्यूणो वा.
४००	शिवरहस्यम्—हिमवत्तखण्डे सप्तमांशः	६४६	१४	३८	संवत् १७६४	संपूर्णम्.
४०१	तदेव—सप्तमांशः	६५	९	४३	...	संपूर्णम्.
४०२	श्रीपरापूजनम्.	६१	८	३८	...	संपूर्णम्.
४०३	संक्षेपार्चनविधिर्देव्याः	...	२९	१३	२९	संपूर्णः
४०४	राजवल्लभं बालतुजात्रम्	...	३०	१४	३८	मण्डनसूत्रवाहाः संवत् १६७८
४०५	बालसुमण्डनम्	...	३५	१३	३२	संवत् १६७६
४०६	संगीतरत्नाकरटीका	...	३३	१०	४८	सिङ्गभूपालः त्रिटिता.
४०७	संगीतरत्नाकरे पिण्डप्रकरणं शारीरम्.	८	८	१२	३२	चर्तुर्थाद्या यपर्यन्तम्.

वर्गः कोहयः—प्रकीर्णकाचि.

४०८	बहुरङ्गविलासमण्डली	४८	१०	४२	...	संपूर्णः
४०९	यावनप्रियाटवत्तुमः	३७	६	३२	दलपत्रियः	संपूर्णः
४१०	लेलपञ्चाशीका	२०	१२	३८	...	संबत् १५३६ प्रथमपत्राभाषः

वर्गः सप्तदयः—जैनीयव्याप्त्या:

भ—संस्कृतप्राकृतनिवद्धः

४११	अणुत्रोवद्याइसूत्रम्	...	११	३९	...	संपूर्णः
४१२	अनुयोगसूत्रस्य टीका	१५९	१३	६३	हेमचन्द्रः	संबत् १६६२ संपूर्णः
४१३	अनेकशास्त्रसारसमुच्चयः	४३	१०	४०	...	संबत् १४६। १—९, १०—२२ पत्राणि न.
४१४	अनेकार्थसंग्रहः कोहयः	३८	१६	६५	हेमचन्द्रः	प्रथमपत्राभाषः
४१५	उपदेशमालाप्रकरणं	२१	१३	३७	घर्षदासगणः	संपूर्णः
४१६	उपासकदयाङ्कसूत्रं	३१	१३	३८	...	संबत् १५६६ प्रथमपत्राभाषः
४१७	ओघनिर्दुक्तिकीका सूत्रसहिता	७७	१७	५०	...	१—१८, ८२—१०२, १०४—११३, ११४—११९, १२७—१३३ पत्राणि न.

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	प्रन्थनामः	पत्र-संख्या।	एष्टग-पत्रिका-संख्या।	ग्रन्थकृतो नामः। संख्या। संख्या।	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट क्रिमीप गुणोऽपूर्णो वा।
४१८	कर्पूरमञ्जरीनाटकं—प्रथमा जबानिका	८	११	३७	वाचनाचार्यः	... संपूर्णी।
४१९	तदेव—द्वितीया जबानिका	११	७	३६	स एव	३ पत्रं न.
४२०	कल्पकिरणाचली कल्पसूत्रटीका।	३२१	६	३६	धर्मसागरः	संपूर्ण।
४२१	कल्पमञ्जरी कल्पसूत्रटीका	१२८	२६	४६	सहजकीर्ति:	संपूर्ण।
४२२	कल्पयाणमन्दिरवालवाचोधः	१२	१०	४६	...	वर्णितः
४२३	कालिकाचार्यकथासंवादः	१५	१३	३२	वर्धमानसूत्रशिष्यः	संपूर्णः
४२४	काव्यकल्पलता सप्तस्त्रा	६५	१७	४७	अमरसिंहः	संपूर्ण।
४२५	शुहृकभवाचलिप्रकरणम्	२	१७	६७	धर्मशेखररागिः	संपूर्णम्।
४२६	गणधरतार्थशतकवृत्त्यन्तर्गतवृथमा-नादिचारित्रम्	२३	१६	६०	जिनपातीशिष्यः	संपूर्णम्।
४२७	गुर्वचली	७	१५	४०	सुभातिगाथिः	संपूर्ण।

४१८	चतुःशरणाद्यपइना भाषासहिता... चन्द्रप्रज्ञामित्यत्रम्	१८	६२	संबूद्धी.
४१९	... ग्राताधर्भकथासूत्रम्	६६	११	संपर्णी.
४२०	... योगेतिक्षसरे मण्डलविचारः	१४७	१३	संबृद्धि.
४२१	... त्रिषष्ठिशलाकापुरुषवित्रे सप्तमपर्वं	२	१४	प्रथमपत्रवयं नास्ति.
४२२	अष्टमपर्वं च दर्शनरत्नाकरः	१२४	१२४	संबूद्धि:
४२३	... दर्शनरत्नाकरः	१४	१५	संबृद्धि.
४२४	दशवैकालिकसूत्रम्	१४	१६	१३४-३३८ पत्राणि सन्त.
४२५	तदेव सावचूरि	१४	११	मध्ये कानिचित्र.
४२६	दशाश्रुतकथसूत्रम्	१६	१४	क्षेपणी.
४२७	द्विरियस्तोत्रम्	३	१३	क्षेपणी.
४२८	दशीनामगाला सवृत्तिका	५०	१७	क्षेपणी.
४२९	धातुपाठः सारस्वतस्य ... स एव सटीकः	२०	१३	क्षेपणी.
४३०	... नवतत्त्वप्रकरणं समाप्तम्	५९	१७	संबृद्धी.
४३१	... ४४२ निशीथसूत्रम्	८	१६	संबृद्धी.
४३२	... ४४३	१६	१६	संबृद्धी.
४३३	द्विरियस्तोत्रम्	१४	११	संबृद्धी.
४३४	दशवैकालिकसूत्रम्	१४	१६	१३४-३३८ पत्राणि सन्त.
४३५	तदेव सावचूरि	१४	११	मध्ये कानिचित्र.
४३६	दशाश्रुतकथसूत्रम्	१६	१४	क्षेपणी.
४३७	द्विरियस्तोत्रम्	३	१३	क्षेपणी.
४३८	दशीनामगाला सवृत्तिका	५०	१७	क्षेपणी.
४३९	धातुपाठः सारस्वतस्य ... स एव द्वयोः	२०	१३	क्षेपणी.
४४०	... ४४४	५९	१७	संबृद्धी.
४४१	नवतत्त्वप्रकरणं समाप्तम्	८	१६	संबृद्धी.
४४२	निशीथसूत्रम्	१६	१६	संबृद्धी.
४४३	... ४४५	१६	१६	संबृद्धी.

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	अवधारणा:	पत्र-संख्या:	पृष्ठा-तापाङ्की-संख्या:	पत्र-संख्या:	पहिंग-तापाङ्की-संख्या:	ग्रन्थक्रमो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवधिः किमपि पृष्ठों संख्या वा.
४४३	पाण्डवचारित्रं यद्बाकाव्यम्	१६६	१३	६३	६३	देवप्रभसूरीः	संवत् १४९१	प्रथमपत्राभावः
४४४	पार्थनाथचारित्रं यद्बाकाव्यम्	१८१	१३	३८	३८	भावदेवसूरीः	...	प्रथमपत्राभावः
४४५	यद्बाकाव्यम्	३२६	११	३२	३२	...	...	संपूर्णम्
४४६	प्रश्नव्याकरणतूं ग्राहकते	३१६	१३	६०	६०	...	...	संपूर्णम्
४४७	भगवतीसूत्रम्	३७३	१३	६६	६६	...	संवत् १५७०	प्रथमपत्राभावः
४४८	भगवतीसूत्रविशेषशृणीः	४००	१६	६४	६४	अभयदेवसौरीः	...	संपूर्णीः
४४९	भोजचारित्रम्	३८	१६	४०	४०	राजवल्लभः	संवत् १५९८	संपूर्णम्
४५०	मोजपत्रन्धः	३८	१६	४४	४४	मेहतुङ्गाचार्यः	...	दादापत्रं नारितः
४५१	योगशास्त्रस्य प्रकाशाः समाप्ताः	३८	१३	६०	६०	हेमचन्द्रः	संवत् १५६३	संपूर्णीः
४५२	रामचारित्रम्	३८	१३	४१	४१	देवविजयगणिः	...	संपूर्णम्
४५३	बसुधारामदाविद्या	३८	१३	५१	५१	...	...	संपूर्णीः
४५४	विद्यन्धमुखमण्डनम्	४४	१३	५१	५१	घर्वदासः	...	संपूर्णम्

४६५ विदेकविलासः	१३३	१३३	१३३	संपूर्णः
४६६ शत्रुंजयकल्पः	१००	१००	१००	संपूर्णः
४६७ शबदभूषणनामकव्याकरणम्	१३३	१३३	१३३	संपूर्णम्
४६८ शबदानशासनस्याइमः प्राकृताध्यायः	१६	१६	१६	संपूर्णः
४६९ शान्तिस्तवः	१६	१६	१६	संपूर्णः
४७० षड्दर्शीनस्युच्चयः	१६	१६	१६	संपूर्णः
४७१ स एव सटीकः	१६	१६	१०	संपूर्णः
४७२ समयसाराप्रभृतं सटीकम्	१४४	१४४	१७	कुचक्कन्दाचार्यः
४७३ समुद्रपालिताध्ययनं भाषासहितम्	१६	१७	१७	संपूर्णम्
४७४ सम्बन्धकोमुदी (गद्यम्)	१८	१७	१२	संपूर्णः
४७५ सिद्धचन्द्रमहिमकथा	१२	१५	१२	संपूर्णः
४७६ सिद्धशब्दार्थवः	१४	१७	१२	संपूर्णः
४७७ सिन्दुरपकरपकरणं दूसिकमुकावली वा.	४	४	१८	संपूर्णम्

१६. १६-४८पत्राणि न.

दिग्गम्बरप्रत्येकः

संपूर्णम्

संपूर्णः

संपूर्णः

संपूर्णः

संपूर्णः

संपूर्णः

संपूर्णम्

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	ग्रन्थनामः	पत्रसंख्या.	पृष्ठगतपाइङ्कृताक्षरसंख्या.	ग्रन्थकृतो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट किमपि पूर्णपूर्ण वा.
४६८	सिंहासनद्वार्जशतकथी	४९	१३	४०	०००	संचत् १७१३ संपूर्णी.
४६९	संकिपुकावली	११	८	४०	तोमप्रभाचार्यः	संचत् १११४ संपूर्णी.
४७०	तिथ सटीका	८८	९६	८८	मूः स एव.	संचत् १७४८ संपूर्णी.
४७१	सूत्रोद्धतकथा:	१७	१४	४०	...	संपूर्णी.
 इ—जैनीयभाषाग्रन्थाः						
४७२	आडुतीर्थमाला	६	११	३०	राजेन्द्रसागरः	...
४७३	क्षेत्रविचारः	१६	१२	३७	...	संपूर्णी.
४७४	क्षेत्रसमासः	१२	१४	३६	...	संपूर्णी.
					संचत् १७६६	संपूर्णी.

४७६	चांदलेवारासः:	१८	१७	४४	मतिकुशलः	संबत् १८१२	संपूर्णः
४७६	राठोडरतनमेशदासोतीवचनिका.	१२	१६	४४	...	...	संपूर्णः
४७७	सेव	११	१६	४४	...	संबत् १७९९	संपूर्णः
४७८	वयरकुमाररासः:	११	१६	४४	...	संबत् १६८०	संपूर्णः
४७९	सूक्ष्मलालवली	११	१६	५०	...	संबत् १६९८	संपूर्णः
B 904—21				४१	कौरपालवानारसी.	संबत् १६९८	संपूर्णः

वर्गेऽष्टादशः—ब्राह्मणभाषाप्रथमः

४८०	आरण्यकाण्डः	१०	१०	१०	तुलसीदासः	संबत् १८९६	संपूर्णः
४८१	कौवितप्रचन्थः:	१०	११	३२	मणिकदासः	संबत् १८०९	संपूर्णः
४८१	श्लानपञ्जरी	३४	१०	३२	मनोहरदासः	संबत् १८५३	संपूर्णः
४८३	भगवदीता	६४	१३	३६	भगवानदासः	...	संपूर्णः
४८४	वेदान्तमहावाक्यानि	१६	१०	३२	मनोहरदासः	संबत् १८८७	संपूर्णानि.
४८५	तान्येव	१६	१४	१८	स एव	संबत् १८०३	संपूर्णानि.
४८६	सारसंग्रहज्ञानभूषणभाष्यम्.	१०१	११	३६	त्रिविक्रियानन्दः	...	संपूर्णम्.

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	ग्रन्थनामः	पत्र-संख्या.	पृष्ठा-पद्धति-संख्या.	तपाङ्कि-ताक्षर-संख्या.	ग्रन्थकृतो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट किमपि पूर्णा-संपूर्णा वा.	तेच्चीयमन्त्रिकोपनिषद्ग्रन्थां विना। संपूर्णा।
४८७	अष्टोचरशतीपनिषदः	६४३	१४	३८	...	...	...	...
४८८	आथर्वण्युण्डकोपनिषद्	...	७	१६	...	...	...	...
४८९	कण्वशास्त्रपदानि	...	{८३} {२६}	< ३१	...	शक १९३२	सारिडतानि।	संपूर्णा।
४९०	केनोपनिषद्	...	३	{८}	१६	...	...	संपूर्णा।
४९१	माण्डूक्योपनिषद्	...	८	८	१८	...	...	संपूर्णा।
४९२	छान्दोरायोपनिषद्	...	८	८	१०	...	...	संपूर्णा।
४९३	तत्त्वकारांपनिषद्	...	८	८	१८	...	...	संपूर्णा।
४९४	पञ्चोपनिषद्	...	८	८	१८	...	...	संपूर्णा।

## इ—महाराष्ट्रदेशातः

वर्णः प्रथमः—सोपनिषदो वेदाः

४९४	तुहदारण्योपनिषद्—षष्ठाभ्यायः	१६५	८	१८	...	...	संपूर्णः
४९५	वाजसनेयशालासंहिता	००८	७	३०	...	संबत् १८१६	संपूर्णी.
४९६	शतपथब्राह्मणस्य हविर्यज्ञनाम प्रथ-	१६६	८	२७	...	संबत् १६१०	संपूर्णम्.
	मकाण्डम्.	...	...	...	...	संबत् १६८०	आदिमाने २४ पत्राणि न.
४९७	तदेव	१३२	८	३२	...	शक १७२६	संपूर्णम्.
४९८	शतपथब्राह्मणस्य एकवैदितियका-	११३	७	२८	...	लिङ्गितम्.	
	णम्.	...	...	...	...	संबत् १७८२	संपूर्णम्.
४९९	तस्यैव ग्रहकाण्डं चतुर्थम्.	१४	७	१८	...	३८-४२ पत्राणि न सान्ति.	
५००	तस्यैव स्नेकाण्डम्	७३	११	२८	...	...	
५०१	तस्यैव दशमं काण्डम्	१७	८	३०	...	...	

वर्णो वितीयः—वैदाक्षुनि शौतकर्मप्रयोगाभ्यः

अ—वैदाक्षुनि.

६०२	एकाक्षरीवैटः	००	२०	१३	...	संपूर्णः
६०३	कालायनशौतकर्मभाष्यम् १-३ अ-	४२	९	२४	...	संपूर्णः
	स्थायाः	...	६१	१०	४४	

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	ग्रन्थनामः	पत्रसंख्या-	पृष्ठग- तपाणि- संख्या।	पृष्ठग- तपाणि- संख्या।	ग्रन्थकृतो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवाशिष्ट किमपि पूर्णो पूर्णो वा।
६०४	कालायनश्रीतसूत्रभाष्यम्—दशमा- ध्यायः।	६६५	८	३२	यांकिकदेवः	संवत् १६१६	प्रथमपत्रहयमाभावः
६०५	तदेव-पठन्वार्थात्मातितमोद्यायः।	... {७३ ६९}	११	३६६	स एवः	संवत् १८४८	संपूर्णः।
६०६	तदेव	... ६०	८	६०	स एवः	...	बाहिडतम्.
६०७	कालायनश्रीतसूत्रम्	... ३६६	११	३६६	कालायनः	शाक १६६२	बाहिडतम्.
६०८	तस्यैव भाष्यं	... २७	११	६२	...	६१-७७ पत्राणि वर्तन्ते।	...
६०९	कालायनगटुकासत्रम्	... ३४	८	१८	कालायनः	...	बाहिडतम्.
६१०	तदेव	... ३७	६	३०	स एवः	...	...
६११	तदेव	... ३६	६	३०	स एवः	...	काण्डद्वयम्.
६१२	कालायनगटुकासत्रभाष्यम्	... ७८	११	६१	लयरामः	संवत् १८९८	संपूर्णम्.

६१३	जटापटलव्याख्या	२४	३६	दयाशंकर:	...
६१४	प्रतिज्ञासु च नवकण्ठिकासु च.	...	७	८	...
६१५	प्रातिज्ञारव्यभाष्यम्	१०	११	३२	उबटः
६१६	तदेव	४८	९	२८	स एव.
६१७	प्रातिशारद्यभाष्यं ज्योत्स्ना	...	११	४०	रामः
६१८	प्रातिशारद्यव्याख्या	...	११	३२	अनन्तभट्टः
६१९	भाषिकवृत्तिः	...	१२	१०	महास्त्रापी.
६२०	सर्व तुक्तम्:	...	१२	१०	१४
६२१	ज्ञानसूत्रदीपिका	...	६०	८	गोपिनाथः

## इ.—श्रीतकर्मप्रयोगः।

६२२	अग्निष्टोमप्रयोगः वाजस्तोयिताम्...	६७	९	१०६	...
६२३	आग्रहायणोष्टिकालनिर्णयः वाज०	१	११	६०	...
६२४	आधानपद्धतिः वाज०	३२	१०	४०	गङ्गाधरभट्टः
६२५	इष्टिकालनिर्णयः वाज०	३७	८	२४	मुरारिः
६२६					शक १७०४.

८०—१५६ पत्राणि सन्तते.

संपूर्णः	संपूर्णे.
संपूर्णः	पञ्चमाध्यायः
संपूर्णः	तदेव
संपूर्णः	विष्टितम्
संपूर्णः	विष्टिता.
संपूर्णः	विष्टिता.
संपूर्णः	विष्टिता.
संपूर्णः	विष्टितः
संपूर्णः	विष्टितः
संपूर्णः	विष्टितः

APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

अनुक्रमांकः	प्रथनामः	पत्र-संख्या.	पृष्ठगतपद्धतिः संख्या.	पहिंगतास्त्र-संख्या.	प्रथक्तो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट किमपि पूर्णे अपूर्णे वा.
६२६	चातुर्मीस्यप्रयोगः वाज०	३६	९	३८	३८	...	खण्डितः
६२७	उयोटिष्टोमः वाज०—उत्तरार्द्धः	३६	८	५३	३९	...	खण्डितः
६२८	दर्शपूर्णमासपद्धातिः वाज०	४०	८	३९	३९	देवः	संपूर्णः
६२९	दर्शपूर्णमासहौत्रं वाज०	१३	७	३६	३६	नरहरिभृः	संपूर्णम्
६३०	दर्शपूर्णमासहौत्रं वाज०	१७	८	३२	३२	...	संपूर्णम्
६३१	दर्शपूर्णमासेष्टिः वाज०	२२	८	३६	३६	...	३ पत्रं नास्ति
६३२	निळटपशुहौत्रं वाज०	११	८	१४	१४	शक १७१२	संपूर्णम्
६३३	तदेवः	११	८	१२	१२	...	संपूर्णम्
६३४	पिष्टपशुब्लडनमधिमांसा	१६	१२	३२	३२	नारायणपाठितः	संपूर्णम्
६३५	पौर्णमासेष्टिः वाज०	१७	१	३६	३६	...	संपूर्णम्
६३६	प्रातमाध्यंदिनस्त्रनं वाज०	१२	१२	४१	४१	संवत् १८३४	संपूर्णम्
६३७	श्रीतकमध्यप्रयोगः वाज०	१३८	१०	४०	४०	...	खण्डितम्
						१—४ पत्राणि न सन्ति.	

६३८	श्रीतप्रयोगः वाज०	१४	९	२८	...	...	संपूर्णः
६३९	सापंप्रातहीमः वाज०	६	११	२४	...	...	संपूर्णः
६४०	सोमपदार्थकथनं वाज०	१०७	७	३७	...	...	संपूर्णम्
६४१	सोमप्रयोगः वाज०	१३०	१०	२८	...	...	शक१७२०
						१—४६ पत्राणि न सन्दितः	

वर्गरस्त्रियः—इतिहासपुराणमाहात्यस्तोत्राणी.

६४२	आनन्दत्रितकथा पूजा च.	१८	१८	१८	...	शक१७८०	संपूर्णे.
६४३	ऋषिपञ्चमीकथा पूजा च	६	६	१६	...	...	संपूर्णे.
६४४	काशीत्वं गङ्गासहस्रनाम	३१	१०	१६	...	संबत्१८९९	संपूर्णे.
	अष्टकं च	११	१०	१६	...	संबत्१९०३	संपूर्णे.
६४५	गणेशज्ञानविवेकः	३	८	२१	रामचन्द्रगणेशः	कालिदासः	खण्डितः
		१	८	२१	...	...	...
६४६	गहडपुराणे प्रेतवधः	१७	८	३२	...	संबत्१७०३	११—१३ पत्राणि न.
६४७	तरजासहस्रनाम कक्षदपुराणोक्तम्	१४	८	३०	...	...	संपूर्णम्
६४८	विशारीतीतोत्त्रं ब्रह्माण्डपुराणस्थलितोपरम्यानान्तर्गतम्	१	८	३०	...	...	संपूर्णम्

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	ग्रन्थनामः	पत्रसंख्या.	पृष्ठगतपाइत्ति तासरसंख्या.	ग्रन्थकृतो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट किमीपे पृष्ठों वा.
६४९	नासिकसेत्रमाहात्म्यम्	७९	८	१४	शक १६९९	द्वितीयं पञ्चं न.
६५०	पञ्चवटीमाहात्म्यं पञ्चपुराणोक्तम्	२८	१२	३७	...	संपूर्णम्.
६५१	पञ्चवराजगमोक्तं जितेत्सोन्त्रम्	९	८	२६	...	संपूर्णम्.
६५२	पुरुषोत्तममाहात्म्यम्	१०	१६	३८	...	त्र्याटीतम्.
६५३	प्रयागमाहात्म्यं बहुपुराणोक्तम्	३७	१२	४६	...	संपूर्णम्.
६५४	ब्रह्मपुराणे श्रीरङ्गमाहात्म्यम्	३९	१२	४६	...	संपूर्णम्.
६५५	ब्रह्मवेचतेसारम्	१	१०	११	...	संपूर्णम्.
६५६	भासिरद्वावर्ण्यभिधभागवतस्त्रीकसंग्रहः स्टोकः	८२	१३	३०	...	संपूर्णम्.
६५७	भागवते द्वितीयस्कन्धः स्टोकः	७८	१२	६४	...	आदिमपत्रन्यं न । अन्तिमानि च कानिचित् पत्राणि न.

१६८	भागवते षष्ठकन्धः सटीकः	१००	३०	संपूर्णः
१६९	भागवते सप्तमस्कन्धः	८७	४६	खण्डतः
१७०	भागवते सप्तमस्कन्धः सटीकः	८४	२०	संपूर्णः
१७१	भागवते दशमस्कन्धः सटीकः	१३१	१४	खण्डतः
१७२	भागवते द्वादशमस्कन्धः	३४	११	संपूर्णः
१७३	भागवतटीका—दशमैकादशस्कन्धौ।	३४ ६८	१२ ६४	संपूर्णैः।
१७४	भागवतटीका भगवद्गीलिचिन्तानामि:	३३	१०	खण्डता।
१७५	भारतमादिपत्रादि भीष्मपर्वान्तम्	१०४७	१६	संपूर्णम्।
१७६	तदेव होणपत्रादि स्वर्गोरेषणात् शास्त्रितपत्रै विना।	७२९	१६	भाव
१७७	माघधाहात्म्यं वायुपुराणोक्तम्	१२३	११	१०६—१११ पत्राणि न.
१७८	रामनाममाहात्म्यम्	७४	१३	संपूर्णम्।
१७९	रामस्तुतिव्याख्या	१२	८	त्रुटिता।
१८०	वज्रपञ्जस्तोत्रव्याख्या।	१७	१३	शृष्टिता।

## APPENDIX I.—*continued.*

अनुक्रमांकः	ग्रन्थनामः	अवशिष्ट किमपि पूर्णे वा.			
		पत्रसंख्या.	पृष्ठा-पड़ी-ताक्षर-संख्या.	ग्रन्थकृतो नाम.	लेखनकालः
१७१	विष्णुपुराणं स्तरीकृतम्	४४७	१४	दी. रत्नभंशटा-चार्यः	...
१७२	व्याङ्कुटेशमाहात्म्यं ब्रह्माद्दे	३४	११	...	संपूर्णम्.
१७३	विग्रहीता पद्मपुराणे	१४३	७	...	संपूर्णम्.
१७४	शिवस्तुतिः टौका च	१६	८	विश्वनाथनारायण उमयोः कर्ता॑	शक १७१६ ...
१७५	श्रीनिवासकवचान्तस्त्रोत्राणि (आमे- पुराणो काणि).	१०	७	१८	संपूर्णानि.
१७६	स्कन्दपुराणोक्तकार्तिकमाहात्म्यम्	६०	११	३४	आदिपत्रत्रयभागाचः.
१७७	तत्रैव मार्गशीर्षमाहात्म्यम्	३६	१२	३४	तत्त्विद्वतम्.
१७८	हरितालिकाब्रतकथा पूजा च	१०	११	२६	संपूर्णम्.
१७९	हरितंशः	३१४	१४	४०	संपूर्णम्.
१८०					संबत् १६०७

धर्मशास्त्रम्:—धर्मशास्त्रम्:  
अ—सत्याग्रहम्.

१०	आधायोपाकर्मप्रयोगः	संपूर्णः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
११	अन्तेष्टप्रयोगः	संपूर्णः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
१२	अशीच्छनिर्णयः	संपूर्णः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
१३	काकमैथुनदर्शनशान्तिः	संपूर्णः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
१४	कालमेदः—चान्द्रतावनादैः	संपूर्णः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
१५	गोत्रप्रवरनिर्णयः	गोविन्दाचार्यः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
१६	गोत्रप्रवरनिर्णयः	गोविन्दाचार्यः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
१७	गोत्रप्रवरनिर्णयः	गोविन्दाचार्यः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
१८	गोत्रप्रवरनिर्णयः	गोविन्दाचार्यः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
१९	गोत्रप्रवरनिर्णयः	गोविन्दाचार्यः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
२०	गोत्रप्रवरनिर्णयः	गोविन्दाचार्यः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
२१	गोत्रप्रवरनिर्णयः	गोविन्दाचार्यः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
२२	गोत्रप्रवरनिर्णयः	गोविन्दाचार्यः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
२३	गोत्रप्रवरनिर्णयः	गोविन्दाचार्यः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
२४	गोत्रप्रवरनिर्णयः	गोविन्दाचार्यः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
२५	गोत्रप्रवरनिर्णयः	गोविन्दाचार्यः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
२६	गोत्रप्रवरनिर्णयः	गोविन्दाचार्यः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
२७	गोत्रप्रवरनिर्णयः	गोविन्दाचार्यः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
२८	गोपत्सवशान्तिः	गोपत्सवशान्तिः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
२९	ग्रहवीपिका	ग्रहवीपिका	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
३०	ग्रहयज्ञः	तर्थिप्रसादिनकुम्भः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
३१	द्वारयात्राविधेःपुराणोक्तः	द्वारयात्राविधेःपुराणोक्तः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्
३२	पूर्णीसरडशान्तिः	पूर्णीसरडशान्तिः	शासिद्वतः	विटितम्

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	अन्यनामः	पत्र-संख्या:	पृष्ठा-पत्रकृति-ताक्षर-संख्या:	प्रथकृतो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट किमपि पूर्णं दृश्यन्वा.
६१४	प्रतापनारासैं हूर्तप्रकाशः	...	४१	१०	१९	तोरोनारायणा-संजहदेवः
६१५	प्रथमतो हृष्टप्राप्तिशास्त्रे:	...	१६	६	३०	...
६१६	प्रयोगस्तरः	...	२१	७	२८	...
६१७	प्रायश्चित्तदिनकरोहच्येतः	...	१७	८	४०	दिनकरः
६१८	प्रायश्चित्तदीपिका	...	२४	८	४६	रामः
६१९	मदनपारिजातकः	...	३४४	१७	३८	...
६२०	तत्रैव सपिण्डगनिर्णयः	...	८	१३	३१	शक १६४६
६२१	मातृगोत्रनिर्णयः	...	३	१६	३९	नारायणः
६२२	मासानिर्णयः कृताख्यात-	...	१८	११	३२	...
६२३	मासादिनिर्णयः	...	१९	११	३६	ब्रह्मः

६०४	पिताक्षरा—आचारः	१२	९६	विजानेश्वरः	९६	संपूर्णः	...
६०५	यादवलक्ष्मस्तुतिः	१०	४९	४९	...	संपूर्णः	...
६०६	शामाचर्वनचन्द्रिका	१३	८	३०	मुकुन्दवनाशीण्य	१—१३	पत्राणामध्याचः
६०७	विवाहपद्धतिः	३२	१०	१८	आनन्दवनः	...	आनन्दमानो च केषांचित्
६०८	व्यातिपातननशाचित्प	६	७	३३	...	मधुपक्षदाराण्य चतुर्थीक-	मन्ता.
६०९	घटिपूर्तिशान्तिः	३	११	३३	...	...	...
६१०	संस्काराङ्गाधरः	११	८	३२	गङ्गाधरदीक्षितः	...	संपूर्णः
६११	संस्कारात्मकाः	११	८	२६	मधुरे भरसुतस्त-	...	संपूर्णः
६१२	सर्वतोभद्रालिङ्गतोभद्रम्	१८	९	१६	प्रभाटः	१७७३	अकृतिविवाहपर्यन्तः
६१३	सापिण्डकल्पलता।	३	१२	२१	...	...	संपूर्णः
इ—मध्यसंपदायः							
६१४	कर्मनिर्णयटीका	३१	६३	६३	आनन्दतीर्थः	...	संपूर्णः
६१५	कर्मनिर्णयटीकाविवरणम्	१०४	८	४२	टी. जयतीर्थः ति. रोटिव्हक्क	...	त्रुटितम्

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमिक संख्या:	प्रथनामः	पत्र-संख्या:	पुष्टग-तपक्ति-ताक्षण-संख्या:	गच्छतो नामः	हेतुनकालः	अवशेषं किमपि पूर्णोऽपूर्णो वा.
६१६	दिनत्रयनिर्णयः	...	६	३२	विद्याधीशशुनि:	संपूर्णः
६१७	दिनत्रयमीमांसा	...	६६	२७	नारायणः	१, १९, ११, ६१, पत्राणि न सन्ति.
६१८	सदाचारस्मृतिः सदीपिका	...	२१	३०	मृ. शानन्दतीर्थः दी. नारायणाचार्यः	६०, ६१, ४, १८०, १८१ पत्राणि न सन्ति.
वर्गः पठ्वयनाटाककथात्याख्यिकाः						
६१९	किरातार्जुनीयं काव्यम्	...	१२७	७	१३	...
६२०	खण्डप्रशस्तिः सटीका.	१०	११	२६	ठी. युणदिनयः	सप्तदशसंपर्यन्तम्. १४—११, ११६, १२६ पत्राणि न सन्ति. संपूर्णः

६९१	गीतगोविन्द सटीकम्	६०	दी. भीकदासका. संबद्ध १९८२	संपूर्णम्.
६२२	तीर्थपबन्धकाल्यम्.	१०	रितनारायणभट्टः	संपूर्णम्.
६२३	तस्यैव दीका भावपक्षाशिकारव्या	११	वादिराजतीर्थः	संपूर्णम्.
६२४	नरकासुरवधयायोगः	१०	नारायणाचार्यः	संपूर्णम्.
६२५	द्वातिहचम्पूः	११	१३	१३
६२६	भागिनीविलासटीका	१२	१३	१३
६२७	मध्यविजयः	१३	१३	१३
६२८	रघुवंशः	१४	१३	१३
६२९	रघुवंशटीका	१०	१३	१३
६३०	रत्नावलीनाटकम्.	१५	१३	१३
६३१	रामकृष्णकाल्यं सटीकम्	१२	७	७

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	प्रथनाम्	पत्र-संख्या।	पृष्ठग-पट्टीग-तपाङ्की तालर-संख्या। संख्या।	अध्यक्षतो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्टं किमपि पूर्णं दृष्टेण वा।
६३२	दक्षिणीश्वरियकाच्यम्	११४	११	३२	वादिराजतर्थः	पृथमसर्गभावः। १-७, २१,
६३३	तर्यैव टिका (भावप्रकारिका)	४२३	१०	३७	नारायणाचार्यः	पत्रमसर्गभावः। १-४ १,
६३४	विद्यर्घमुखमण्डनम्	१८	११	३९	धर्मदासः	३१६-३२९ पञ्चाणि
६३५	श्रीनिवासचतुषः	४२	१३	४७	श्रीनिवासः	न सन्ति।
६३६	वर्णः—क्षयकरणात्मकम्					श्रुटितम्-
६३७	उपादिसत्रवृत्तिः	१२२	७	३९		वैष्णवीषः:
६३८	कारकचक्रम्	१३	१४	४२		संवत् १६८०
						संपूर्णी।
						द्वितीयपञ्च न।
						...

६४८	धातुरूपाणि	२६	१४	१४	...
६३९	प्रयोगमुखमण्डनम्	२८	६५	६५	...
६४०	मध्यकौमुदी	८	३०	३०	...
६४१	सेव	८	८	८	वारदराजः
६४२	सेव	८०	१३	१०	स एव
६४३	मनोरमा—१ समाशन्वा	२६	२६	२६	स एव
६४४	—२तोद्दितम्	११५	११२	४७	{ भृहोजिदीक्षितः
६४५	शब्दरूपम्	४२	११	४०	...
		३६१			
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮

६४६	अभिवानरत्नम्	११६	११६	११६	...
६४७	एकाक्षरानिष्ठम्	४४	११६	११६	...
६४८	घनंजयकोशः	१८	१८	१८	घनंजयः
६४९	ना नार्थमञ्जरी	१५	१०	११	...
६५०	व्याघ्रासुधा अमरकोशाटीका	१०६	१२	१२	भानुदीक्षितः

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६५१	प्रथमगणत्रयधातूनाम्.	११६	११४०	११४०	संपूर्णः
६५२	संपूर्णम्.	⋮	⋮	⋮	संपूर्णः
६५३	षालिङ्गान्ता.	⋮	⋮	⋮	उटितः
६५४	तिङ्गन्तान्ता.	⋮	⋮	⋮	संपूर्णः.
६५५	हृदन्तम्.	⋮	⋮	⋮	त्रुटिता.
६५६	संपूर्णः.	⋮	⋮	⋮	...

वर्णः सम्मयः—कोशाः

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

बाज़ार- फार्म:	मन्यनामः	पत्र- संख्या	पृष्ठग- तपाहि- ताक्षर- सख्या	प्रथक्तो नामः सख्या	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट किमणि पूर्णो दृश्यो वा.
बार्गोऽस्थयः—चन्द्रोऽलंकारयादेः						
६५०	नवरसरत्तहाः	३८	६	३१	३६	विपाठीशिवरामः भानुः
६५१	रसतराङ्गिणी	३४	११	३१	३१	त्रुटिता。
६५२	श्रुतवोषः	३४	६	३९	३९	संपूर्णः
६५३	वामपटालंकारः	३१	११	३४	३४	त्रुटितः
बार्गो नवमः—सांख्ययोर्गी						
६५४	सांख्यतत्त्वकौमुदी	३८	६	४९	४९	त्रुटिता。
६५५	योगसूत्रम्	३६	८	४०	४०	पथमाच्यायः

**बोर्गी दृश्यः—वेदान्तशास्त्रम्-**  
**ध—शंकराचार्यसंप्रदायः**

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	श्रव्यनामः	पत्र-संख्या.	पष्ठग-पञ्चग-यन्धकतो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवधिएँ किमपि पूर्णे संपूर्णे वा.
६६७	सीन्दर्घलहरी सटीका	४६	१२	४९	मूः शंकरचार्यः टी. रामचन्द्रः

## ३—मध्यसंपदायः

६८८	आदैतसिद्धेवण्डनम्	२६९	६	३७	वनमाली.	शक १७४२	३३-४२, २४१, २४२, १४३, पत्राणि न.
६९०	आमिनवचारैका तत्त्वप्रकाशिका-व्याख्या.	१५६ ८७	{ १९ १८	३८	सत्याधयतिः	...	प्रथमद्वितीयाध्यायी.
६९०	आधर्यमुण्डकोपनिषद्ग्रन्थम्.	६	१०	३४	आनन्दतर्थः	शक १६४४	संपूर्णम्.
६९१	तत्त्व व्याख्या	१३	११	४०	व्यासतर्थः	शक १६४४	संपूर्णम्.

६७९	ईशावास्थभाष्यम्	संपूर्णम्.
६८०	तदेव	संपूर्णम्.
६८१	ऐतेरोपनिषदीका	त्रुटिता.
६८२	कथालक्षणविवरणम्	संपूर्णम्.
६८३	कथालक्षणविवरणटीका	संपूर्णम्.
६८४	गीताटीका	संपूर्णम्.
६८५	तत्त्वानिर्णयटिपणी	त्रुटिता.
६८६	तत्त्वपकाशिका मध्यभाष्यटीका.	त्रुटिता.
६८७	(उपाखिल- णडनम्)	प्रयत्नमहिताच्याहयी.
६८८	तदेव	त्रुटितम्.
६८९	तदेव	त्रुटितम्.
६९०	तत्त्वपकाशिकाब्याहयाविद्वाति: (मन्दा- रमञ्जरी )	त्रुटितम्.
६९१	तत्त्वविवेकविवरणम्	त्रुटितम्.
६९२	तदेव	त्रुटितम्.
६९३	तत्त्वसंख्यानटीका	त्रुटितम्.
६९४	तत्त्वसंख्यानविवरणम्	त्रुटितम्.

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	ग्रन्थनामः	पत्र-संख्या।	वृष्टग-पाङ्कग-तपाहि-ताक्षर-संख्या।	प्रथमहो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवधिएँ किमपि पूर्णे उपूर्णे वा।
६८८	तत्त्वोद्घोतः ( मूलम् )	...	६	१०	३४	आनन्दतीर्थः
६८९	तत्त्वोद्घोतः	...	१६	११	२१	३४ एव।
६९०	तत्त्वकारोपनिषद्ग्राघटीका	...	६	१०	३६	भा. आनन्दतीर्थः
६९१	तात्पर्यचारिका अयतीर्थकृततत्त्वप्रकाशिकाव्याख्या	६२	११	४३	व्यासतीर्थः	त्रिटिता।
६९२	तैतिरीयेपनिषद्ग्राघटम्	...	१३	१०	३६	आनन्दतीर्थः
६९३	दुर्मतवण्डनम्	...	१४	८	३४	३६ संपूर्णम्
६९४	द्वादशस्तोत्राणि सर्टीकानि	...	४०	१२	३६	मृ. आनन्दतीर्थः
६९५	न्यायसुधा ब्रह्मसत्रानव्याख्यानटीका।	१६८	१४	६६	३६ त्रिटिता।	३६ गोविन्दमिश्रः

६९६	न्यायमूलतराहिणी	(व्यापतीर्थकृत-	१८	१२	१६	रामाचार्यः	...	त्रुटिता.
	न्यायमूलटीका)	४२	२३	२६	३६	स एव.	...	त्रुटिता.
६९७	सेव	...	१२	१२	४७	मूः आनन्दतर्थः	...	संपर्णम्.
६९८	प्रपञ्चविषयकात्मकानिवारणम्	...	१०	११	५७	वि. जयतर्थः	...	त्रुटितम्.
६९९	तदेव	...	११	११	३१	जयतर्थः	शक १६१४	त्रुटितम्.
७००	प्रमाणपद्धतिः	...	३०	११	३६	स एव.	...	संपूर्णी.
७०१	प्रमालक्षणटीका (न्यायकल्पलता)	...	७२	१	३१	स एव.	...	संपूर्णी.
७०२	प्रभोपनिषद्विपिका	...	३	१२	३४	आनन्दतर्थः	शक १६४४	संपूर्णी.
७०३	बुहदारण्यभाष्यटीका	...	२३	११	३९	मा. आनन्दतर्थः	संचत १६५८	६, ६, ७ अध्यायः
			१२	१४	११	टी. रघुवरपति:		
७०४	ब्रह्मसूत्रभाष्यम्	...	३१	७	२१	आनन्दतर्थः	...	प्रथमाध्यायस्थादिमपादत्रयं
७०५	तदेव	...	१८	१	२६	नास्ति.	...	त्रुटितम्.
७०६	तदेव	...	१४	१३	२६	स एव.	...	संपूर्णम्.
					३१	स एव.	...	कानिचित्पत्राणि
							विदीणीनि.	

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्र.- मार्कः	ग्रन्थनामः	पत्र- संख्या०	पर्डिग- क्षेत्र- संख्या०	ग्रन्थक्रमो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्ट क्रिमपि पृष्ठौ उपूण वा.	
७०७	ब्रह्मसूत्रव्याख्या	...	३६	११	४६	...	त्रिटीया० संपूर्णम्.
७०८	ब्रह्मसूत्रव्याख्याष्टम्	...	६	८	१६	...	१, २, ३ अध्यायाः०
७०९	ब्रह्मसूत्रव्याख्यानम्	...	{ ११ १२ }	{ २६ २४ }	३६	स एव.	नव प्रकरणानि.
७१०	भास्तिरलाकरः स टीकः	...	३८	११	४४	...	द शास्त्रक्रमो हितीयस्य
७११	भागवततात्त्वाचर्णनर्णयः	...	४३	६	३६	...	च कथितदंशः।
७१२	भारततात्पर्यनिर्णयप्रमाणसंश्लेषः	...	३७	१०	२९	...	४—३२ अध्यायाः०
७१३	भावप्रकाशः—अणुभाष्टीका०	...	३३	६	३६	दृसिः०	संपूर्णः०
७१४	भावप्रकाशिका० जयतीयकृतप्रपञ्च- सिद्ध्यात्मानवेणुभावाद्यायाः०	...	३६	११	३१	व्यासयति०	संपूर्ण००

७१६ मायावाद खण्डनविवरणम्		७१७ तदेव		७१८ तस्यैव टिप्पणी		७१९ मारहतमण्डनम्		७२० विष्णुतत्त्वनिपायः		७२१ तस्य टीका		७२२ सेव		७२३ विष्णुपञ्चकम्	
मूः आनन्दतीर्थः वि. लयतीर्थः	१८	१८	१९	१९	२०	२१	२२	२३	२४	२५	२६	२७	२८	१६० पत्राणि न.	संपूर्णम्.
जयतीर्थः श्रीनिवासः	७	७	८	८	९	९	१०	११	१२	१३	१४	१५	१६	१६० पत्राणि न.	संपूर्णम्.
बनमाली आनन्दतीर्थः जयतीर्थः	१८	१८	१९	१९	२०	२१	२२	२३	२४	२५	२६	२७	२८	१६१, १६२ इतानि प-	संपूर्णम्.
संचर्त १७४१ संपर्णः	१८	१८	१९	१९	२०	२१	२२	२३	२४	२५	२६	२७	२८	१६१, १६२ इतानि प-	संपर्णः
प्रथमपत्राभावः संपर्णः	१८	१८	१९	१९	२०	२१	२२	२३	२४	२५	२६	२७	२८	१६० पत्राणि न.	त्राणि न.
१६१, १६२, १६३, १६४ इतानि प- त्राणि न.	१८	१८	१९	१९	२०	२१	२२	२३	२४	२५	२६	२७	२८	१६० पत्राणि न.	संपूर्णम्.

उ—भाक्तिसंप्रदायः

५१३	भक्तिमीमांसासूत्रं समाप्त्यम्	३२	१२	३८	सू. शापिलयमुनि:	शाक १७३६	संपूर्णम्.
		..	.		भा. रवमेधरः		

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	ग्रन्थनामः	पत्र-संख्या-	एष्टग-पञ्जी-	पत्रपैति-ताक्षर-	ग्रन्थकौ नामः	लेखनकालः	अवधिएँ किमपि पूर्णोऽपूर्णो वा.
७२४	अनुभितिपरमर्गकारणभावः	१७	११	३१	...	...	संपूर्णः
७२५	आरुयातवादः	६	६	४६	...	...	संपूर्णः
७२६	तस्य व्यापाद्या	३७	१०	४०	रघुदेवः	...	संपूर्णः
७२७	कारिकावली	१	११	११	विश्वनाथपठवाननः	...	संपूर्णः
७२८	कारकवाह्यः	१४	११	३६	बयरामः	...	संपूर्णः
७२९	गादाघरी—व्यापिवादः	४३	६	४८	गदाधरः	...	श्रुटितः
७३०	सेव—सामान्यनिराकृतिः	४२	१०	४२	स एवः	...	संपूर्णः
७३१	चिन्तामणि:—प्रलक्षणण्डम्	१०	१६	६०	गङ्गेशमहोपाध्यायः	...	श्रुटितम्
७३२	स एव—शब्दवरण्डम्	१७१	८	४१	स एवः	...	कानिचित्पत्राणि न.
७३३	जगदीशी—व्यापिवादः	३२	८	४६	जगदीशः	...	श्रुटितः



## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्र.- माण्डः- क	ग्रन्थनामः	पत्र- संख्या।	एष्टग- तप लै- ताक्षर- संख्या।	ग्रन्थकौतो नामः	लेखनकालः	अवारीष्टे किमपि पूर्णे पूर्णे वा।
७४८	न्यायसूत्राणि	१३	६	४२	गौतममुनीः	शाक १७३९
७४९	पदार्थवाण्डनम्	३	१६५	४७	शिरोमणिः	त्रुटितो ग्रन्थः संपूर्णम्।
७५०	पदार्थचन्द्रकायाः शोषानन्तरकृतया- ईका।	४६	६	३३	तृतीयाचार्यः	उद्देश्यपूर्णता।
७५१	पदार्थदीपिका	२३	२१	३४	...	त्रुटिता।
७५२	सैव	३१	१३	३३	...	त्रुटिता।
७५३	पदार्थमाला	७८	१३	३२	नयरामः	त्रुटिता।
७५४	परामर्शकरणप्रकल्पताचारादः	२१	१३	४४	...	संपूर्णः
७५५	भवानन्दीव्यासिवादः	१५	८	४६	भवानन्दः	त्रुटितः संपूर्णम्।
७५६	मधुरानाथी व्यापिपूर्वकरहस्यम्	२१०	१४	३७	मधुरानाथः	...
७५७	मूलमधुरानाथीव्यापिपूर्वकोपायः	१४	८	४१	स एवः	...
७५८	मूलमधुरानाथी	५५	८	४१	स एवः	...

७६९	सैव—हेत्वाभासा:	...  १३   ८   ४७   स एव.	...  ...   ...   संपूर्णः
७६०	सामान्यनिरुक्तिकोऽवानि.	...  १२   १२   ६३   ...	...  ...   ...   त्रुटितानि.

वर्गो द्वादशः—ज्योतिषवाचम्.

७६१	मुहूर्तचिन्तामणिः	...  ४२   ११   २४   रामः	शक १७४३   संपूर्णः
७६२	स्वप्नाध्यायः	...  ७   ८   २६   दृष्टस्थातिः	संपूर्णः

वर्गद्वयोदशः—वैद्यकम्.

७६३	वैद्यकयोगचान्दिका	...  १६०   ७   ३६   लक्षणः	...  ...   ...   संपूर्णः
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वर्गश्चतुर्दशः—यान्त्रतन्त्रवाचम्.

७६४	कथपुटी	...  ५८   ८   ३४   सिद्धनागार्जनः	...  ...   ...   पैकादशपटलपैद्यन्ता.
७६५	देवीजूनाप्रकरणं निगमोक्तम्.	३६   ६   २७   ...	संपूर्णः
७६६	भवानीसहस्रनाम इदयामलोकम्.	२९   ६   १६   ...	पैकादशपत्रामात्रः

## APPENDIX I.—continued.

अनुक्रमांकः	अन्यथाम्	पत्रसंख्या.	एषात् पड़िगत्कृति वा.	पत्रसंख्या. रसेद्या।	प्रथमो नाम।	लेखनकालः	अवशिष्टं किमपि पूर्णं उपूर्णं वा।
७६७	मन्त्रशास्त्रप्रकरणं किंचित्	१८	१०	१४	...	...	त्रिटेम्.
७६८	लक्ष्मीहृदयस्तीत्रमध्यवर्णरहस्योक्तम्	२३	८	१८	...	...	संपूर्णम्.
७६९	ललितासहस्रनाम	२१	६	२६	...	...	संपूर्णम्.
वर्गः पञ्चदशः—शिळ्पाद्यम्.							
७७०	कुण्डमार्तेणः सटीकः	...	२६	१८	४७	अनन्तभद्रः	शाक १६७२ संपूर्णः
वर्गोऽष्टादशः—ब्राह्मणभाषाप्रथमः							
७७१	महावाक्यविवरणम्	१०	१६	२७	...	ब्राह्मणदेवः	आदिमपञ्चतत्त्वाभावः
७७२	वाक्यवृत्तीका	६६	६	१०	...	...	संपूर्णम्.

## APPENDIX II.

## A.

*From Uvata's Mantrabhâshya, No. 14, Fol. 50 a.*

ऋष्यादीशं पुरस्त्रय अवन्त्यामूभटो वसन् । मन्त्रभाष्यमिदं चक्रे भोजे  
राष्ट्रं प्रशासति ॥

*Fol. 135 b, 145 a, No. 15, Fol. 35 a.*

आनन्दपुरावास्तव्यवज्ञटाख्यस्य सूनना ।  
मन्त्रभाष्यमिदं कृप्तं भोजे पृथ्वीं प्रशासति ॥

On another copy of the Bhâshya of the last chapter under No. 15 we have—

भोजराज्ये प्रशासति for भोजे राज्यं प्रशासति ।

## B.

No. 489 contains the following Upanishads:—

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1 Is'âvâsyâ. ईशावास्य-पत्रा-<br>णि २.    | 10 Brihadâ- बृहदारण्यको० ५०<br>ranyakâ.  |
| 2 Kena ... केनोपनिषत् २.                 | 11 Brahman. ब्रह्मो० २.                  |
| 3 Kaṭha ... कठोप०७.                      | 12 Kaivalya. कैवल्यो० २.                 |
| 4 Pras'na... प्रश्नोप० ९.                | 13 Jâbâla. जाबालो० २.                    |
| 5 Mundaka. *मुँडको० ४.                   | 14 S'vetâs'- श्वेताश्वतरो० ६.<br>vutara. |
| 6 Mândû- मांदूक्यो०२.<br>kya.            | 15 Hamsa... हंसो० २.                     |
| 7 Taittiriya. तैत्तिरीयो०.<br>(wanting). | 16 Aruṇika. आरुणिको० २.                  |
| 8 Aitareya. ऐतरेयो० ४.                   | 17 Garbha... गर्भो० २.                   |
| 9 Chhândo- छांदोग्यो० ४३.<br>gya.        | 18 Nârâyanâ. नारायणो० २.                 |
|  | 19 Parama- परमहंसो० २.<br>hamsa.         |

\* The nasals are in this Appendix mostly represented by a dot. They are usually so represented in Manuscripts, and our copyists are accustomed to write them thus. Their restoration would only have caused a good deal of what might well be considered unnecessary trouble.

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 20 Amṛita- अमृतविदू० २.<br>bindu.                                       | 37 Tejobindu तेजोविदू० १९.<br>.                       |
| 21 Amṛita- अमृतनादो० २.<br>nâda.  | 38 Nâdabin- नादविदू० ४.<br>du.                        |
| 22 Atharva- अथर्वशिरउ० ४.<br>s'iras.                                    | 39 Dhyâna- ध्यानविदू० ६.<br>bindu.                    |
| 23 Atharva- अथर्वशिखो० २.<br>s'ikhâ.                                    | 40 Brahma- ब्रह्मविद्यो० ६.<br>vidyâ.                 |
| 24 Maitrâ- मैत्रायण्यु० ६.<br>yañi.                                     | 41 Yogatat- योगतत्त्वो० ६.<br>tva.                    |
| 25 Kaushîta- कौशीतक्यु० १०.<br>ki.                                      | 42 Âtmabo- आत्मबोधो० ३.<br>dha.                       |
| 26 Brihajjâ- बृहज्जावालो० ४.<br>bâla.                                   | 43 Nârada- नारदपरिव्राजको०<br>parivrâja- १८.<br>ka.   |
| 27 Nrîsimha- नृसिंहतापिण्यु० ८.<br>tâpinî.                              | 44 Tris'ikhi- त्रिशिखिब्राह्मणो०<br>brâhma- ७.<br>na. |
| 28 Kâlâgni- कालभ्रिष्टो० १.<br>rudra.                                   | 45 Sîtâ ... सीतो० ३.                                  |
| 29 Maitreyî मैत्रेय्यु० ४.  | 46 Yogachû- योगचूडो० ६.<br>dâ.                        |
| 30 Subâla ... सुबालो० ६॥.   | 47 Nirvâna. निर्वाणो० २.                              |
| 31 Kshurikâ भुरिको० ॥.  | 48 Mañdala- मंडलब्राह्मणो० ६.<br>brâhma.              |
| 32 Sarvasâra सर्वसारो० अनुभव-<br>or Anu- सारो० वा १.<br>bhavasâ-<br>ra. | 49 Dakshinâ- दक्षिणामूर्त्यु० २.<br>mûrti.            |
| 33 Mantrikâ मन्त्रिको० २.<br>(wanting).                                 | 50 Sarabha. शरभो० २.                                  |
| 34 Nirâlam- निरालंबो० २.<br>ba.   | 51 Skanda. स्कंदो० १.                                 |
| 35 Rahasya. रहस्यो० ४.  | 52 Mahânâ. महानारायणो०<br>râyaña. २३.                 |
| 36 Vajrasû- वज्रसूच्यु० २.<br>chi.                                      | 53 Târakâ... तारको० ४.                                |
|   | 54 Râmara- रामरहस्यो० ८.<br>hasya.                    |

## APPENDIX II.—continued.

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|---|--|
| 55 Rāmatā- रामतापिन्यु० १२.<br>pinī.                        | 73 Adhyāt- अध्यात्मो० ३.<br>ma.                          |
| 56 Vāsude- वासुदेवो० २.<br>va.                              | 74 Kunḍikā. कुण्डिको० २.                                 |
| 57 Mudgala. मुद्गलो० ३.                                     | 75 Sāvitri... सावित्रियु० २.                             |
| 58 Sāndilya. शांडिल्यो० १२.                                 | 76 Ātman ... आत्मो० २.                                   |
| 59 Paingala. पैंगलो० ८.                                     | 77 Pāśupata- पाशुपतब्रह्मो० ३.<br>brahman.               |
| 60 Bhikshu- भिक्षुको० २.<br>ka.                             | 78 Parabrah- परब्रह्मो० ३.<br>man.                       |
| 61 Mahopa- महोपनिषत् २४.<br>nishad.                         | 79 Avadhūta अवधूतो० २.                                   |
| 62 Sārīraka. शारीरको० २.                                    | 80 Tripurāta- त्रिपुरातपनो० ६.<br>pana.                  |
| 63 Yogas'i- योगशिखो० १२.<br>khâ.                            | 81 Devī ... देव्यु० ३.                                   |
| 64 Turiyātī- तुरीयातीतावधूतो०<br>tāvadhūta. २.              | 82 Tripurā .. त्रिपुरो० २.                               |
| 65 Samnyā- सन्ध्यासो० ६.<br>sa.                             | 83 Kaṭha ... कठो० ३.                                     |
| 66 Parama- परमहंसपरिव्राज-<br>hamsapa- को० ३.<br>rivrājaka. | 84 Bhāvanā. भावनो० २.                                    |
| 67 Akshamā- अक्षमालिको० ३.<br>likâ.                         | 85 Rudraḥrī- रुद्रहङ्दयो० २.<br>daya.                    |
| 68 Avyakta. अव्यक्तो० ३.                                    | 86 Yogakun- योगकुण्डल्यु० ६.<br>ḍalī.                    |
| 69 Ekāksha- एकाक्षरो० २.<br>ra.                             | 87 Bhasma- भस्मजावालो० ६.<br>jābāla.                     |
| 70 Annapūr- अन्नपूर्णो० ११.<br>ṇā.                          | 88 Rudrajā- रुद्रजावालो० ३.<br>bāla.                     |
| 71 Sūryā- सूर्याथवांगिरसो०<br>tharvān- २.<br>girasa.        | 89 Gaṇapa- गणपत्यर्थवशीष्टो०<br>tyathar- २.<br>vasīrsha. |
| 72 Akshi ... अक्ष्यु० ३.<br>B 904—25                        | 90 Dars'ana.. दर्शनो० ७.                                 |
|   | 91 Tārasāra.. तारसारो० २.                                |
|   | 92 Mahāvā- महावाक्यो० २.<br>kyा.                         |

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

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|---|--|
| 93 Pañcha- पञ्चब्रह्मो० २.<br>brahman.    | 101 Dattatre- दत्तात्रेयो० २.<br>ya.                 |
| 94 Prāṇāgni- प्राणामिहोत्रो० २.<br>hotra. | 102 Gāruḍa... गारुडो० ३.                             |
| 95 Gopālatā- गोपालतापिन्द्यु०<br>piṇī. ६. | 103 Kalisam- कलिसंतरणो० १.<br>tarana.                |
| 96 Kṛishṇa... कृष्णो० २.                  | 104 Jābāli ... जाबाल्यु० १.                          |
| 97 Yājñā- याज्ञवल्क्यो० २.<br>valkya.     | 105 Saubhā- सौभाग्यलक्ष्म्यु० ३.<br>gyala-<br>kshmi. |
| 98 Varāha... वराहो० ६.                    | 106 Sarasvatī- सरस्वतीरहस्यो० ४.<br>rahasya.         |
| 99 Sātyā- शास्त्रायन्द्यु० २.<br>yanin.   | 107 Bahvṛi- बह्वृचो० २.<br>cha.                      |
| 100 Hayagrī- हयग्रीवो० २.<br>va.          | 108 Muktikā... मुक्तिको० ६.                          |

No. 10 contains the following Upanishads :—

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1. Muṇḍakopanishad मुण्ड-<br>कोपानेषद्. | 10. Brahmopanishad ब्रह्मो०   |
| 2. Praśnopanishad प्रश्नो०.             | 11. Prāṇāgnihotropanishad<br>प्राणामिहोत्रो०  |
| 3. Brahnavidyopanishad<br>ब्रह्मविद्यो० | 12. Māṇḍūkyopanishad मा-<br>ण्डूक्यो० सगौडपादीय-<br>कारिका.   |
| 4. Kshurikopanishad क्षु-<br>रिको०      | (Āgamaprakarana, Vai-<br>tathyākhyaprakara-<br>na, Advaitākhyaprakara-<br>na, and Alāta-<br>śāntyākhyaprakara-<br>na, being the Kāri-<br>kās of Gauḍapāda<br>on the Māṇḍūkyopa-<br>nishad). |
| 5. *Chūlikopanishad चूलि-<br>को०        | 13. *Nilarudropanishad नी-<br>लरुद्रो०  |
| 6. Atharvaśira-upanishad<br>अथर्वशिरः०  | 14. Nādabindūpanishad ना-<br>दविन्दू०   |
| 7. Atharvaśikhopanishad<br>अथर्वशिखो०   |   |
| 8. Garbhopanishad गर्भो०                |   |
| 9. Mahopanishad महो०                    |   |

\*Those marked with an asterisk do not occur in the last list.

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

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|--|--|
| 15. Brahmabindûpanishad<br>(called Amritabindu in<br>the other MS.) ब्रह्म-<br>विन्दू० | 25. Âtmopanishad आत्मो०  |
| 16. Amritabindûpanishad<br>(called Amritanâda in<br>the other MS.) अमृत-<br>विन्दू०    | 26. Nrisirnhatâpinyupa-<br>nishad नृसिंहतापिन्यु०  |
| 17. Dhyânabindûpanishad<br>ध्यानविन्दू०  | 27. Atharvavallyupanishad<br>(same as Kañhôpanishad)<br>अथर्ववल्लयु० कठोपनिषद्-<br>भिना० |
| 18. Tejobindûpanishad ते-<br>जोविन्दू०   | 28. Kenopanishad केनो०   |
| 19. Yogaśikhôpanishad यो-<br>गशिखो०  | 29. Nârâyaṇopanishad ना-<br>रायणो०   |
| 20. Yogatattvôpanishad यो-<br>गतत्त्वो०  | 30. Mahânârâyaṇopanishad<br>महानारायणो०  |
| 21. Samnyâsôpanishad सं-<br>न्यासो०  | 31. *Sarvôpanishatsâra सर्वो-<br>पनिषत्सारः  |
| 22. Aruṇeyôpanishad अरु-<br>णेयो०  | 32. Haṁsôpanishad हंसो०  |
| 23. *Kañhaśrûtyupanishad<br>(or Kañharudropanishad)<br>कठश्रूत्यु० कठह्रद्रो० वा       | 33. Paramahaṁsôpanishad<br>परमहंसो०  |
| 24. *Piṅdôpanishad पिण्डो०   | 34. Taittirîyôpanishad तै-<br>तिरीयो०  |
|  | 35. Gâruḍôpanishad गा-<br>रुडो०  |
|  | 36. Kâlagnirudropanishad<br>कालाग्निरुद्रो०  |

\*Those marked with an asterisk do not occur in the last list.

## C.

*From the Rukminîśavijayakârvya, No. 632, Canto II*

आदौ. Beginning.

ततो यशोदा॒ स्वकुलस्य पुण्यलसदशोदा॑ हि करेष्यमाणः ॥ स  
गोकुलं गोकुलगोपं जावेभूषितं प्रावेशदब्जनेत्रः ॥ १ ॥ विकीर्णपुष्पांबुद

## APPENDIX II.—continued.

छंविचंद्रमहःपताका नववारिसित्ता ॥ कर्णीद्रकंठोदररत्नकांतिविचित्रिता  
सा गृहबीथिकासीत् ॥२॥ कणावलीतोरणभागिवमानवितानयुक्तोरगराजमौ-  
लेः ॥ पतत्पयोऽन्दुसिताक्षता सा स्थली निशीथेपि विभूषितेव ॥ ३ ॥  
विमुक्तवर्गाधिपार्ति पार्ति श्रीः शिशुं तमालोक्य विलज्जितेव ॥ इयेष दोषांतर  
एव गंतुं स्वयं गृहीतार्भकरम्यरूपा ॥ ४ ॥ हरे: प्रिया तद्विग्नीत्वगित्यमुपेयुषी  
तत्र न सा स्थिरासीत् ॥ मनोङ्गमूर्ध्यं रतस्तदीयविशालवक्षस्थलमेय तृष्णा  
॥ ६ ॥

अंते. End.

उषाभिधायां स च वज्रसंज्ञमजीजनद्वैरिनगौघवज्ञं ॥ तमः-  
समुन्मूलनमुज्ज्वलंतमुषस्यसीतांशुमेवोदयाद्रिः ॥ ३२ ॥ यः पृथ्वीपतिमौ-  
लिरनधटितश्रीपादपीठः क्षितौ यः स्वर्गीश्वरफालमंडनकरश्रीपादरेणुर्दिवे  
॥ यः श्रेयःपथपांथसज्जनमनःपाथेयगेयोदयस्तस्य द्वारवती पुरी प्रियतमा  
सेयं बभूवासमा ॥ ३३ ॥ मध्येसमुद्रं मणिमंजुमौलिविद्योतिताशादशकः  
स देवः ॥ अद्यापि भैष्म्या सह भासयस्तामादः पुमानार्थवृतः किलस्ते  
॥ ३४ ॥ कुशास्थली सा कुशलैकगम्या प्रशस्तकीर्तिः प्राथिता पुरीयं ॥  
शरीरिणां सर्वपुमर्थसार्थकरी नरीनर्तुं मदंतरंगे ॥ ३५ ॥ वंदारुद्विजवर्यवां-  
छितनिजध्यानः क्षमाङ्करः स्वर्वाग्निमव्रजवर्णदिग्विततिकृत्कर्मैर्घराजकरी  
॥ रुद्राणीपतिमान्यराजितगतिः सत्यासदायः सतां तां रेमे वरदः स्वर्वंधु-  
रुचिरां रक्षन्पुरीमहृतां ॥ ३६ ॥ कृष्णस्योदयवर्णनैः सुचरितस्तो-  
मस्तवैः सूक्ष्मिभिः सुक्ष्मोक्तैः सुभगा रसैश्च विविधैः स्वानंदसर्गैर्वृता ॥  
दुष्टागम्यनिजार्थतोषितत्वगा सास्याः कृत्वैखरीं विभ्राणेव विभाति  
विठ्ठलपुरी विष्वक्रुं सुवर्णोज्वला ॥ ३७ ॥ यद्दिमन्मंगलदेवतासिलजग-  
न्मात<sup>१</sup> रमा नायकी पद्मापद्मभवादिसेव्यचरणस्तद्वलभो नायकः ॥  
अश्वग्रीवदयापयोऽविष्टितप्राण्योक्तिरत्नोज्ज्वलं तदासानुगवादिराजरचितं  
काव्यं विभाव्यं दुधैः ॥ ३८ ॥ कृष्णः काव्यकृते स्वहस्तकमलच्छत्रं प्रदद्या  
त्यभुः सच्छास्त्राभिधरम्यराजपदवीं सुज्ञानयानं मुदा ॥ स्वांध्याराधनकंकणं  
करयुगे कैर्कथ्यहारं गले स्वात्मानं हृदि निखर्चितनधनं सांदुक्तिरत्नान्यपि  
॥ ३९ ॥ हंसानां हृदयंगमं कविलसद्वृगादृतं मौक्तिकप्रभ्याद्ययोक्ति नवं

## APPENDIX II.—continued.

प्रबंधनलजं पादेपितं स्याद्वरेः ॥ लहमीरम्यकरे वरामरततेः सन्धानसे  
शारदानन्दं तत्पवनः स्वहत्कृतगुणं विस्तारयत्वं जसा ॥ ४० ॥ रोम्णां हर्ष-  
णकारिणि श्रवणतः पापोघविध्वंसिनि वेम्णा चित्यतां विचित्रविषल-  
श्लाघ्यार्थसंदायिनि ॥ संजाते भुवि शक्विमणीशविजये सद्वादिराजोदिते सर्गो-  
भूत्सुरमंडलीषु सुतरामेकोनविशो मुदां ॥ ४१ ॥ इति श्रीमत्कविकुलतिल-  
कश्रीवादिराजपूज्यचरणविरचिते शक्विमणीशविजये महाकाव्ये एकोनविशः  
सर्गः ॥

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## D.

*From the Khandaprasastisikha, No. 140.*

Fol. 15 a. भृश्रीपोचियाद्याद्वधवरतिलकाद्रांगदासं यमार्य  
देवी सौभाग्ययुक्ता द्यननयदपराणं महालक्ष्मसंज्ञा ।  
तेनास्मिन् रच्यमानेनिलकुधजनसंतोषदायिन्यवृद्धे  
रामाकारस्य विष्णोरजनानि नुतिरियं व्याक्रियामंडने हि ॥

Fol. 24 a. The 3rd and 4th lines are :—  
सोयं प्राप्ते यतित्वे रचयति रमणीं रामचन्द्रस्य कीर्ति  
ज्ञानानन्दो हनुमत्कृतनुतिघटनाव्याक्रियामंडने स्मिन् ॥

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## E.

*From the Naishadhakavyasikha of Narahari, No. 146.*

Fol. 49 b, and 50 a.

यं प्रासूत त्रिलिङ्गक्षितिपतिसतताराधिताङ्गिः स्वयंभूः  
पातित्रयैकसीमा सुकविनरहारें नालमा निर्मलश्रीः ।  
यं विद्यारण्ययोगी कल्यति कृपया तत्कृती दीपिकायां  
सर्गः षष्ठो वरिष्ठः क्षितिपतिचरितश्चारुनीराजितोभूतः ॥  
In other places we have नालमा यं च माता.

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APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

## F.

*From the Bhāvaśataka of Nāgarađa, No. 151.*

आसीत्कार्पयगोत्रसागरसुधाधामासुकामा [?] पुनः  
 श्रीविद्याधर इत्यशेषभुवनः[न] प्रख्यातनामाभृतः  
 यः केदारपदारविंदु [द] युगलः [ल] प्रत्यु [ख] प्रपूजाविधि[धिः]  
 प्राप्तशेषपवित्रभव्यविभवैः सार्थीकृताधिंश्रमः ॥  
 तत्पुत्रः सर्वमित्रं सरसकविकुलस्तूयमानौ [नो] रकीर्ति [:]  
 प्रख्यातौ [तो] नालयाख्यो नगति विजयते टाकवंशप्रशास्यः ।  
 विष्णुर्दैत्येऽबुद्धव्यतकरण[व्यतिकरणरण] व्याकुलत्वात्स्वभार्या  
 लक्ष्मी निक्षिप्य यस्मन् [स्मन्] व्यवहरदनिशं स्वेच्छया स्व-  
 च्छुचिते ॥  
 तस्माउजातः सुजातौ नि [तैर्नि] न गुणमणिभिः प्रीणिताशे-  
 षलोकः  
 कोकाहंकारकारिमितमहि [म] मुखष्टाकवंशावतंयः[सः] ।  
 भाति श्रीनागराजो परनृपतिशिरोर्दि [द] शिंतादप्रतापे [पो]  
 रानेतै यं समेते विगलति [लित] कलह [हि] वाक् च पद्मा-  
 लया च ॥

## G.

*From Bhairavasdhāhanavarasaratna, No. 152.*

भैरवसाहनवरसरत्नम् प. १ ष. १ पं. १.

*Beginning. Fol. 1a., l. 1.* श्रीगणेशाय नमः ॥ बागीश्वर्ये नमः  
 गणेशानं मानं सकलपुरुषार्थीकघटनेऽटने शास्त्राटव्यामृजुगति-  
 ममदादरज्जुषाम् ॥

प्रणम्यथो देवीं वचननिचयैकप्रभुमिमां बहाराजश्रीमद्विरमरसान्  
 वच्मि सकलान् ॥ १ ॥

*End.—श्रीमद्वैरवसाहस्य रसरत्ननिरूपणम् ॥*

अकारि विदुषां प्रीग्नै दिननाथेन सूरिणा ॥ ४१ ॥

## APPENDIX II.—continued.

इति श्रीमत्सकलसामंतसीमंतिनीसौभाग्यसंभाषनानेपुणश्रीमत्त्वौ-  
दराष्ट्रौटकुलतिलकश्रीमद्वैरवसाहरसरल्नानेस्पृणं नाम ॥ शुभमस्तु ॥

## H.

*From Puñjardāja's Kārvyādīlamkārasīśuprabodha, No. 210.*

काव्यालंकारः प. १ पृ. १ पं. १. Beginning Fol. 1a., l. 1—

गंधैर्वैरपगीयमानचरितः प्रीया मिलज्जोचने

लीलाचंचलकर्णतालचकिता उडीय कुंभस्थलात् ॥

व्यालीनां भ्रमरावर्णी \*चिटुललेलंकाररूपां दधन् [ त ]

कस्तूरीतिलकोपर्णा स नयति श्रीमान् गणानां पतिः ॥ १ ॥

अन्ते प. ७० पृ. २ पं. १ End. Fol.—70 b., l. 1—

सोयं श्रीपुंजनृपतिः परोपकृतिकौतुकी ॥

व्यधत्त काव्यालंकारं श्रोतृव्युत्पत्तिसिद्धये ॥ १०३ ॥

इति श्रीमालकुलश्रीमालभारमालवंडलालंकारश्रीजीवनेद्रनंदनम-  
फरलमलिकश्रीपुंजराजविरचिते शिशुप्रबोधे काव्यालंकारेलंका-  
राध्यायोष्टमः समाप्तः ॥

## J.

No. 233 contains Nārāyaṇa's Dīpikās on the  
following Upanishads :—

1 Muṇḍakopanishaddīpikā.	मुण्डकोपनिषद्वीपिका.	१—१७पत्राणि.
2 Pras'nopanishaddī....	प्रश्नोपनिषद्वी०	१८—३६
3 Brahmavidyopanishaddī.	ब्रह्मविद्योपनिषद्वी०	३७—३९
4 Kshurikopanishaddī.	क्षुरिकोपनिषद्वी०	४०—४७
5 Châlikopanishaddī....	चूलिकोपनिषद्वी०	४८—५१
6 Atharvas'irshopanishaddī.	अथर्वशीर्षोपनिषद्वी०	५२—६३
7 Atharvas'ikhopanishaddī.	अथर्वशिखोपनिषद्वी०	६४—६८

\* चिटुः कुंभयोर्मध्यभागः

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

8 Garbhopanishaddī. ... ...	गर्भोपनिषदी०	६९—७३
9 Mahopanishaddī. ... ...	महोपनिषदी०	७३—८०
(Fols. 75-78 wanting.)	(अत्र ७६—७८ पत्राणि न सन्ति).	
10 Brahmopanishaddī. ... ...	ब्रह्मोपनिषदी०	८०—८७
11 Prāṇāgnihotropanishaddī.	प्राणाग्निहोत्रोपनिषदी०	८८—९०
12 Māṇḍūkyopanishaddī. ...	माण्डूक्योपनिषदी०	९१—९३६
(in four divisions.)	(अत्र चत्वारि प्रकरणानि सन्ति).	
13 Nīlarudropanishaddī. ...	नीलरुद्रोपनिषदी०	९३६—९३९
14 Nādabindūpanishaddī. ...	नादविन्दूपनिषदी०	२३९—२४२
15 Brahmabindūpanishaddī.	ब्रह्मविन्दूपनिषदी०	२४२—२४४
16 Amṛitabindūpanishaddī. ...	अमृतविन्दूपनिषदी०	२४९—२५६
17 Dhyānabindūpanishaddī. ...	ध्यानविन्दूपनिषदी०	२५७—२६३
18 Tejobindūpanishaddī. ...	तेजोविन्दूपनिषदी०	२६४—२६६
19 Yogas'ikhopanishaddī. ...	योगशिखोपनिषदी०	२६६—२६८
20 Yogatattvopanishaddī. ...	योगतत्त्वोपनिषदी०	२६८—२७१
21 Saṃnyāsopanishaddī. ...	संन्यासोपनिषदी०	२७२—२९६
22 Āruṇeyopanishaddī. ...	आरुणेयोपनिषदी०	२९६—३०३
23 Kāthopanishaddī. ... ...	कठोपनिषदी०	३०३—३०७
24 Piṇḍopanishaddī. ... ...	पिण्डोपनिषदी०	३०८
25 Ātmopanishaddī. ... ...	आत्मोपनिषदी०	३०९—३१०
26 Mahopanishaddī. ... ...	महोपनिषदी०	३११—३२६
(This is a different work from No. 9. It is in four sections).	इयमन्या महोपनिषत्। अत्र चत्वारि प्रकरणानि	
27 Nr̥isimhāpūrvatāpanīyopa- nīshaddī.	नृसिंहपूर्वतापनीयोपनि- षदी०	३३६—३४७
28 Shadvaktropanishaddī. ...	षड्क्रोपनिषदी०	३४८—३४९
29 Nr̥isimhottaratāpanīyopa- nīshaddī.	नृसिंहोत्तरतापनीयोपनि- षदी०	३९०—४०६

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

30 Kāthavallyupanishaddī. ....	कठवल्ल्युपनिषदी०...४०६—४३०
( Six Vallis.)	(अत्र षड्लङ्घः)
31 Kenopanishaddī. ....	केनोपनिषदी० ...४३१—४४४
32 Nārāyaṇopanishaddī. ....	नारायणोपनिषदी०...४४६—४९६
33 Ātmabodhopanishaddī. ....	आत्मबोधोपनिषदी० ४६६—४९७
34 Mahānārāyaṇopanishaddī.	महानारायणोपनिषदी० ४६८—४९०
35 Rāmapūrvatāpanīyopani- shaddī.	रामपूर्वतापनीयोपनिषदी० ४९१—५१८
36 Rāmottaratāpanīyopani- shaddī.	रामोत्तरतापनीयोपनिषदी० ५१९—५३४
37 Sarvopanishaddī. ....	सर्वोपनिषदी० ...५३९—५३८
38 Hamsopanishaddī. ....	हंसोपनिषदी० ...५३९—५४४
39 Paramahamsopanishaddī.	परमहंसोपनिषदी० ...५४९—५५९
40 Jābalopanishaddī. ....	जाबालोपनिषदी० ...५५६—५६३
41 Kaivalyopanishaddī. ....	कैवल्योपनिषदी० ...५६४—५६९
42 Śikshā-Brahmavidā-Bhṛi- gūpanishaddī. (Leaves 571—589 and 591—594 missing.)	शिक्षाब्रह्मविदाभृग्विति- बल्लीत्रितयदी० ...५६६—५९० (अत्र ५७१—५८९, ५९१—५९४ च पत्राणि न सन्ति.)
43 Kālāgnirudropanishaddī. ..	कालाग्निरुद्रोपनिषदी० ५९९—५९६
44 Gopālatāpanīyopanishaddī.	गोपालतापनीयोपनिषदी० ५९७—६०६
(Leaf 605 wanting.)	(अत्र ६०९ पत्रं नास्ति.)
45 Krishnapūrvatāpanīyopa- nishaddī.	कृष्णपूर्वतापनीयोपनिषदी० ६०६—६१७
46 Krishnottaratāpanīyopani- shaddī.	कृष्णोत्तरतापनीयोपनिषदी० ६१८—६३९
47 Krishnopanishaddī. ....	कृष्णोपनिषदी० ...६३९—६४२
48 Vāsudevopanishaddī. .... B 904—26	वासुदेवोपनिषदी ...६४३—६४७

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

49 Gopichandanopanishaddī.	गोपीचन्दनोपनिषद्दी०	६४८—६९३
50 Śvetāśvataropanishaddī ...	श्वेताश्वतरोपनिषद्दी०	६९४—६९६
(Leaves 655—657 wanting.)	(अत्र ६५९—६५७ पत्राणि न सन्ति)	
51 Prathamopanishaddī. ...	प्रथमोपनिषद्दी०	...६८७—६९४
52 Fragment of some unknown Upanishaddī.	कानिचित्पत्राणि कस्याश्चिदुपनिषदो दीपिकाया:	६९४—६९७

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## K.

*From the Saṁkshepaśādrīraka, No. 268.*

श्रीदेवेश्वरपादपङ्कजरनःसंपर्कपूताशयः सर्वज्ञात्मगिराङ्गितो मुनिवरः  
सक्षेपशारीरकम् ।  
चक्रे सउजननुद्धिवर्धनमिदं राजन्यवंशये नृपे श्रीमयक्षतशासने मनुकु-  
लादिये भुवं शासति ॥

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## L.

Ānandatīrtha was born on the 4th of the dark half of Āshādha in Kali 4220, corresponding to S'aka 1040, and in the Vilambin Saṁvatsara. He was made a Saṁnyāsin by Achyutaprekshāchārya and afterwards went to Badari-kāśrama and came back in 1057 S'aka, Ānanda Saṁvatsara, bringing with him idols of Digvijaya Rāma and Vedavyāsa. He was raised to the seat of High-priest in the presence of kings. Padmanābhātīrtha, Naraharitīrtha, Mādhavatīrtha and Akshobhyatīrtha were his pupils. Naraharitīrtha was sent to Jagannātha, in Orissa, to bring the original idol of Rāma and Sītā. Ānandatīrtha went from country to country putting down the advocates of the doctrine of Māyā and others and established the Vaishnava creed. He died on the 9th of the light half of Māgha in 1120 S'aka current and the Piṅgala Saṁvatsara, having raised Padmanābhātīrtha to the seat of Pontiff in the presence of all his disciples.

## APPENDIX II.—continued.

*Succession list of the High-priests of the Mādhyāda Sect.*

No.	Name.	DATE OF DEATH.			Name before initiation.	Place of interment.	Notes.
		Saṅvatsara.	Śaka.	Month.	Day.		
1	Ānandatīrtha ...	Pingala ...	1119	Māgha ...	9 4.	Vāsudevaśākyā ...	Badarikāśrama.
2	Padmanābhatīrtha	Raktikshi...	1126	Kārtika ...	14 v.	Subenābhūtīśa <sup>1</sup> ...	Ānandabhaṭṭī, Bel. ... Anegundi ... ... Hampi ...
3	Naraharitīrtha ...	Śrīmukha ...	1135	Pausha ...	7 v.	Rāmaśāstrīn ...	Śamāstīstrī, Bel. ... Chakratīrtha, Bel. ... Govindāśastrīn, Bel. ... Mānpur, Bel.
4	Madhavatīrtha	Vikriti ...	1152	Bhadradeśa.	3 v.	Vishṇuśāstrīn ...	Hampi ... ... Govindāśastrīn, Bel.; P. agrees with M. Native of Maṭigalav- dhein.
5	Akshobhyatīrtha	Playanga ... <sup>1</sup>	1169	Mārgaśīrsha	5 v.	Govindāśastrīn ...	Vīraśau, Bel.
6	Jayatīrtha ...	Vibhava ...	1190	Āśādha ...	5 v.	Dhondo Raghunātha.	Do.
7	Vidyādhīrājatīrtha	Aṅgiras ... <sup>1</sup>	1254	Vaiśākha ...	3 6.	Krishṇabhūti ...	Yārāga.
8	Kavindratīrtha	Pramāthin .	1261	Chaitra ...	9 6.	Vāsudevaśāstrīn ...	Anegundi ... 1 1257, M.; P. and Bel. agree in the Saṅvat- sara.
9	Vāgiatīrtha ...	Subhānn ... <sup>1</sup>	1265	Do.	2 v.	Rāṇgoḍhāryā ...	Do.
							1 P. agrees with M.; Bel. has Sarvajit and 1269 Saka. 2 3 v. Bel. 3 Rāghunāthāchāryā, Bel.

## APPENDIX II.—continued.

*Succession list of the High-priests of the Mādha Sect—continued.*

No.	Name.	Saṁvatsara.	Śaka.	Month.	Day.	Name before initiation.	Place of interment.	Notes.
10	Rāmachandratīrtha	Nala ...	1298	Pausha ...	6 <sup>4</sup> .	Mādhavaśāstrin	Yaragali... 3 Ānegundi	1 Vaiśākha, Bel. 1 1366 Śaka, Bel. 2 4 v., Bel. 3 Yaragali, Bel.
11	Vidyānidhitīrtha	Raktakshi .	1306	Kārtika ...	11 <sup>5</sup> .	Krishnāchārya	Do.	2 Vishnūśatrin, Bel. 3 Malkhed, Bel.
12	Raghunāthatīrtha	Dundubhi ...	1364	Mārgaśīrsha	1 v.	Krishṇāśastrin	3 Do.	1 1424, Bel. 2 Tirakkallur-Dakshapāṇi- kīl, Bel.
13	Raghuvaryatīrtha	Pingala ...	1419	Jyeṣṭha ...	3 v.	Rāmachandrasāstrin.	Do. 2	1 1479, Bel.
14	Raghuttamatīrtha	Manmatha .	1457	Pausha ...	11 v.	Do.	Pinaki ...	1 1517, Bel. 2 Tirakkallur-Dakshapāṇi- kīl, Bel.
15	Vedavyāśatīrtha	Sidhārthīn	1481	Chaitra ...	2 <sup>6</sup> ,	Vyāsāchārya...	Pinagundi	1 1541, Bel. 2 3 <sup>6</sup> , Bel.
16	Vidyādhitīrtha	Prajāpati ...	1493	Pausha ...	14 v.	Nṛaimīhāloarya	Ekachakra	1 1553, Bel.
17	Vedanidhitīrtha	Yuvan ...	1497	Kārtika ...	12 <sup>6</sup> .	Pradyumnaśākārya	Pandharpur	1 1557, Bel. 2 11 <sup>6</sup> , Bel.
18	Satyavrataīrtha	Bahudhānyā ...	1560	Phālguna ...	6 <sup>4</sup> .	Jāndardanśākārya	Sāngali ...	1 Raṅgānāthāchārya, Bel.

19	Satyanidhītirtha ...	Sarvajit ..	1582	Mārgaśīrsha ..	10 6.	<sup>1</sup> Bhagunāthāchārya ..	Nivittisāṅgama.	1 Raghupatyāchārya, Bel.
20	Satyanāthaśatirtha	Pramādin ..	1595	Do. ....	11 6.	Do.	Vṛchola ..	...
21	Satyābhīnavatīrtha ..	Vyaya ..	1628	Jyeshtha ..	<sup>2</sup> 14 v.	Narasimhāchārya ..	Nāshāgundi ..	1 14 6., Bel. 2 Ketavāchārya, Bel.
22	Satyapūrṇatīrtha ..	Parābhava .	1648	Do. ....	2 v.	Kēśavāchārya ..	Koṭikollur ..	1 Krishnāchārya, Bel. 2 Kollar, Bel. M. puts between 21 and 22, one of the name of Satyādhīratīrtha, who occupied the seat for about ten days.
23	Satyavijayatīrtha	Siddhārthīn	1661	Chaitra ..	<sup>2</sup> 12 v.	<sup>3</sup> Do.	Ārani ..	... 1 Pingala 1659, Bel. 2 11 v., Bel. 3 Balachārya, Bel.
24	Satyapiyātīrtha	Raktākshīn.	1666	Do. ....	13 6.	Rāmāchandradhāchārya.	Bhagyanagar ..	1 1664, M. 2 Maninadhuri, Bel.
25	Satyabodhātīrtha	Śobhana ..	1705	Phālguna ..	1 v.	Rāmāchārya ..	Sāvnur.	...
26	Satyasaindhātīrtha	Ānanda ..	1716	Jyeshtha ..	2 6.	Do.	Mahish..	...
27	Satyavarātīrtha	Pingala ..	1719	Śrāvana ..	7 6.	Krishnāchārya ..	Santi Binur ..	1 Raghavendrāchārya, Bel.
28	Satyadharmaśatīrtha	Vikriti ..	1752	Do. ....	13 v.	Annayāchārya ..	Hole Honur.	1 Santi Bedanur, Bel.
29	Satyasāṁkalpatīrtha ..	Plava ..	1763	Āśāḍha ..	5 6.	Śrinivāsāchārya ..	Malisur ..	1 15 6., Bel.
30	Satyasāṁvīṣṭatīrtha.	Plava ..	1763	Phālguna ..	30 v.	Balāchārya ..	Do.	1 Ghulībalāchārya, Bel.
31	Satyaparāyaṇatīrtha ..	Rudhirodg- rin.	1785	Āśvina ..	<sup>1</sup> 6 6.	Gurāchārya ..	Santi Binur ..	1 7 6., Bel. 2 Gurjanosur, Bel.

## APPENDIX II.—continued.

*Succession list of the High-priests of the Mâdha Sect—continued.*

No.	Name.	DATE OF DEATH.			Name before initiation.	Place of interment.	Notes.
		Saivism-sara.	Saka.	Month.			
32	Satyakâmatirtha	Prajapati ...	1793	Pausha	... 30 v.	Srinvâstîchârya ... Atakur, then Râi-chur.	16 v., Bel.
33	Satyeshtatirtha	Arigiras ...	1794	Bhadrapada	11 ſ.	Narasiñhachârya ... Atakur ...	M. omits all except the Dikshâ name by mistake.
34	Satyapâkramatirtha	Pramâthin .	1801	Âsvina	1 6 ſ. ....	Srinvâstîchârya ... Chittapur	18 ſ., Bel.
35	Satyaviratirtha	...	....	....	...	Bodharâyachârya ... ....	Now living.

M. represents the list procured at Miraj ; Bel. represents the list published at Belgaum ; P. represents the list procured at Poona ; ſ. represents the light half of a month ; v. represents the dark half of a month.

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

## M.

*Works composed by Madhva.*

॥ श्रीवेदव्यासाय नमः ॥

॥ श्री० अथ ग्रंथमालिकास्तोत्रप्रारंभः ॥  
 कृष्णं विद्वापाति नत्वा पूर्णबोधार्थसद्गुरुन् ॥  
 ग्रंथान्मध्वश्चकारासौ सप्तत्रिशदमंदधीः ॥ १ ॥  
 गीताभाष्यं चकारासौ प्रथम तुष्टिदं हरे: ॥  
 भाष्याणुभाष्ये चकेऽथ अनुव्याख्यानमव्ययं ॥ २ ॥  
 संन्यासपद्माति चके न्यायशास्त्रनिकृतने ॥  
 प्रमाणलक्षणं नाम कथालक्षणसंज्ञकं ॥ ३ ॥  
 उपाधिखंडनं चके मायावादस्य खंडनं ॥  
 चके प्रपञ्चमिथ्यात्वमानखंडनमुच्चधीः ॥ ४ ॥  
 चकार तत्त्वसंख्यानं साधनं तत्त्वदर्शनं ॥  
 ग्रंथं तत्त्वविवेकाख्यं तत्त्वोदयोतं हरे: प्रियं ॥ ५ ॥  
 कर्मनिर्णयनामानं ग्रंथं न्यायार्थवृंहितं ॥  
 सुखतीर्थ्याति शके विष्णुतत्त्वविनिर्णयं ॥ ६ ॥  
 ऋग्भाष्यं च चकारासौ सर्ववेदार्थनिर्णयं ॥  
 ऐतरेयं तैत्तिरीयं बृहदारण्यमेव च ॥ ७ ॥  
 ईशावास्यं काठकं च छांदोग्यार्थवर्णे तथा ॥  
 मांडूक्यं नाम षट्प्रश्नं तथा तलवकारकं ॥ ८ ॥  
 चके भाष्याणि दिव्यानि दशोपानिषदां गुरुः ॥  
 निर्णयं सर्वशास्त्राणां गीतातात्पर्यसंज्ञकं ॥ ९ ॥  
 नरसिंहनवस्तोत्रं चके यमकभारतं ॥  
 द्वादशस्तोत्रमकरोक्त्कृष्णामृतमहार्णवं ॥ १० ॥  
 तंत्रसारं चकारासौ सदाचारस्मृतिः [तिं] सुधीः ॥  
 श्रीमद्भागवतस्यापि तात्पर्यं ज्ञानसाधनं ॥ ११ ॥  
 महाभारततात्पर्यनिर्णयं संशयच्छिदं ॥  
 यतिप्रणवकल्पं वा प्रणवार्थप्रकाशकं ॥ १२ ॥  
 जयंतीनिर्णयं चके देवकीर्गर्भजन्मनः ॥

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

कृष्णस्य कृष्णभक्तोर्यं द्वैपायनकरावुभौ [Sic] ॥१३॥  
 एतेषां पाठमात्रेण मध्वेशः प्रीयते हरिः ॥  
 इति ग्रथमालिकास्तोत्रं संपूर्णं श्रीकृष्णर्पणमस्तु ॥

## N.

*Succession list of the High-priests of the Sect founded by Nimbarka.*

*From the Harigurustavamālā; No. 84.  
 (A). Fol. 28 a—30 b.*

२८ पत्रस्य निरंकं पृष्ठमारम्भ्य ३० पत्रस्य सांकपर्यंतं.  
 श्रीमद्बृद्धावनं देवं भाष्यकारं प्रणम्य च ॥  
 आचार्यवंदनां वक्ष्ये भक्तिविघ्नोपशांतये ॥ १ ॥  
 राधाकृष्णवहं वंदे हंसरूपं महागुरुं ॥  
 महानंदमयं श्रीमद्बृद्धैतमतप्रदं ॥ २ ॥  
 तस्य शिष्यं कुमारं वै वंदे सर्वसतां पर्ति ॥  
 कृताचार्यं महाचर्यं चतुराकातिधारिणं ॥ ३ ॥  
 तस्य शिष्यशिरोरत्नं नारदं भवपारदं ॥  
 त्रेतायुगाचार्यवर्यं प्रेमभक्तिविशारदं ॥ ४ ॥  
 तस्य शिष्याधिपं वंदे द्वापरे भक्तिदायकं ॥  
 निन्बादित्यं सदानित्यं कृष्णपूजाविधायि(य)कं ॥ ५ ॥  
 तस्य शिष्यं महाचार्यं श्रीनिवासं महार्हिणं ॥  
 घोरे कलियुगे प्राप्ते कृष्णनामोपदेशिनं ॥ ६ ॥  
 तदंतेवासिनं वंदे विश्वभक्तिप्रदं शुभं ॥  
 विश्वाचार्यं जगद्वन्द्यं स्वामिनं सकलेश्वरं ॥ ७ ॥  
 तच्छिष्यं सर्वदा वंदे पुरुषोत्तमनामतः ॥  
 आचार्यशेखरं श्रीमद्बृद्धसंशयशस्करं ॥ ८ ॥  
 तस्य शिष्यं विलासाख्यं भक्तवात्सब्द्यसागरं ॥  
 आचार्यराजकं वंदे भक्तिकंजप्रभाकरं ॥ ९ ॥  
 श्रीस्वरूपाचार्यपालं वंदे श्रीमन्महाप्रभुं ॥

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

अनंदरसकूपारं सत्यसंघविचक्षणं ॥१०॥  
 श्रीमाधबाचार्यवर्यं तस्य शिष्यं गुणाकरं ॥  
 राधाकृष्णयशोगीतं चाश्रयं भक्तपक्षिणां ॥११॥  
 बलभद्राचार्यदेवं तस्य शिष्यधुरंधरं ॥  
 वंदेहं सततं श्रीमद्भुक्तिवृक्षालवालकं ॥१२॥  
 पद्माचार्यमहं वंदे तस्य शिष्यगणाधिपं ॥  
 श्रीमतं दिग्भिनेतारं नेतारं साधुतः पति [ ? ] ॥१३॥  
 श्यामाचार्यमहं वंदे तस्य शिष्यजनेश्वरं ॥  
 सदाचारप्रकाशं वै त्रासकं भक्तवैरिणां ॥१४॥  
 श्रीगोपालाचार्यधुर्यं तस्य शिष्यमहेश्वरं ॥  
 वंदेहं सर्वदा श्रीमद्वेदवेदांतपारगं ॥१५॥  
 तच्छिष्यं श्रीकृपाचार्यं वंदेहं सत्यवायिकं ॥  
 राधाकृष्णकृपामूर्तिं रसाधीशप्रदायि(य)कं ॥१६॥  
 देवाचार्यमहं वंदे तस्य शिष्यसुखावहं ॥  
 सर्वलोकविजेतारं वादिनागगणे इरं ॥१७॥  
 गुणागुणसतां नेता पापभेता कृयोगिनां ॥  
 महाधुर्यः सर्वदा मां देवाचार्यः प्रसीदतु ॥१८॥  
 श्रीमत्सुंदरभट्टं तच्छिष्यच्छत्रं द्विजेश्वरं ॥  
 वंदे राधाकृष्णलीलागायि(य)काचार्यनायि(य)कं ॥१९॥  
 तच्छिष्यं श्रीपद्मनाभं वंदेहं प्रेमसागरं ॥  
 ब्रजलीलाप्रकाशं श्रीरसाधीशे सुनागरं ॥२०॥  
 उपेंद्रभट्टनामानं वंदे तच्छिष्यनायकं ॥  
 राधाकृष्णमहालीलागायि(य)कं प्रेमद्वायि(य)कं ॥२१॥  
 तच्छिष्यं श्रीरामचंद्रं भट्टं वंदे महाप्रभुं ॥  
 वृद्धावेशलीलानां प्रकाशं रागमार्गं ॥२२॥  
 तच्छिष्यं श्रीवामनाख्यं भट्टं वंदे जनाधिपं ॥  
 वेदागमपुराणानां सारंसारं प्रकाशकं ॥२३॥  
 तच्छिष्यं श्रीकृष्णभट्टं कृष्णभक्तारिमर्दनं ॥  
 वंदेहं सर्वदा तं वै भक्तिविघ्नादिनं सतां ॥२४॥

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

वंदे पद्माकरं भट्टं भृष्टाचार्यगुरुं सदा ॥  
 तच्छिष्यगणमुख्यं श्रीहंसर्वमप्रकाशकं ॥ २६ ॥  
 वंदेहं तच्छिष्यवर्यं श्रीमच्छ्रवणभट्टकं ॥  
 श्रीमद्वादावने राधाकृष्णलीलाविहारदं ॥ २७ ॥  
 तच्छिष्यं श्रीभूरिभट्टं वंदे भूरिगुणाकरं ॥  
 अज्ञानतिभिरांधानां भक्तिरूपं विभाकरं ॥ २८ ॥  
 तच्छिष्यं माधवं भट्टं वंदे भूदेवसद्गुरुं ॥  
 माधवानंददातारं पातारं सर्वदा सतां ॥ २९ ॥  
 वंदेहं श्रीइश्यामभट्टं इयामश्यामागुणार्णवं ॥  
 मंडनं सर्वसाधूनां भंडनं साधुवैरिणां ॥ ३० ॥  
 तच्छिष्यं सर्वदा वंदे श्रीमद्वोपालभट्टकं ॥  
 गोपीगोपाललीलानां मंदिरायतसुंदरं ॥ ३१ ॥  
 श्रीबलभ्रमभट्टं तच्छिष्यं विद्यानिकेतनं ॥  
 महोदारं जनाधारं प्रचारं भक्तिसंपदां ॥ ३२ ॥  
 श्रीमद्वोपीनाथभट्टं वंदे तच्छिष्यभूषणं ॥  
 अविरोधमताध्यक्षं विरोधमतदूषणं ॥ ३३ ॥  
 तच्छिष्यं श्रीकेशवाख्यं भक्तं वंदे सभुक्तिदं ॥  
 मंत्रार्थदायि(य)कं श्रीमन्मंत्रराजविधायि(य)कं ॥ ३४ ॥  
 श्रीमतं गंगलं भट्टं वंदे मंगलमूर्तिकं ॥  
 निर्गुणानां सतां नित्यं प्रेमभक्तिपूर्तिकं ॥ ३५ ॥  
 तच्छिष्यवर्यं जनवैरिचंडं काश्मीरिणं केशवभट्टमंडं ॥  
 वंदे सदा ब्रह्मतेजोभिकुंडं द्विजिन्द्रुरुं शारदावासतुंडं ॥ ३६ ॥  
 भक्त्यालवालं हरिदासघालं दासारिकालं भजने रसालं ॥  
 काश्मीरिणं केशवभट्टशिष्टं वंदे सदाहं हरिभक्तिनिष्टं ॥ ३७ ॥  
 तच्छिष्यं सर्वदा वंदे श्रीमद्वीभट्टनामकं ॥  
 अनंतभक्तकर्तारं भर्तारं प्रेमसंपदां ॥ ३८ ॥  
 तच्छिष्यं श्रीहरिव्यासं देवं देव्यादिसद्गुरुं ॥  
 वंदेहं सच्चिदानंदं राधाकृष्णस्वरूपकं ॥ ३९ ॥  
 तस्य श्रीपरशुरामदेवं शिष्यमहामुर्निं ॥

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

सर्वशास्त्रार्थतत्त्वज्ञं सिद्धमित्रनगद्गुरुं ॥ ३९ ॥  
 श्रीहरिवंशदेवं तच्छिष्यं विद्यापयोनिधि ॥  
 वंदेहं भक्तं भूमावनाचारपणाशानं ॥ ४० ॥  
 श्रीमन्नारायणं देवं वंदे तच्छिष्यमंडनं ॥  
 नरराजगुरुं श्रीशं भूवं भक्तारिभंडनं ॥ ४१ ॥  
 तच्छिष्यवल्लभं वंदे श्रीमहृदावनं सुरं ।  
 निबादिलासरूपं च भक्तभूषं सतां गुरुं ॥ ४२ ॥  
 पठेद्यो वै महाभक्त आचार्यवंदनाभिमां ॥  
 तस्य लोके परे वापि भक्तिविमं [धो] न जायते ॥  
 ॐ तत्सदिति श्रीसर्वाचार्यभगवान्निबादिलापदाधिराजश्रीवृद्धावनदे-  
 वपद्मालंकारश्रीगोविददेवेन कृतौ श्रीआचार्यवंदनास्तवं(वः) समाप्तं(मः) ॥

(B). 37 b.—38 b.

*List in Hindi.*

हरिगुरुस्तवमालायामाचार्यनामरत्नावलीस्तवः

३७, ३८ पत्रस्थमिदं.

आदि श्री हंसरूपि नारायणजू १ तिनके शिष्य श्री सनकादिजू २  
 तिनके शिष्य श्री नारदजू ३ तिनके शिष्य श्री निबादित्यजू ४  
 तिनके शिष्य श्री श्रीनिवासाचार्यजू ५ तिनके शिष्य श्री विश्वाचार्यजू  
 ६ तिनके शिष्य श्री पुरुषोत्तमाचार्यजू ७ तिनके शिष्य श्री विलासा-  
 चार्यजू ८ तिनके शिष्य श्री स्वरूपाचार्यजू ९ तिनके शिष्य श्री  
 माधवाचार्यजू १० तिनके शिष्य श्री बलभद्राचार्यजू ११ तिनके शिष्य  
 श्री पद्माचार्यजू १२ तिनके शिष्य श्री श्यामाचार्यजू १३ तिनके  
 शिष्य श्री गोपालाचार्यजू १४ तिनके शिष्य श्री कृपाचार्यजू १५  
 तिनके शिष्य श्री देवाचार्यजू १६ तिनके शिष्य श्री सुंदरभद्रजू १७  
 तिनके शिष्य श्री पद्मनाभभद्रजू १८ तिनके शिष्य श्री उर्पेशभद्रजू १९  
 तिनके शिष्य श्री रामचंद्रभद्रजू २० तिनके शिष्य श्री वामनभद्रजू  
 २१ तिनके शिष्य श्री कृष्णभद्रजू २२ तिनके शिष्य श्री पद्माकरभ-  
 द्रजू २३ तिनके शिष्य श्री श्रवणभद्रजू २४ तिनके शिष्य श्री भू-

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

रिभद्गु २६ तिनके शिष्य श्री माधवभद्गु २६ तिनके शिष्य श्री इयामभद्गु २७ तिनके शिष्य श्री गोपालभद्गु २८ तिनके शिष्य श्री बलभद्गु २९ तिनके शिष्य श्री गोपनिधभद्गु ३० तिनके शिष्य श्री केशवभद्गु ३१ तिनके शिष्य श्री गंगभद्गु ३२ तिनके शिष्य श्री केशवकाशमीरिभद्गु ३३ तिनके शिष्य श्री श्रीभद्गु ३४ तिनके शिष्य श्री हरिव्यासदेवज्ञ ३५ तिनके पटश्री श्री परशुरामदेवज्ञ ३६ तिनके पटश्री श्री हरिवंशदेवज्ञ ३७ तिनके पटश्री श्री नारायणदेवज्ञ ३८ तिनके पटश्री श्री वृद्धावनदेवज्ञ ३९ तिनके पटश्री श्री गोविंददेवज्ञ ४०  
 घठेदिदं यो हि भक्ता[क्त्या]चार्यनामावलीस्तवं ॥  
 तस्य साक्षात्परेश्च श्रीराधारुणौ प्रसीदतः ॥  
 इति श्रीआचार्यनामरत्नावलीस्तवं(वः) समाप्तं (सः) ॥

(C)

1	Nimbârka.	20	Padmâkarabhaṭṭa.
2	Srinivâsâchârya.	21	Śravaṇabhaṭṭa.
3	Viśvâchârya.	22	Bhûribhaṭṭa.
4	Purushottamâchârya.	23	Mâdhavabhaṭṭa.
5	Vilâsâchârya.	24	Śyâmabhaṭṭa.
6	Svarûpâchârya.	25	Gopâlabhaṭṭa.
7	Mâdhavâchârya.	26	Balabhadrabhaṭṭa.
8	Balabhadrâchârya.	27	Gopînâthabhaṭṭa.
9	Padmâchârya.	28	Kesâvabhaṭṭa.
10	Śyâmâchârya.	29	Gangabhatta.
11	Gopâlachârya.	30	Keśava Kâśmîrin.
12	Kripâchârya.	31	Śribhaṭṭa.
13	Devâchârya.	32	Harivyâsadeva.
14	Sundarabhaṭṭa.	33	Parasurâmadeva.
15	Padmanâbhbabhaṭṭa.	34	Harivamśadeva.
16	Upendrabhaṭṭa.	35	Nârâyaṇadeva.
17	Râmachandrabhaṭṭa.	36	Vrindâvanadeva.
18	Vâmanabhaṭṭa.	37	Govindadeva.
19	Krishnabhaṭṭa.		

## O.

*From the Chashakatâtparyâtikâ of Gangârâma Jadi; No. 277.*

*Fol. 2, a. नीलकण्ठस्तच्छर्मा गुह्यपदेष्टा तस्मै नमोनमः ।*

*Fol. 2, b. किंच सग्रहश्वन्द्रचूडो योग्रणीः सर्वश्रेष्ठस्तस्य तनयो*

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

गणेशो यस्याग्रे तिष्ठति यदाराध्यो भवतीति यावत्तं नारायणाभिधं तातं वन्दे नैमि स्तौमि च ।

*Fol. 3, a.* सुधियः प्रतिभाजुषो गङ्गारामेण यथा मुक्तावलीप्रकाशात्त्वामकास्मन्मातामहग्रन्थात्स्फुरिते निष्पन्ने चषके पानपात्रे...।

*Fol. 3, b.* इति श्रीजिनज्ञुपनामकगङ्गारामविरचितायां चषकतात्पर्यटीकायां क्षोकव्याख्या ॥

End : *Fol. 225, b.* स्वकीर्यनुवृत्तये आशास्ते चषकेति ।

चषकः सुवर्णस्य साभिप्रायपदस्य स्पर्णोऽभिप्रेतार्थग्रहणोपायो यस्य तत्। दिनकरेणास्मन्मातामहेन कर्त्रा करेण लेखनत्वाकरणेन कृतः परामर्शः। शोधनं यस्य तत् नगदीशस्य ग्रन्थकर्तुर्मन्यनं शास्त्रार्थवालोडनं दुरुहशास्त्रमननभिति यावत् तस्य कल्पो.....कल्पतरुरुपं फलं कामितार्थप्रकाशकत्वात्तदेत्यं व्याख्यातं तर्कामृतमाकल्पं पिबन्त्वयाशीव्युत्प्रित्व इत्यार्थिकमत्र कर्तृपदमध्याहार्यम् ।

## P.

*From Jinavardhanasūri's Commentary on the Saptapaddartha ; No. 291, Fol. 25, a.*

सप्तपदार्थीटीका प. २९ ष. १ प. १४

इति श्रीखरतरगच्छे श्रीजिनराजसूरिपटे श्रीजिनवर्द्धनसूरिविरचिता सप्तपदार्थीटीका समाप्ता ॥

## Q.

*From Govardhana's Tarkabhdshāprakāśa ; Nos. 282 and 283.*

यत्तर्कभाषामनुभाषते स्म गोवर्द्धनस्तर्ककथासु धीरः ।

तेनानवदेन सुधांशुगौरी कीर्तिरुरुणाममृताधिकास्तु ॥

विजयश्रीतनूजन्मा गोवर्धन इति श्रुतः ।

तर्कानुभाषां तनुते विविच्य गुरुनिर्मितिं ॥

श्रीविश्वनाथानुजपदनाभानुजो गरीयान्बलभद्रजन्मा ।

तनोति तर्कानधिगत्य सर्वान् श्रीपदनाभाद्विद्विषो विनोदं ॥

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

## R.

*From the Brahmatulyoddharaṇa; No. 298, Fol. 1, b.*

ब्रह्मसिद्धांततुल्योदाहरणं.

प्रथमसांकृष्टे । श्लोक ६ आदौ  
 गुरुवरमतिशयवंतं श्रीमंतं हर्षरत्ननामानं ॥  
 करणकुतूहलवृत्तिं नत्वा वक्ष्ये सयुक्तिकामेतां ॥ ७ ॥  
 श्रीश्रीपतिविहितकेशवपद्मती द्वे ब्रह्मार्कशीघ्रत्वगसिद्धिमधो विवृत्य ॥  
 माला च पर्वसहिता बृहतीति तस्या सारस्य ताजिकधरो विवृती  
 अनुदां [?] ॥ ८ ॥

## S.

*From Dāmodara's Bhaṭatulya; No. 346, Fol. 1, a.*

भटतुल्यनामा करणग्रन्थः प. १ श. १ पं. १.  
 जयति भूवलयेऽवृष्टिमेखले प्रथितकीर्तिरसौ जनको गुरुः ॥  
 य इह मौद्यतमःप्रशमेशुमान् द्विदि जनस्य हि चित्कजबोधने ॥ १ ॥  
 दामोदरः श्रीगुरुपद्मनाभपादारविंदं शिरसा प्रणम्य ॥  
 प्रथमबद्गुद्ध्यार्थभटस्य तुल्य विदां मुदेऽहं करणं करोमि ॥ २ ॥  
 गोदेवेंदु १३३९ विहीनशाकगुणिता वारादिका गुणाः  
 स्वस्वक्षेपयुताश्च मध्यमरबौ मेखा [षा] दिगे स्युर्धु [ञ्च] वा: ॥  
 वारादिर्भृगुतोब्दपः स च भवेत् प्राञ्छ्यदर्शातः  
 शुद्धिर्न्यूनदिनावशेषघटिकाद्येनोनितात्स्यात् स्फुटाः ॥ ४ ॥

## T.

*From Brahmaṇadeva's Karanapradakṣa; No. 299.*

ब्रह्मच्युतत्रिनयनार्कशाश्वाकभौमसौम्बेज्यशुकशनिवागधिपान्गणेशां ।  
 नत्वाहमार्घभटशास्त्रसमं करोमि श्रीब्रह्मदेवगणकः करणप्रकाशं ॥ १ ॥  
 शाकः शकदशो १०१४ नितो रवि १२ गुणश्चैत्रादिमासान्वितो  
 द्विस्थो दस्त्र २ हतो द्विराम ३२ सहितोधो भूपनदं दै ९१६ ईतः ।  
 लब्धोनो विहितः शिल्लीमुखरसै ६९ रासाधिमासैर्युतः  
 खत्रि ३० ग्रः सतिधिर्द्विधाकररसै ६२ युक्तस्ततोधः कृतः ॥

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

## U.

*From Ganeśa's Grahalaghava with Viśvanātha's commentary ;  
No. 306, Fol. 1, a.*

ग्रहलाघवटीका. प. १ पृ. १ पं. २.

आदि : ।

ज्योतिर्बिंदुरुणा गणेशगुहणा निर्मध्य शास्त्रांबुधि  
यच्चके ग्रहलाघवं विवरणं कुर्वेस्य तत्प्रीतये ॥  
स्मृत्वा शंभुसुतं दिवाकरसुतस्तद्विश्वनाथः कृती  
जाग्रञ्जयोतिष्वर्गगोकुलयरित्राणाय नारायणः ॥१॥  
प. १ पृ. १ पं. १०.

श्रीमत्कौशिकमुनि श्रेष्ठवंशोद्भवो जलधिमी[ती] रनिकटवर्ती नंदि-  
ग्रामनिवासिसकल भूमेंडलपतिपूजितचरणयुग्लांभोरुहनिखिलशास्त्रार्थ-  
प्रबीणाष्टादशसिद्धांतोपवर्तिकोविदसमस्तवैयाकरणाग्राणि [ णीः ] अग-  
णितशास्त्राविचारसारचतुरो उयोतिर्बिंकुलावतंसः श्रीमत्केशवदैवज्ञा-  
त्मजं \*श्रीमद्रोणेशाढैवज्ञ\*वर्यो ग्रहलाघवाख्यं करणं चिकीषुस्तत्रादौ  
निविद्वेन ग्रंथसमाध्यर्थं तत्परिचा [ च ] यर्थं च आशि [ शी ] नैम-  
स्कियावस्तुनिर्देशात्मकानांशू[शु]तिदेवतागुरु[रु]वाक्षानिर्देशात्मकं मं-  
गलं वसंतातिलक्या ब्राह्माति ॥

Fol. 69, a. अन्ते प. ६९ पृ. १ पं ११.

नंदिग्राम इहापरांतविषये शिष्यादिगीतस्तुति-  
र्योभूत्कौशिकवंशजः सकलसच्छास्त्रार्थवित् केशवः ॥  
सूनुस्तस्य तदंहिपद्मभजनालुभ्यावबोधांशकं  
स्पष्टं वृत्तविचित्रमल्पकरणं चैतद्रोणेशोकरोत् ॥ २ ॥...  
गोलग्रामनिवासिनो गुरुपदद्वाब्जभक्ती रत-  
स्यासीत्तत्र दिवाकरस्य तनयः श्रीविश्वनाथाहृयः ॥  
तेनेदं ग्रहलाघवस्य गणितं स्पष्टीकृतं तद्वुद्धैः  
शोध्यं शुद्धमिदं तदा तु गणकैः स्वांते सदा धार्यताम् ॥१॥  
इति श्रीदैवज्ञवर्यदिवाकरात्मजविश्वनाथविरचितं ग्रहलाघवस्योदाहरणं  
समाप्तम्.

\*The MS. repeats the words आत्मज and वर्य.

## APPENDIX II.—continued.

## U. I

*From a manuscript of S'ripati's Jyotiratnamālā with Mahādeva's commentary.*

शरवसुशाश्विसोमैः १ १८९ संभिते शाककाले नभसि सितचतुर्थ्यामिदुप्रस्य वारे ॥  
निजमातिपरिणामाचत्तनूजेन तेन विवृतिरिति किल श्रीश्रीपतिप्रोक्तशास्त्रे ॥४॥

## V.

*From the Tdjjikatantrasāra; No. 322, Fol. 15, b.*

ताजिकतन्त्रसारः प. १९ पृ. २ पं. १ .

चौलुक्यक्षितिपालमूलसकलव्यापारपारंगमः  
प्राग्वाटान्वयभूद्भूव सचिवः श्रीचंडसिंहाहृष्यः ॥  
श्रीमान् शोभनदेव इयमिजने तस्याभवत् सउजनः  
श्रीसामंत इति प्रशांतसुमातिस्तस्माद्भूदंगभूः ॥ २०३ ॥  
तस्यात्मनः समजनेष्ट कुमारसिंहनामा प्रमाणितगुह्यरिमाड्यगेहः ॥  
तत्सूनुना गणकभृंगमुदे स्मरेण गंधोम्युदधियत ताजिकपद्मकोशात्  
॥ २०४ ॥

यत्तार्तीयकतंत्रतः स्मृतमिदं खेटात्मयोगावली  
पृच्छावर्षफलांकितं द्रुतमातिः सत्तंत्ररत्नन्नयम् ॥  
आकल्पं किल कल्पयिष्यति गले भ्राजिष्णु सौंतःसमं  
भावि [वी] न्यत्र शुभाशुभाने निगदन् द्वुम्नं यशः प्राप्यते [तिः]  
॥ २०५ ॥

इति प्राग्वाटान्वयकुमारसिंहात्मनसमरसिंहसमुद्धृते ताजिकतन्त्रसारे  
गणकभूषणनाम्नि वर्षफलाध्यायस्तृतीयतंत्रं समाप्तमिति ॥ संवत् १४९१  
वर्षे मार्गशीर्षवदि १० गुरो ज्योतिः श्रीविश्वरूपानुचरेण चतुर्भुजेन स्वप-  
ठनाय लिखितं ॥

## W.

*From the Daivajñḍlamkrīti of Tejahśominha; No. 327, Fol. 21.*

दैवज्ञालंकृतिः

लक्ष्मीर्यस्य प्रतेन [ने] स्वयमचलमिहाचंद्रतारं निवेशं  
यस्मिन् मुक्ताकलेतिप्रगुणतरगणा दोषपञ्चया विमुक्ताः ॥  
यस्मिन् विश्रामभाजः परमपृथुतरश्रेणयः सउजनानां  
सोयं प्राग्वाटबशो जगति विजयतेनल्पशाखातिशाली ॥ १ ॥  
स्फूर्जच्चालुक्यवंशोद्धवनृपतिबो[ शिरो ]भूषणीभूतकीर्तिः [ तैः ]

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

श्रीमच्छारंगदेवा द्वयपुरुषग[ प ]ते: पादपद्मप्रसादात् ॥  
 सर्वव्यापारभारं समखमपगतः सहृणोदै[ औघि ]कपात्रं  
 तत्र श्रीविक्रमाद्वै[ द्वै ]ननि विजितरिपुर्मंत्रिणः सम्बोधितम् ॥ २ ॥  
 मंत्री तस्माद्यादौ धृतविजयपदा[ दां ]सिंहसंज्ञां दधानो  
 जडे विद्वज्जनानां हृदयकुमुदमुदावा[ दायिवा ]कृचंद्रिकाभूत् ॥  
 साहित्यन्यायवादप्रमुखपरिणमत्सर्वशास्त्राभिधपारं  
 प्राप्तः सौख्यैकपात्रं विनयन[ य ]मुखैः सदृग्गीतकीर्तिः ॥ ३ ॥  
 तस्योच्चर्मान्यबंधुस्तनुजरजनिनी [ स्तनुजनिरजनि ] ख्यातमादौ च तेजः  
 प्राप्ते सिंहते नाम प्रदधदवनतः सर्वदा सदृशणां ॥  
 किंचिल्लब्धप्रबोधः पृथुमतिविदूषां पादपद्मप्रसादात्  
 से[ के ]हौकः सउजनानां विनयनययुतो लोकटुर्वाक्यभीरुः ॥ ४ ॥  
 दैवद्वालंकृतीति प्राथितमवितर्थं संज्ञया स प्रतेने  
 तेनेदं वत्सरीयं फलमिह सकलं सर्वलोकोपकृत्यै ॥  
 हृजनीविति [ ती ] व्रेषुभाभरणगणनया विभवते ये ग्रहेदाः  
 शश्वद्भूत्सभायामृतिधनगुहतामैत्रभाजोत्र ते स्युः ॥ ५ ॥

According to the way in which I here propose that stanza 4 should be corrected, Tejahsimha was the son of Vijayasimha and not his brother. Vikrama also would appear to be rather a friend of the minister of S'āraṅgadeva than the minister himself, though he must have held some high office.

## X.

*From the Tājikālambakra of Surya; No. 326, Fol. 19, a.*

ताजिकालंकारः प. १९ पृ. १ पं. ४。

गौतम्युत्तरतीरचार्चार्चवसतिः श्रीपार्थसंज्ञं पुरं  
 तत्रत्यो गणकाग्रणीः पृथुयशा: श्रीज्ञानराजाभिधः ॥  
 पुत्रस्तस्य महोदयो मतिभरोत्कर्षादिका[ वीदिमा  
 सूर्यः सुज्ञविधिजपंडितमुदे श्रीताजिकालंकृतिम् ॥ ४ ॥  
 टीके वासनयान्विते ] \* गणितयोर्लीलावतीवीजयो-  
 स्तद्वत् श्रीपतिपद्धतेश गणितं बीजं तथैकं व्यधात् ॥  
 एतत्ताजिकमच्युतोथ[ तार्थ ]प्रपरं काव्याष्टकं प्रौढवी[ : ]  
 सूर्यो बोधसुधाकराख्यर[ म ]करोदध्यात्मशास्त्राष्टमम् ॥ ९ ॥

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

इति श्रीताजिकालंकारे दैवज्ञसूर्यविरचिते सहमाध्याये दशमस्सप्तमोयं  
ग्रंथः ॥

\* The part here enclosed within rectangular brackets is from Prof. Weber's Berlin Catalogue.

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## Y.

*From the Tājikakaustubha of Bālakrishna; No. 318, Fol. 36, b.*

ताजिककौस्तुभः प. ३६ पृ. २ पं. ९.

या ताप्युत्तरतीरसंश्रयवती ख्याता प्रकाशापुरी  
यश्चासीदिह याज्ञवल्क्यतिलकः श्रीरामजित् पंडितः ॥  
षट्टाख्याध्ययनाधिराट् समभवनारायणस्तत्सुत-  
स्तत्सूर्नैयवेदवित्समभवद्वा रामकृष्णाभिष्ठः ॥ १५ ॥  
तदंगनो यादवभट्टनामा नानागमार्थाकलितो वभूव ॥  
साहित्यपीयूषसुघोषितांगः श्रितप्रकाशो नगति प्रसिद्धः ॥ १६ ॥  
इह यादवभट्टजातजन्मा कृतनंबूसरआलयस्ततान ॥  
स हि ताजिककौस्तुभाभिधानं कमनीयं भवि बालकृष्णभट्टः ॥ १७ ॥  
श्रीनारायणशंकरस्तवनके स्तोत्रं शिवायास्ततो  
यंत्रोद्घारयुतं महागणपतेः स्तोत्रं त्रिवेण्यास्ततः ॥  
योगिन्यष्टदशाक्रमश्च तरणेः संकारितिजो निर्णयः  
पत्न्याकस्य विराजते कृतिरियं पांडित्यचितामणिः ॥ १८ ॥

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## Z.

*From the Manittathājika; No. 324, Fol. 1a, 2b, & 8a.*

मणित्यताजिकग्रन्थः

आदौ । पूर्वं प्रणम्येभरपादपदं ततो भवानीं गणनायकं च ॥  
करोमि रम्यं फलमत्र हायनं भवन्ति तज्जाऽज्जाऽ] विदितेन येन ॥ ९ ॥  
प. १ पृ. १ पं ११.  
बलाबलज्जानविना कदाचित् । विवेचनं नैव शुभाशुभस्य ॥  
ततः प्रवक्ष्ये यवनानुसाराट् । बलाबलं यद्भुसंभवं च ॥ १० ॥  
प. २ पृ. २ पं १.  
कष्टात्तथा कष्टतरं निरुक्तं युक्तं दशायां यवनैः ] पुराणैः॥

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

वृथा फलं हायनमन्त्र यस्मान् जीवितं हायनरेष्टयोगात् ॥ १७ ॥

रिष्टानि यस्मात्पथं प्रवक्ष्ये मणित्यपूर्वैः काथितानि यानि ॥

प. ८ पृ. १ पं. १. अन्ते ।

मंदे नला श्रयमहीसुहरोहकर्मवाणिज्यकृष्यवनिलब्धधियोधिवीर्ये ॥

मध्ये तु मध्यमध्ये तु सुदाद्विपातेकष्टं क्रियाविकलतानेलस्त्रकाविकाराः

॥ १० ४ ॥

इति वर्षेशानां फलम् ॥

इति श्रीमणित्याचार्यविरचिते [तो] मणित्यतानिकः समाप्तः ॥

## A A.

*From the Pārasiprakāśa of Vedāṅgarāya ; No. 336, Fol. 1, a.*

पारसीप्रकाशः प. १ पृ. १ पं. १.

नत्वा श्रीभुवनेश्वरीं हरिहरीं लंबोदरं च द्विजान्

श्रीमच्छाहनहांमहेऽपरमप्रीतिप्रसादासये ॥

ब्रूते संस्कृतपारसीकरचनाभेदप्रदं कौतुकं

ज्योतिः शास्त्रपदोपयोगि सरलं वेदांगरायः सुधीः ॥ १ ॥

संस्कृतोक्तिविदि पारसीज्ञता पारसीविदि च संस्कृतज्ञता ॥

तद्वद्वयाविदि च तद्वद्वयज्ञता जायते तु तदधीयतामेदम् ॥२॥ ...

तत्रैव पं. ११। अथ सञ्चोप्तेरि हिंदुकशाकमासज्ञानोपायः ॥

सनस्तर्कवस्त्वंक ९८६ हीनोर्क १२ निम्नो महर्मादिमासान्वितोवस्त्रिदस्त्रैः

२३ ॥

विहीनोभिः २ निम्नः खखाभ्रांक ९०० भागैर्युतोक्षांगलब्धधिमासौर्वहीनः॥

द्युनाथासज्ञेषे मधोर्मास इष्टः खखाक्षेदु १९०० युक्ते च लब्धे तु शाकः ॥

अस्योदाहरणम्

सन्धः १०९३ तर्कवस्त्वंक ९८६ हीनो जातः ६७ अर्कनिम्नो जातः ८०४

महर्मादिवर्तमानमास ९ रविलब्ध तेन युक्ते जातः ८०९ अधस्त्रिदस्त्रै २३

विहीने जातः ७८६ द्विनिम्ने जातः १९७२ ततः खखाभ्रांक ९०० भागैर्युते

जातः १९७३ अक्षांगे ६९ भक्तिधिमासैस्तपरि हीने जातः ७८९ द्वादशभ-

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

के लब्धं ६९ शेषं ५ तेन त्रैदे [ चैत्रादि ] वर्तमानः पंचमः शुक्लादिश्रा-  
वणो मासः ६९ लब्धमध्ये १९०० एतदुक्ते जातो वर्तमानशाकः १९६९॥

## B B.

*From Bhoja's Vidvajjanavallabha ; No. 337, Fol. 10, a.*

प्रभज्ञानम् प. १० पृ. १ पं. १०.

अन्ते । आख्या दालिल् [ ? ] वारिराशिरशनविच्छेदिनीं मेदिनीं  
शास्त्र्येका नगरीमिव प्रतिहतो[ त ]पत्यर्थिनो यस्य सा ॥  
प्रभज्ञानमिदं स पार्थिवशिरोविन्यस्तपादांबुजः  
श्रीविद्वउजनवल्लभाख्यमकृत श्रीभोजदेवो नृपः ॥ ८१ ॥  
शते श्रीमहाराजाधिराजभोजदेवविरचिते प्रभज्ञाने चिताध्ययोष्टादशः  
॥ १८ ॥

## C C.

*From the Narapatijayacharyā ; No. 331, Fol. 154, a.*

नरपतिनयचर्या—प. १९४ पृ. १ पं. ६

अन्ते—विद्यालये माल्वसंज्ञदेशे धारापुरीरम्भनिवासवासी ॥  
नानागमज्ञो नृपलोकपूज्यो नाम्नाम्रदेवो विबुधः प्रसिद्धः ॥ १ ॥  
स्वरबल्फलवेत्ता देहतस्वप्नभिज्ञो विदितशकुनशास्त्रस्तंत्रमंत्रप्रवीणः ॥  
कलितगणितसारथाद्वृडामणिज्ञो नरपतिरेतिनामा तस्य पुत्रो बभूवा ॥२॥  
ज्ञाने यः सर्वज्ञो नृपगणपूज्यः सरस्वतीसिद्धः ॥  
तेन कृत शास्त्रभिदं प्रचुरगुणं दोषरहितं च ॥ ३ ॥  
यो वेत्ति शास्त्रमेतद्रुमुखकथितं सुयुक्तिसंयुक्तम् ॥  
निवसति सदा समग्रा ज्ञानश्रीस्तस्य करकमले ॥ ४ ॥  
विक्रमार्कगते काले पक्षाभिभानु १२३२ वत्सरे  
मासे चैत्रे सिते पक्षे प्रतिपद्मौमवासरे ॥ ५ ॥  
श्रीमग्नहिलनगरे ख्यते श्रीभजयपालनृपराज्ये ॥  
श्रीमन्नरपतिकविना रचितमिदं शाकुनं शास्त्रम् ॥ ६ ॥  
षड्डिरंगैश्वकारेदं नृपतीनां जयावहम् ॥  
अनुष्टुब्धंदसां श्लोकैः सार्द्धपंचसहस्रकैः ॥ ७ ॥

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

इति श्रीपंडितश्रीनरपतिवैरचितायां नरपतिजयचर्यायां स्वरोदये  
शार्कुनं शास्त्रं समाप्तमिति ॥

## C C 1.

*From the Ashṭāṅgayogahṛidaya; No. 363, Fol. 25, b.  
of the Kalpasthāna.*

संवत् १४८६ वर्षे माघवादि १ गुरावदेह श्रीभूगुक्षेत्रे पारसीकवंशप्रवीण  
आध्यारुश्रीअर्द्धसेर [रः?] सुतस्याध्ययनाय कल्पसिद्धिस्थानम-  
लीलिखत् ॥

## D D.

*From Bopadeva's Satas'lokī; No. 378 and No. 379, Fol. 23, b.*

शतश्लोकी प. २३ ष. २ पं. २.

देशानां वरदातर्टं वरमतः सार्थाभिधानं महा-  
स्थानं वेदपदं सदग्रनगणाग्रण्यं सहस्रं द्विजाः ॥  
तत्रामीषु धनेशकेशविदौ वैद्यौ वरिष्ठौ क्रमा-  
चक्रे शिष्यसुतस्तयोः कृतिमिति श्रीबोपदेवः कविः ॥ ९९ ॥  
कैलासाचलमौलिमंडनमणेनृत्योत्सवे यदशो  
गायंति त्रिदशांगनाः कलरणद्रंभीरतारस्वरैः ॥  
चक्रे चंद्रकलांशगोपितशतश्लोकीं पदाल्हादिनीं  
स त्रैलोक्यकर्वांद्रचक्रतिलकः श्रीबोपदेवः कविः ॥ १०० ॥

## E E.

*From the Rājavallabhamaṇḍana; No. 404, Fol. 30, a.*

३० पत्रे निरंकपृष्ठे.

अन्ते । श्रीमदेवपाटे नृपकुंभकर्णस्तदीघ्राजीवपरागसेवी ।  
स मंडनाख्यो भुवि सूत्रधारस्तेन रूतो भूपतिवल्लभोऽयम् ॥ ४३  
गणपतिगुरुभक्तया भारतीपादतुष्टया  
मुनिमतमिदमुक्तं वास्तुशास्त्रं सुवृत्तं ॥

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

गणितमापि च सारं शाकुनं सारभूतं  
 भवतु चतुरयोग्यं विश्वर्कमप्रसादात् ॥  
 इति वास्तुशास्त्रे राजबल्लभमंडने शकुनलक्षणं ॥ संपूर्णं चतुर्दशं संवत्  
 १९७९.

## F F.

*From the Vāstumāṇḍana; No. 405, Fol. 35, b.*

सुतेन देवसिंहेन प्रार्थितः क्षेत्रनन्दनः ।  
 स्यपति [ : ] सृजति स्मेदं मंडनो वास्तुमंडनम् ॥ ९ ॥  
 इति श्रीसूत्रधारमंडनविरचिते वास्तुशास्त्रे वास्तुमंडने प्रकीर्णकाध्याया  
 ऽष्टमः ॥

## G G.

*From the Saṃgītaratnākaraṭīkā; No. 406.*

संगीतरत्नाकरटीका त्रु. पं. ४.

अन्ते । गीतगुणान् कथय [ते] व्यक्तमिति व्यक्तादयो दश गुणा  
 भवन्ति तेषां लक्षणं कथयति तत्र व्यक्तमिति सुगमं ॥ गीतदोषानाह  
 सु— —मिति ॥ लोकेन शास्त्रेण च दृष्टत्वं कालविरोधः निषिद्धकाले  
 गानं श्रुतिविरोधो हनिश्रुतित्वं ॥ इति गीतदोषाः ॥ इति श्रीमदं-  
 द्विमंडलाधीश्वरप्रतिगंडमैरवश्रीध्यनवोतं - - - - - न भुजवलभीम-  
 श्रीसिंगभूपालविरचितायां संगीतरत्नाकरटीकायां संगीतसुधाकराख्या-  
 यां प्रबंधाध्यायश्चतुर्थः समाप्तः ॥

## H H.

*From the Lekhapañchāśikā; No. 410, Fol. 6 b.—8 b.*

लेखपञ्चाशिका प. ६ पृ. २ पं. १२.

अथ ताप्रशासनम् ॥

श्रीनृपविक्रमसमयातीतसंवत्सरशतेषु द्वादशसु अष्टाधिकाशीयाधि-  
 केषु संवत्सरांतः वैशाष्मासे शुक्लपक्षे तृतीयायां गुरुवासरेऽस्यां

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

संवत्सरमासतिथिवारपूर्वे शासनपत्रमिदं । अत्रांकितोऽपि संवत् १२८८ वर्षे वैशाष्टशुद्धि ३ गुराबदेह श्रीमदण्हिल्पाटके समस्त-  
राजावलीसमलंकृतमहाराजाधिराजसमलंकृतमहाराजाधिराजपरमेश्वर-  
परमभद्राकडमापतिवरलब्धपैदप्रतापश्रीवृहन्मूलराजमूलदेवपादान्  
[नु] ॥ १ ध्यातमहाराजाधिराजपरमेश्वरपरमभद्राकडमापतिवर-  
लब्धपैदप्रतापश्रीचामुङ्डदेवपादान् [नु] ॥ २ ध्यातश्रीविरा-  
जननंदनशंकरश्रीवल्लभदेवपादान् [नु] ॥ ३ ध्यातश्रीमहाराजा-  
धिराजश्रीदुर्लभदेवपादान् [नु] ॥ ४ ध्यानरतमहाराजाधिराज-  
श्रीवृहद्भिपादान् [नु] ॥ ५ ध्यानरतमहा० श्रीमत्कर्णदेवपादान्  
[नु] ॥ ६ ध्यानरतमहाराजाधिराजरिपुराज्यलक्ष्मीस्वयंवरावरवेकजिर्ण-  
[?]अवंतीनाथत्रिभुवनमंडनश्रीमज्जयसिंहदेवपादान् [नु] ॥ ७ ध्या-  
तवरदीकृतांगणविनिझितशाकंभरीभूपालश्रीकुमारपालदेवपादान्  
[नु] ॥ ८ ध्यातपंचमाकांतसपादलक्ष्मीपालश्रीमदनयपालपादा-  
न् [नु] ॥ ९ ध्यातबालनारायणावताररणांगणविनिझितगूर्जरा-  
धिकाराधिराजश्रीमूलदेवपादान् [नु] ॥ १० ध्यातअभिनवसिद्धरा-  
जरिपुराज्यलक्ष्मीस्वयंवरश्रीमद्भूमदेवकल्याणविजयराज्ये तत्पादप-  
ओपजीविनि प्रभुभक्तिसिद्धमंत्रैकाभ्यसनव्यसनीनि सुनयानुरंजि-  
तगीयमानगुणीघे महामायश्रीभाभूये श्रीश्रीकरणादिसमस्तमुद्ग्रा-  
व्यापारान् परिपंथयतीखेवं काले प्रवर्तमाने प्रभोः प्रसादान्म-  
हामंडलाधिपतिराणकश्रीलावण्यदेवप्रसादेन प्रसादपत्तालायां भुज्य-  
मानखेटकारापथके तञ्जियुक्तदंडश्रीमाधवप्रभृतिपंचकुलप्रतिपत्तौ  
ताम्रशासनं लिख्यते यथा ॥ श्रीमच्चैलाक्यवंशान्वये प्रसूत-  
राणकश्रीभानलदेसुतमहामंडलेश्वराधिपतिश्रीराणकलावण्यप्रसादेद-  
वः स्वपितुरात्मनश्च परमपुण्याभिवृद्धये अभितीर्थे खात्वा त्रिभुवन-  
स्वामिनं श्रीसोमनाथं पंचांगपूजोपहारविधिना समभ्यर्च्यं नमस्कृत्य  
च संसारासारतां विच्छिय दृष्टिगोचरगतानां समस्तपा[प]दार्थ-  
वस्तुनामनित्यतां सम[सं]दृश्येयमुना प्रकारेण नलिनीदलगतजलदत-  
रलतरं यौवनं जीवितव्यं च प्रहरद्वयसदृशीछाया लक्ष्मीविषप्राया  
विषया दुःखप्राया भोगाः पुत्रमित्रकलत्रादिकं च स्वार्थसंपद्या नि-

## APPENDIX II.—continued.

विकारमन्यथा सविकारीति युक्त्या इदमपि च परं सप्तसारादिकं  
विलसितं च क्षणहष्टावेनष्टं चेत्याकलय्य सर्वमध्यनियं निश्चिय केवलो  
धर्मकीर्तिंश्च तस्मात् परलोकसुखाय देवब्राह्मणान् गुरुंश्च सुवर्ण-  
रूप्याभरणवस्त्रादिभिः संपूज्य तभिवासिनो ब्राह्मणोत्तमान् वियु-  
क्त्याधिकरणो ग्रामे जनपादान् मठस्थानाधिपतीन् राजपुत्रांश्च  
दानेन कार्याद्वासनसन्मानेन कामलाप्य [?] संभाष्य च बोधयन् सर्वेषां  
विदितं शासनं चकार । अस्मिन् खेटकाधारपथके अमुकग्राम-  
स्वस्तीमापयंतः सवृक्षमाकुलः सकाष्ठतृणोदकोपेतः सर्वस्वीयसीमोपेतो  
नवनिधानसहितः पूर्वरूप्या पलमानदेवदायब्रह्मदायवर्जं श्रीदे-  
वपत्तनवास्तव्यप्रत्यक्षजनकठ० अमुकाय श्रीसोमेश्वरदेवस्य पंचो-  
पचारक्षानपूजादिनैवेद्यादिनिमित्त अमुकपूर्वमस्माभिः शासने प्रदत्तः ॥  
ग्राम्याघाटा यथा ॥ अयं चतुराघाटोपलक्षितं ग्रामं प्रदत्तमित्यवगम्य  
तभिवासिभिर्जनपदैर्ग्रामस्यास्य भोगकरहिरण्यादिकं सर्वमपि श्री-  
सोमनाथदेवस्य पूजार्थं प्रत्ययं जनकठ० अमुकाकस्य समर्पयितव्यं ॥  
संपादनीयं च ॥ सामान्यमत्पुण्यफलमेतदवगम्य मद्वंशजैरन्त्यैरापि भुवो  
भोक्तृभिरस्मत्प्रदत्तर्थमर्दायोऽनुगंतव्यः ॥ पालनीयश्च ॥ उक्तं च ॥  
भगवता व्यासेन ॥

बहुभिर्वसुधा भुक्ता राजभिः सगरादिभिः ।

यस्य यस्य यदा भूमी तस्य तस्य तदा फलम् ॥ १

षष्ठिवर्षसहस्राणि स्वर्गे तिष्ठति भूमिदः ।

आछेत्ता चानुमता च तान्येव नरकं वसेत् ॥ २

स्वदत्तां परदत्तां वा यो हरेच्च वसुंधरां ।

स विष्णायां कृभिर्मूल्वा पितृभिः सह मज्जति ॥ ३

इह हि जलदलीलाचंचले जीवलोके तृणतुष्लघुसारे सारसंसारसारे ।

अपहरति दुराशः शासनं देवतानां नरकगहनगर्त्तवर्तपातो ध्रुवोयम् ॥ ४

दत्त्वा दानं भाविनः पार्थिवेद्यान् भूयो भूयो याचते रामचंद्रः ।

सामान्योऽयं दानधर्मो नृपाणां स्वे स्वे काले पालनीयो भवद्द्विः ॥ ५

यानीह दत्तानि पुरा नरेद्वैर्दीनानि धर्मार्थयशस्कराणि ।

निर्माल्यवंति [वान्त] प्रतिमानि तानि को नाम साधुः पुनराददीत ६ ॥

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

वं [विं] द्याटवीषु तोयेषु शुष्ककोटरवासिषु ।  
 कृष्णसर्पः प्रजायंते दत्ता [त्] दानापहारिणः ॥ ७  
 मम वंशक्षये क्षीणे कोऽपे राजा भविष्यति ।  
 तस्थाहं करलमोऽस्मि मम दत्तं न चालयेत् ॥ ८  
 मांधाता स महीपतिः कृतयुगेऽलंकारभूतो गतः  
 सेतुर्येन महोदधौ विरचितः कासौ दशास्यांतकः ।  
 अन्ये चापि युधिष्ठिरप्रभृतयो यावद्भावान् भूपते  
 नैकेनापि समं गता वसुमती मन्ये त्वया यास्यति ॥ ९ ॥

## J J

*From the Lekhapañchadśikā ; No. 410, Fol. 19, b.  
 प. १९ पृ. २ पं. ७.*

यमलपत्रं यथा ॥

संवत् १२८८ वर्षे वैशाषशुदि १९ सोमेऽद्येह श्रीमद्विजयकटके महाराजाधिराजश्रीमात्सिंहणदेवस्य महामंडलेभरराणकश्रीलावण्यप्रसादस्य च सरा [सम्रा] नकुलश्रीश्रीमत्सिंहणदेवेन महामंडलेभरराणश्रीलावण्यप्रसादेन पूर्वस्त्रृद्यात्मीय ९ देशेषु रहणीयं । केनापि कस्यापि भूमी नाक्रमणीया । उभयोर्भव्यादाः कोपि बलिष्ठः [षष्ठ] शत्रुणा गृद्यते तदा तस्य शत्रोरुपर्युभाभ्यामपि कटकं कर्त्तव्यं । अथ च शत्रुदंडात्रिपो गृह्णाति । तदा दलेन संवाहना कार्या । यद्युभयोरापि देशयोर्मध्यात्मकोऽपि राजपुत्रः किमपि विनाश्यापरदेशे प्रविशति । तदा स्वदेशो केनापि स्थानं न दातव्यं ॥ अन्यत्र विनष्टं समरा [री] पनी [णी] यं लिखितविधेः पालनाय व्यभिचाररक्षणाय दत्तप्रतिभूः । दत्तांतरदेवश्रीवैद्यनाथपत्रमुत्पाटितम् ।

## K K.

*From the Suktamuktavali; No. 469, Fol. 11 a. and  
 No. 470, Fol. 18 a.*

सूक्तमुक्तावलि. प. ११ पृ. १.

अभजदजितविद्यो वादवादाद्रिवज्ञो नृपतिविद्युधवंद्यो गौरसेनांघ्रिकंज-  
 मधुकरसमतांयः सोमदेवेन तेन व्यरचि मुनिपराजा सूक्तिमुक्तावलीयम् ॥ १५  
 B 904—29

## APPENDIX II.—continued.

इति सोमदेवसूरिविरचिता सूक्तमुक्तावली समाप्ता ॥

सटीकसूक्तमुक्तावली प. १८ ष. १ पं. १०.

अभजदजितदेवाचार्यपद्मोदयाद्रियुमणिविजयसिंहाचार्यपादारविदे

मधुकरसमतां यस्तेन सोमप्रभेण व्यरचि मुनिपराङ्गा सूक्तमुक्तावलीयम् २

इति श्रीसोमप्रभसूरिविरचितं सिद्धूरपकराख्यं शास्त्रं शतकं  
समाप्तम् ॥

## L L.

*From the S'abdabhushana of Ddnavijaya; No. 457, Fol. 1.*

शब्दभूषणनामकव्याकरणम्.

प्रथमपत्रे २ षष्ठे ॥ श्लो. २

अ इ उ ऋ ल इखेते समानाः पञ्च कीर्तिताः ॥ तेषां मिथो न्हस्वदी-  
ध्नुत्तेभेदाः सर्वणकाः २ न्हस्वदीर्धपूताख्यः [ख्याः] स्युस्त एकद्वित्रिमात्रक॥।।।  
संध्यक्षराभिधा एऐ ओ अ [ओ] न्हस्वेण वर्जिताः ३ चतुर्दश भवत्येते  
उभये मिलिताः स्वराः॥।। अवर्णवर्जितासर्वे स्वरास्स्युर्नामिसंविताः ॥ व्यंजनानि-  
त्रयस्त्रिशत् हादिसांतान्यनुक्रमात् ४ षट्पदी गृह्णमाणः पूर्ववर्णो वर्णनांशेन  
तेषु च प्रत्याहारस्तदाख्यःस्यादवाद्याते [स्ते]च विशाति[:]५ व्यंजनानि हसा  
वाच्याः स्वरहीनं च व्यंजनं तेष्वकारसुखोच्चारार्थत्वादित्संज्ञ को भवेत् ६  
प्रयोगे दृश्यमानश्चेदितः केनापि हेतुना ॥ वर्णो वर्णगणो वा स इत्संज्ञो  
लोपभाग्भवेत् ॥ ७ ॥ वर्णस्यादर्शनं लोपो लोपश् वर्णविरोधतः आगमो  
मित्रवत् ज्ञेयः आदेशः शत्रुवत् ध्रुवं ८ संयोगो हि यत्र स्युः स्वरानांरेत्रा  
हसाः कवर्गाद्याः पञ्च वर्गाः पञ्चपञ्चाक्षरात्मकाः ९ गुणोच्चृणां स्यादेदोदर  
औरथी वृद्धिरुच्यते टिसंज्ञोत्यस्वरः स्याद्वा शब्दवर्णस्तदादिकः १०

अंते । इति ताद्विताधिकारः संपूर्णः इति... श्रीविनयराजसूरिशेष्यो-  
पाष्यायश्चीदानविजयविरचिते शब्दभूषणे स्याद्वांताधिकारः प्रथमः

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

## M M.

*From Harshakirti's Dhātupāṭha, and his commentary on it; Nos. 439 and 440, Fol. 69 a.*

धातुपाठः ॥ प. ६९ ष. १ पं. ३

गच्छे यत्र पवित्रितावनितले हम्मीरदेवार्चितः  
 सूरि: श्रीजयशेखरः सुचरितश्रीशेखरः सद्गुणः ।  
 रूणायां पुरि सीहडस्य वचनादल्लावदीभूभुजा  
 सद्ग्रासःफूरमानदानमहितः श्रीवज्जेनो गुरुः ॥ १  
 सूरिश्रीप्रभुरत्नशेखरगुरुर्विद्यानिधिर्य मुदा  
 सत्कैमैः किल पर्यधापयदरं पेरोजसाहिप्रभुः ।  
 श्रीमत्साहिसिकंदरस्य पुरतो जातः प्रतापाधिको  
 दिव्यां नागपुरीयपाठकवरः श्रीहंसकीत्या[त्या] इयः ॥ २  
 आनंदं जनयन् सदा मुनिजनेष्वानंदरायः स्म भूत्  
 प्रादादास्य चिराय रायपदर्वीं श्रीमान् हमाऊनृपः ।  
 श्रीमत्साहिसलेभूमिपतिना संमानितः सादरं  
 सूरि: सर्वकलिदिकाकलितधीः श्रीचंद्रकीर्तिप्रभुः ॥ ३  
 साहे: संसदि पद्मसुंदरगणिर्जित्वा महापंडितं  
 क्षौमग्रामसुखासनाद्यकवरश्रीसाहितो लब्धवान् ।  
 हिंदूकाधिपमालदेवनृपतेर्मान्यो वदान्योधिकः  
 श्रीमद्योधपुरे सुरेष्टितवच्चाः पञ्चाह्यः पाठकः ॥ ४  
 तद्रुच्छामलभंडनं सुविहितश्रीचंद्रकीर्तिप्रभोः  
 शिष्यः सूरिवरः स्फुरद्युतिभरः श्रीहर्षकीर्तिः सुधीः ।  
 तेनेयं रचितात्मनिर्भितशुभश्रीधातुपाठस्य सद्-  
 वृत्तिः स्फुर्तिमियर्तुं यावदुदितः श्रीपुष्पदंतात्रिमौ ॥ ५  
 धातुपाठस्य टीकेयं नाम्ना धातुतरंगिणी  
 प्रक्षालयतु विज्ञानामज्ञानमलमांतरं ॥ ६  
 शुद्धबोधजलागाधामिमां धातुतरंगिणीम्  
 अवगाढ्य बुधाः सम्यक् कुर्वतां निर्मलां मतिम् ॥ ७

APPENDIX II.—*continued.*

इति श्रीमन्नागपुरीयतपागच्छाधिपभद्रारकश्रीहर्षकीर्तिसूरिविवरचितं स्वो-  
पहाथातुपाठविवरणं संपूर्णम् समाप्ता चेयं धातुतरंगिणीनाम्नी धातुपाठटीका॥

## N N.

*From the Subhāshitaratnasamdoha of Amitagati ;  
No. 782 of 1875-76.*

अन्ते। समारूढे पूतत्रिदशवसति विकमनृपे  
सहस्रे वर्षणां प्रमवति । हे पञ्चाशदधिके ।  
सप्तास्तं पञ्चम्यामवति धरणीं मुञ्जनृपतौ  
सिते पक्षे पौषे बुधहितमिदं शास्त्रमनघम् ।

## O O.

*From Sumatigani's Lives of Jaina Pontiffs; No. 426, Fol. 13 b.  
प. १३ ष. २ पं. १९.*

ते च श्रीजिनवल्लभगणिवाचनाचार्याः समस्तविद्यानिधीभूताः कथं  
तथाहि सर्वसिद्धांतवेदिता सूत्रतोर्धतश्च कंठस्थपाणिन्याद्यष्टव्याकरणा मे-  
घदूतादिमहाकाव्यादिसर्वकाव्यरुद्रदोद्भृदंडिवामनभामहाद्यलंकारचतुरशीति-  
नाटकसमग्रज्योतिषशास्त्रजयदेवादिनिःशेषछांदोनिग्रंथंजिनेद्वतद्यवस्थाप-  
का भयदेवानेकांतजयपताकादितर्ककंदली [ + किरणावली ] न्यायशंकरनं-  
दनकमलशीलादिपरसमयतर्कनिष्णाता अतस्तत्सौरभ्येण श्रीचित्रकूटे प्रकर्षेण  
विख्याताः संनाताः ॥

\* Another MS. has मंथ for निमंथ.

† Another MS. adds this.

## P P.

*From Sumatigani's Lives of Jaina Pontiffs; No. 426, Fol. 17 b.  
प. १७ ष. २ पं. ११.*

अद्यापि येषां भगवतामवदातचरितनिधीनां श्रीमहकोटसपर्वप्राप्ते-  
कृतनिवासपरिइलितसमस्तागमानां समग्रगच्छादत्सूक्ष्मार्थसिद्धांतविचारसार-  
षडशीतिसार्द्धशतकाख्यकर्मग्रंथपिंडविशुद्धिपौषधविधिप्रतिकमणसामाचारी-

## APPENDIX II.—continued.

संघपट्टकधर्मशिक्षाद्वादशकुलकरणप्रभोत्तरशतकशृंगारशतकनानाप्रका०  
रविचित्रचित्रकाब्यसारस्वतशतसंख्यस्तुतिस्तोत्रादिरूपकीर्तिपताका० सकलं  
महीमंडलं मंडयंती विद्वज्जनमनांसि प्रमेदयति

Q. Q.

*From the Rāmacharitra of Devavijayagāṇī; No. 452, Fol. 155 a.*

रामचरित्रम्

प. १९९ ष. १ प. ७.

इति श्रीमत्तपागष्ठे भद्रारकश्रीहीरविनयसूरिराज्ये आचार्यश्रीविजय-  
सेनसूरियौवराज्ये पं०श्रीदेवविजयगणिविरचिते गद्यबंधे श्रीरामचरित्रै  
श्रीरामनिर्बाणगमनो नाम दशामः सर्गः ॥ १० ॥ समाप्तं चेदं रामायणम्।  
श्रीः इदं रामायणं प्रायेण श्रीहेमाचार्यकृतरामायणं उपजीव्य मया कृत-  
मिति संस्कृतभाष्यैव लिखितं । सत्यपि प्राकृतपदाबंधचरित्रे तथा सत्यपि  
संस्कृतपदाबंधचरित्रे मया आत्मविनोदार्थं कर्मक्षयार्थं च गद्यबंधेन कृतमिति॥  
स्वस्ति श्रीमत्तपागष्ठे भद्रारकप्रधानश्री ६ युगविजयदानसूरीशिष्यशाचार्य-  
श्रीराजाविजयसूरिशिष्यपं०श्रीदेवविजयगणीभिविरचितं समाप्तं चेदं  
श्रीरामायणं ॥ संवत् १६९२ वर्षे आधिनमासे कृष्णपक्षे दशम्यां तिथौ  
गुद्धुष्ययोगे श्रीमत्महस्थल्यां ज्येष्ठस्थित्यां स्थितेन पं०श्रीदेवविज-  
येन श्रीमालपुरनगरे श्रीपदकब्बरराज्ये विरचितं श्रीरामायणं ।



